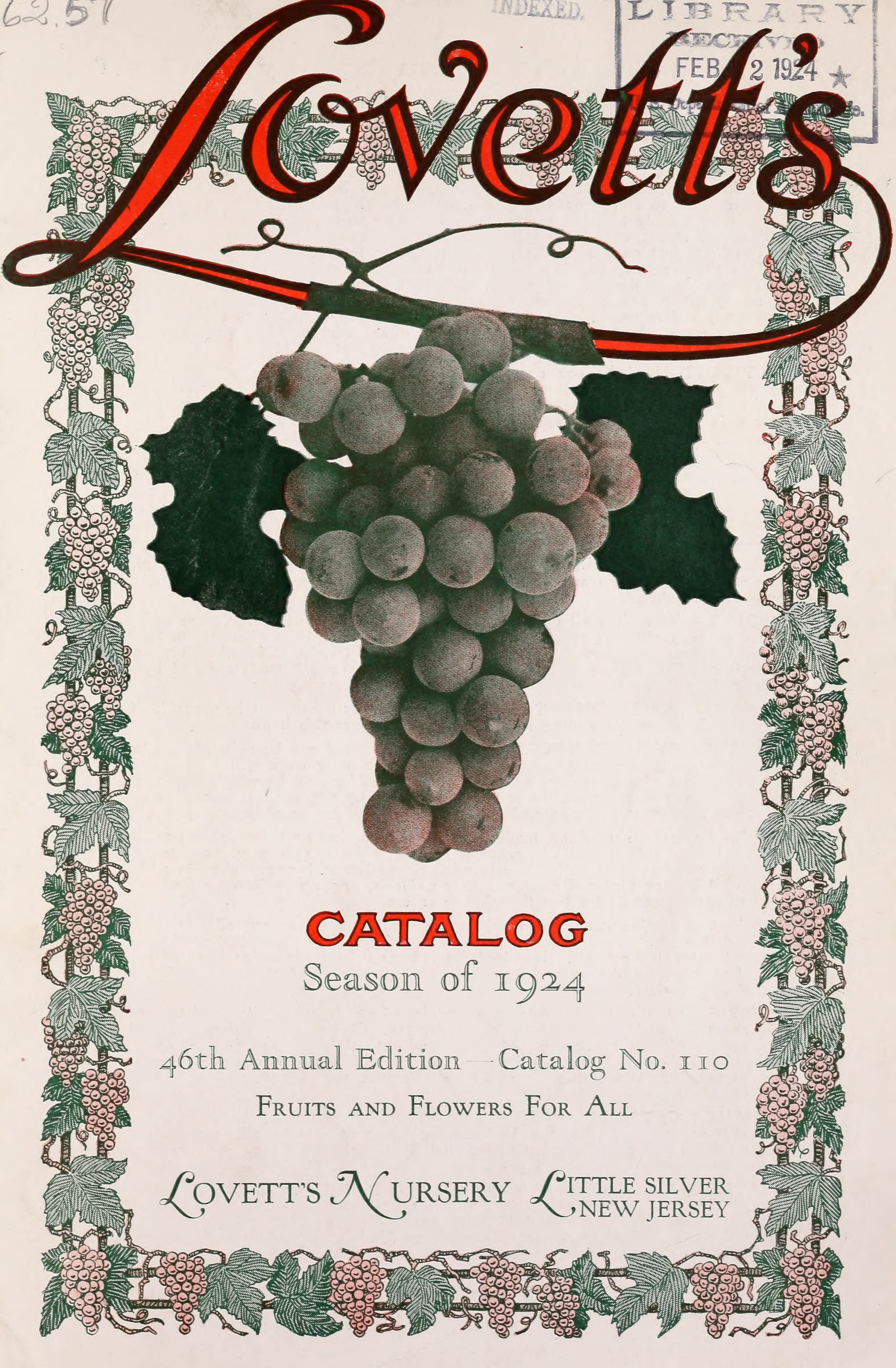
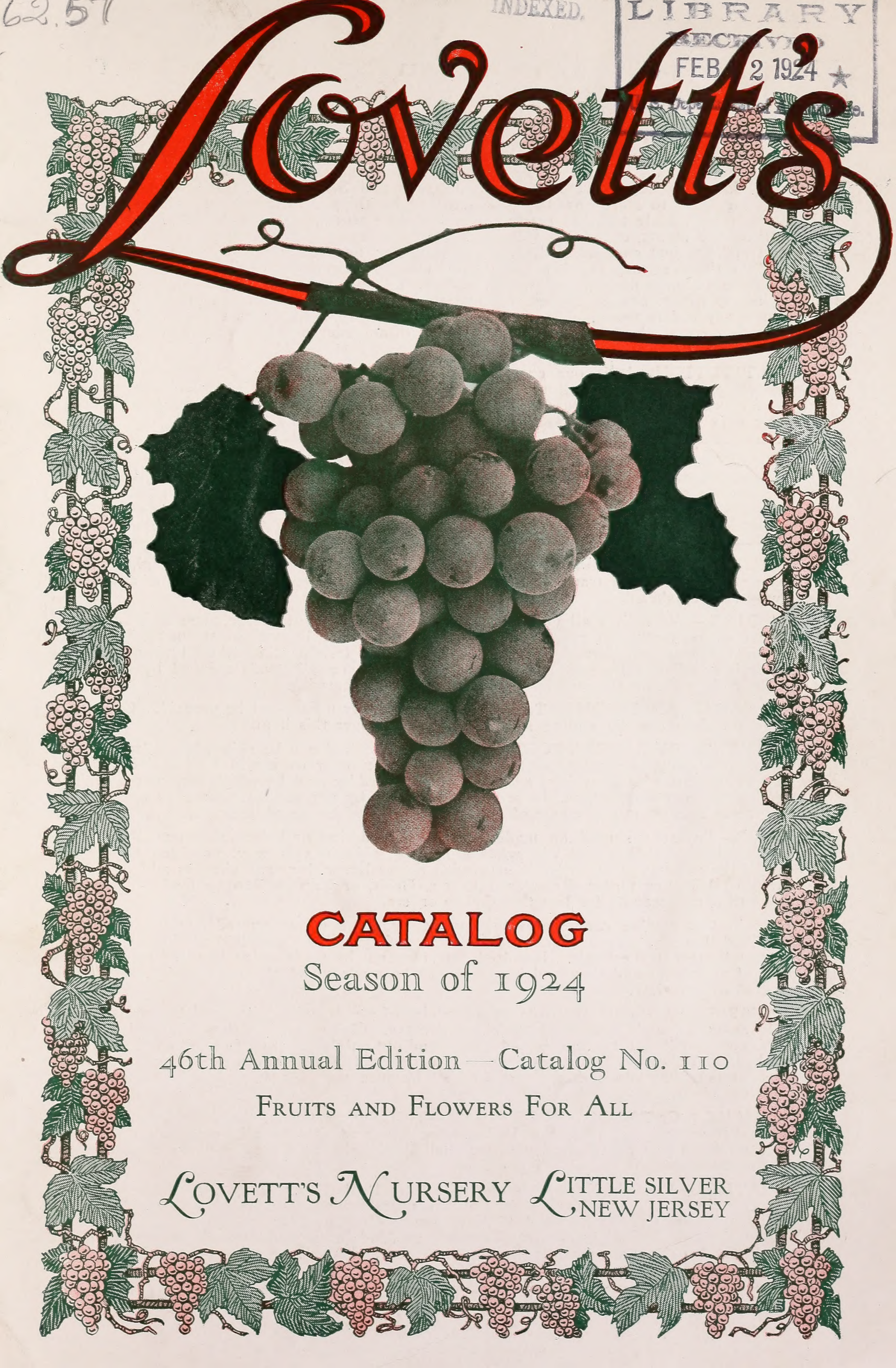


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scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



CATALOG
Season of 1924

46th Annual Edition — Catalog No. 110
FRUITS AND FLOWERS FOR ALL

LOVETT'S NURSERY LITTLE SILVER
NEW JERSEY

INDEXED,

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FEB 2 1924

Please Help Us To Serve You Right By Reading This Page With Care!

HOW TO ORDER.—Order early. Small favors thankfully received always, but we cannot undertake to fill an order of less amount than one dollar, as the cost of recording and filling it would exceed the small profit of same. Kindly use Order Sheet, and be sure to write your name and address plainly. Give Post Office, County and State—and do this every time you write. Be particular to state how the goods are to be shipped; whether by mail, express or freight, and state plainly to what point goods are to be sent. Keep a correct copy of the order and check off the plants, etc., when they arrive. People sometimes forget what they have ordered and make unjust complaint. Ladies will oblige us by prefixing their names with “Miss” or “Mrs.,” as the case may be. We will do our utmost to comply with the wishes of patrons to pack additions to an order, or subsequent orders, in one package, or to make reasonable changes in any order, but we cannot promise to do so. During the rush of the shipping season, when many orders are received and dispatched in a day, it would, in some cases, be almost impossible to comply. No change or countermand of an order may be considered final without our written consent.

SUBSTITUTION.—It is our custom, should the supply of a variety become exhausted (which occasionally occurs in all nurseries), to substitute in its stead a similar sort, properly labeled, of course. When it is desired that we shall not do this, it must be so stated in the order. To simply affix the words “No Substitution” is all that is necessary.

GUARANTEE.—We warrant our stock true to name, with the explicit understanding that should any prove untrue, we will return the money paid or replace it with other stock; but we are not liable for damage beyond this. A sure indication of the purity of our stock is the fact that customers of former years continue to deal with us. **Certificate of inspection is attached to each shipment.**

PACKING is executed with the utmost care. Special pains are taken to pack lightly, thereby reducing the expense of transportation to a minimum. All goods at prices quoted are packed free. Everything is labeled.

SHIPPING.—We deliver all goods to forwarders here without charge, after which our control ceases; consequently our responsibility also. We particularly caution patrons against ordering Perennial Plants and Strawberry Plants shipped by freight; they should always go by express, or in small lots by mail. Transportation charges on all goods shipped by freight or express are to be paid by the purchaser, unless arranged otherwise.

ALL CANADIAN SHIPMENTS, either by express or mail, **must be prepaid.** Customers will oblige us, therefore, by adding sufficient funds to cover this item.

SHIPMENTS BY PARCEL POST.—Many plants offered can be shipped to advantage by parcel post; especially to nearby points. On inside back cover page will be found a table of rates and of weights of such things as may be forwarded by mail, by which patrons are enabled to determine the cost for postage. In ordering shipment by parcel post, **please do not omit** to send the proper amount to cover cost of stamps, together with cost of insurance.

TERMS.—Payment should be made at time of ordering or before shipment. We prefer to make no shipment **C.O.D.**, but will, when requested, ship in this way, provided twenty-five per cent. of the amount of an order is sent with the order, with return charges added. Kindly remit by Postal Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft, or Express Money Order. **Please do not ask us to open accounts for less than \$10.00 orders.**

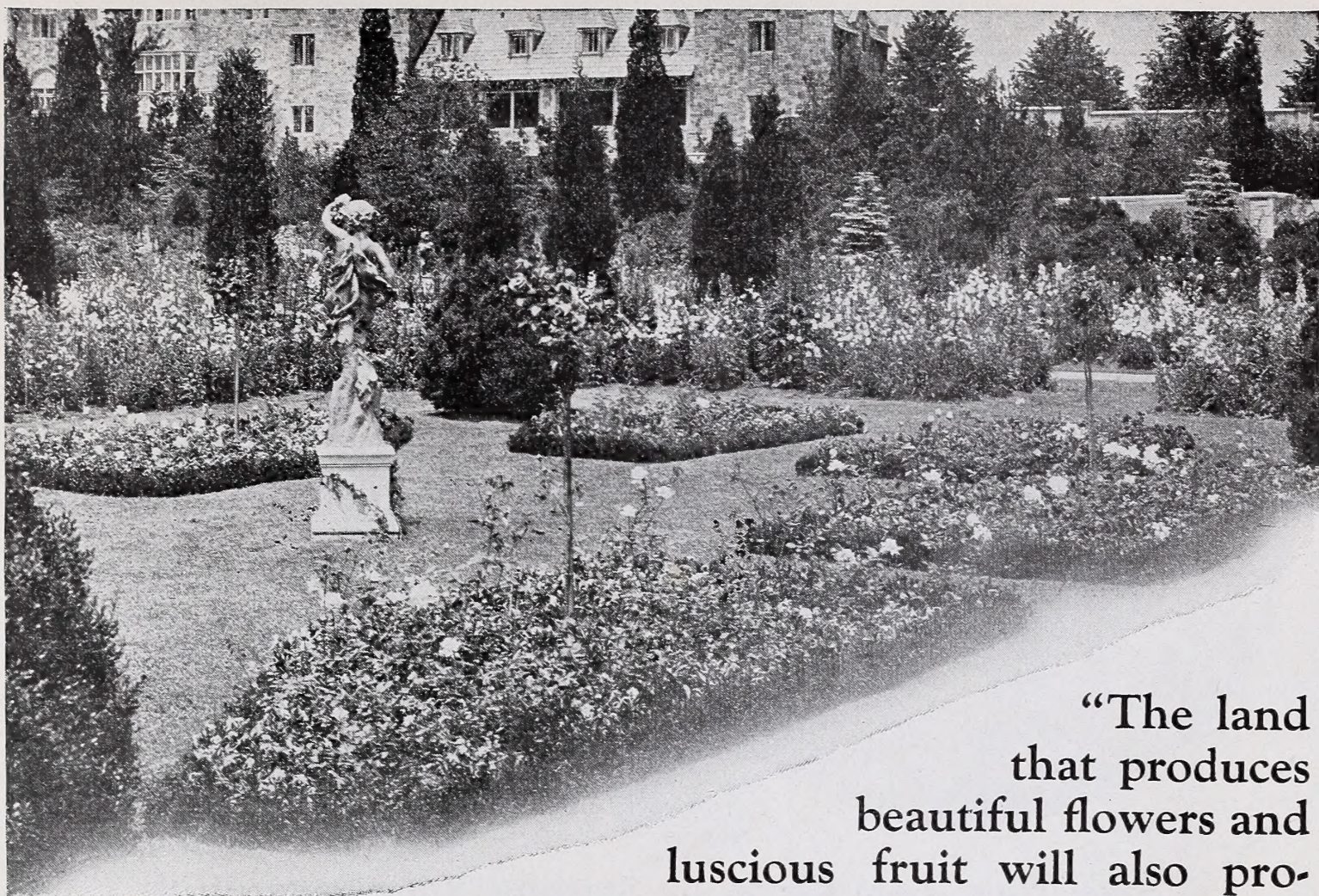
Prices in this catalog cancel previous quotations. The prices quoted are for the quantities specified, but six, fifty or five hundred of a variety will be supplied at dozen, hundred, and thousand rates respectively. Hundred lots may not be made up at hundred rates of less than fifty of a variety; and thousand lots may not be made up at thousand rates of less than five hundred of a variety.

CLAIMS, if any, should be made upon receipt of goods, when they will be carefully and cheerfully examined and, if just, all made satisfactory. Claims made after fifteen days from receipt of goods will not be entertained. We send out only good stock in good condition, carefully packed, in all cases; but success or failure depends in so large a degree upon the care and management after received, that we do not, because we cannot, undertake to guarantee stock to live.

WE ISSUE 3 CATALOGS EACH YEAR.—This Spring Guide, the Midsummer List of Pot-grown Strawberry Plants and a Fall catalog are sent free to all customers on record. If service rendered you has pleased you, we shall be delighted to have you say a good word about it to others.

LOCATION.—Lovett's Nursery is one mile from Little Silver Depot, two miles from Red Bank, forty miles from New York City and five miles from Long Branch. To reach it from New York, take the Central Railroad of New Jersey (foot of Liberty Street or 23rd Street) or the Pennsylvania Railroad (Hudson Terminal or 32nd Street and Seventh Avenue). From Philadelphia, take the Pennsylvania Railroad (Broad and Market Streets) or the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad (Bound Brook Route).

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH, Little Silver, N.J. **POSTAL TELEGRAPH**, Red Bank, N.J. **LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE**, No. 1475, Red Bank, N.J.



“The land
that produces
beautiful flowers and
luscious fruit will also pro-
duce noble men and women.”

ARISTOTLE was one of the wisest men of ancient Greece. In the statement quoted above he voices the fundamental truth that a nation which takes gardening seriously is headed toward great accomplishments. Throughout the ages, wherever gardening and fruit growing have been practised, there have arisen civilizations far outlasting those founded on conquest. And we, here in America, can contribute much to world progress by making and cultivating more gardens and *still more gardens!*

When comparing present-day garden-making opportunities with those of fifty, yes, of twenty-five years ago, we cannot help being impressed with the progress made. To-day, throughout this land of ours, earnest men and women have developed into specialists in the providing of plant material for greater gardens. It is with pardonable pride, perhaps, that this nursery looks back upon almost half a century of progressive service to America. From the very start, the founder of this business specialized in Small Fruits; and “Lovett’s for Small Fruits” has become a slogan esteemed for a service that covers a continent.

As the years rolled by, this service broadened. We are now recognized headquarters for Small Fruits of all quality kinds, Roses (especially climbers), hardy Perennials, Hedge Plants, etc. We request the privilege of serving those who desire a superior plant product, delivered through service above the ordinary.

LOVETT’S NURSERY

LITTLE SILVER, NEW JERSEY

The Choicest STRAWBERRIES and How to Grow Them



All varieties of Strawberries give the greatest yield and the largest berries, when grown in rich soil; hence, no pains should be spared in preparing the bed carefully before planting, by digging or plowing deeply and turning under a liberal supply of well-rotted manure. Pulverize the surface soil thoroughly with harrow or rake and, if a top dressing of ground bone is applied, it will be found a great benefit at fruiting time.

For hill culture in the family garden, plant in rows two feet apart and the plants a foot apart in the rows, cutting off all runners as they appear. If to be allowed to grow in matted rows, set the plants in rows three feet apart and the plants one foot apart in the rows.

For field culture, to be cultivated with horse and hoe harrow, plant in rows three and a half feet apart and the plants one foot apart in the rows, requiring 12,445 plants per acre.

All the varieties offered have perfect flowers, hence do not need the association of any other variety in order to be fruitful.

Save Time, Gain Crops, by Starting Your Patch With POT-GROWN Strawberry Plants

Pot-grown plants of the type we supply, as illustrated on opposite page, practically save a year's time. Lovett's Pot-grown Strawberry Plants are vigorous young specimens grown in pots, and shipped with earth about the well-developed roots. Such plants will take hold at once, make a thrifty growth and bear a liberal crop of nice berries the first season, which, of course, cannot be expected from ordinary field-grown plants.

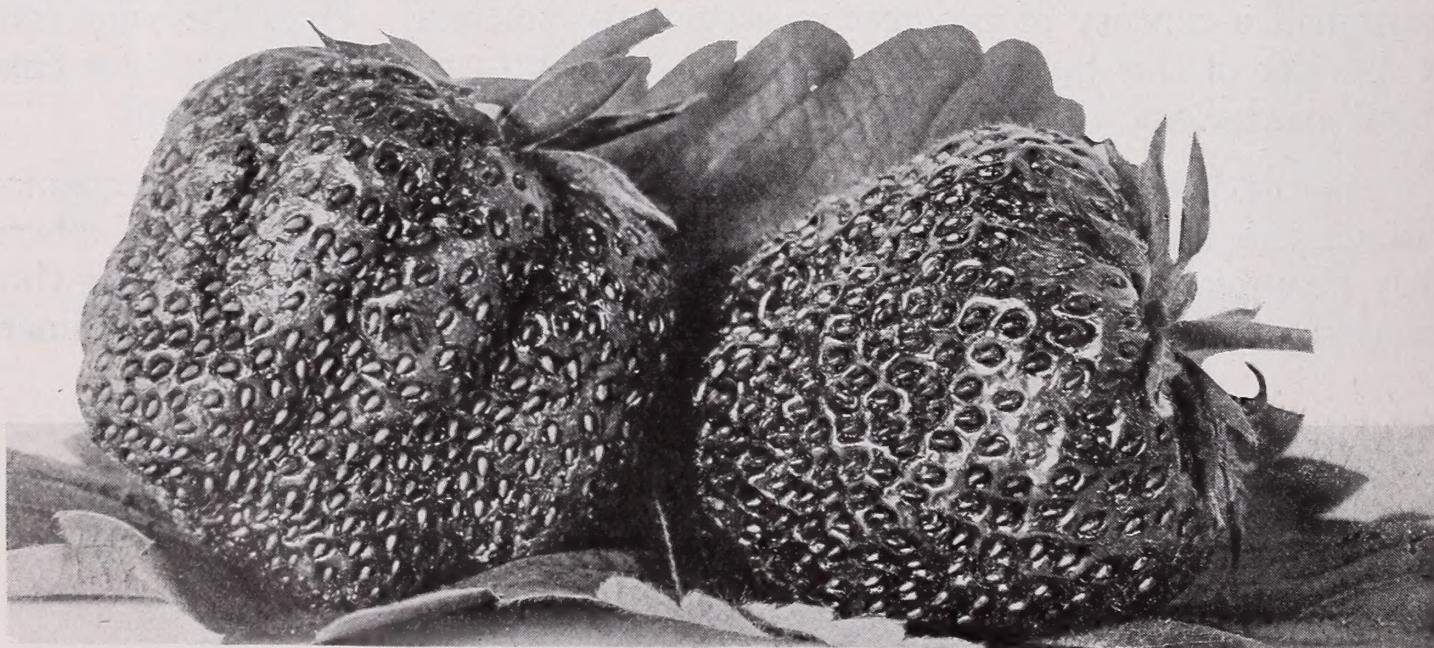
Many gardeners, both professional and amateur, now use pot-grown plants almost exclusively, because they stand as a guarantee against the loss of the plant, besides eliminating the necessity of waiting for the crop. Of course, the crop the first season is never so heavy as it will be during subsequent seasons.

Our stock of pot-grown strawberry plants was never better and we again offer that kind

of a plant product that has made the name "Lovett" a by-word for quality in Small Fruits.

We are Well Prepared to fill your orders. Here, at Little Silver, we grow each year approximately half a million pot-grown plants and rare, indeed, are the instances in which these plants do not measure up to the highest expectations and produce complete satisfaction. Not only have we learned how to grow them well, but we also know how to pack them in such a way that they will reach their destination in perfect shape. We have shipped to the Pacific Coast to the thorough satisfaction of those who had faith enough to order them from us.

Special quotations to those interested in exceptional quantities. **Varieties that can be supplied in pot-grown plants are named at the head of the different classes.**



The EVERBEARING Strawberries and Their Advantages

The Everbearing varieties of Strawberries, frequently termed "Fall-bearing," have decided merit. Fortunately, practically all of them are excellent in quality and give a heavy crop of fruit in June as well as a good crop in late summer and autumn.

In order to be assured of a heavy fall crop, it is best to remove, as they appear, all blossoms until the first or middle of July. Aside from removing the blossoms by hand picking, the culture of these autumn-bearing varieties is the same as of other Strawberries, as set forth on page 2.

Upon moist, fertile land, our plants of these Fall-bearing Strawberries give sweet, ripe berries the same season they are planted. This holds **particularly** true of the pot-grown plants offered above. We advise "hill culture" (done by clipping off all the runners soon after they appear, thus restricting the growth to the parent plants) for best results with these varieties.

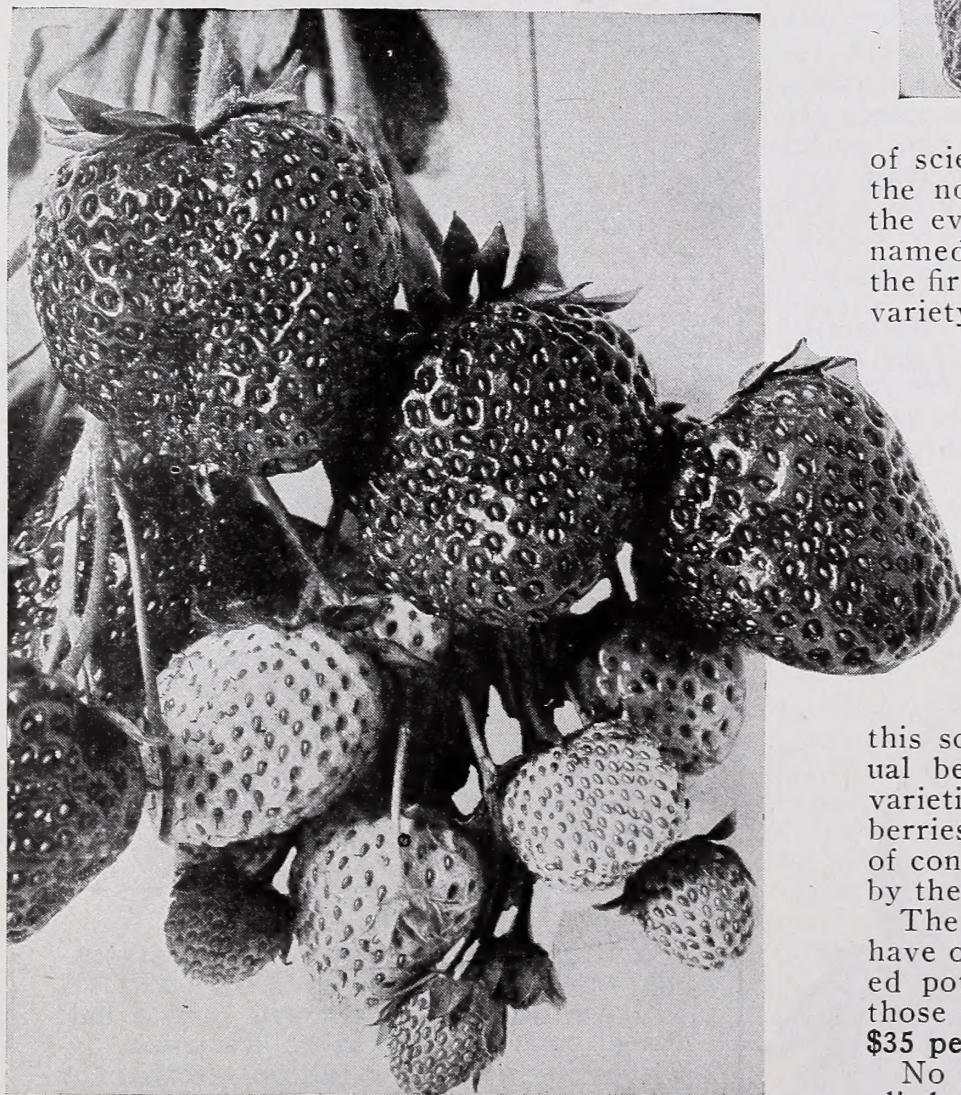
A Rare "Find"—The Perfect Berry for the Home Garden—LOVETT'S ALL SEASON

We truly believe this is the most valuable Strawberry ever offered. It was produced by Mr. J. A. Kemp, who, by means

Prices of POT-GROWN Everbearing Varieties

For parcel post rates see inside back cover

	Doz.	100
Advance	\$1.25	\$7.50
CHAMPION EVERBEARING	1.50	10.00
Forward	1.25	7.50
LOVETT'S ALL SEASON	5.00	35.00
Perfection	1.25	7.50
Never Fail	1.50	10.00
Progressive	1.25	7.50
Superb	1.25	7.50



of scientific pollenization, crossed one of the now famous Van Fleet hybrids and the everbearing variety, Progressive. We named it **Lovett's All Season** because for the first time we have a truly everbearing variety, truly **bearing** all season. It begins in June, and even if the June crop were all one could expect of this variety, it would be a most remarkable acquisition.

But June just opens its season. It bears large quantities right through the summer and fall, the fall crop being greater by far than that of any of the other everbearing varieties. We know of no other variety that will produce the crop of fruit during the hot dry summer months which this sort does, while in size, the individual berry equals the best of the June varieties. Please note two natural sized berries shown on opposite page. Its habit of continuous bearing is partly illustrated by the cluster alongside.

The supply is limited as yet, but we have on hand several thousand well rooted pot-grown plants which we offer to those wanting the best at **\$5 per dozen, \$35 per hundred.**

No less than a half dozen will be supplied on any one order, since no correct judgment can be formed of the performance with a smaller number of plants.

ILLUSTRATING THE EVER-BEARING HABIT OF LOVETT'S ALL SEASON



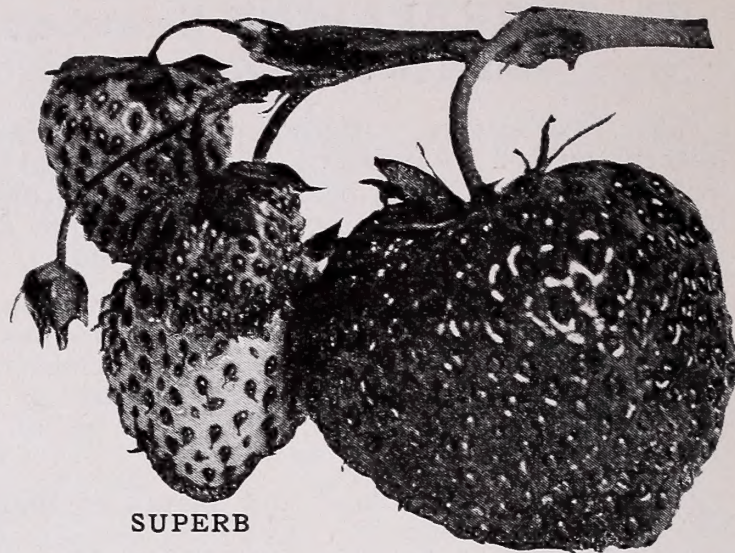
NEVER FAIL

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES, Cont'd

For **Sure Results**, get **POT-GROWN** Plants, as offered at top of page 3. Prices quoted on this page are for **LAYER** Plants.

ADVANCE.—Compared with the other varieties, Advance most resembles the Superb, but produces larger berries, and the plants are better growers and more prolific. The berries are deep crimson, nearly round, of good size, quite uniform in size and shape, of firm, meaty texture, and of good quality. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$3.50.

CHAMPION EVERBEARING.—Apparently a seedling of Superb, and like it in many respects, though it is much more productive and the fruit is larger. With us, this past season it "behaved" much better than "Lucky Boy," which



SUPERB

we have dropped because of better varieties becoming available. Though going through one of the most trying seasons last year, long periods of drought making life a trial for all Strawberries, Champion Everbearing came through with flying colors. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$3.50.

FORWARD.—A truly Fall-bearing variety, for it is more prolific during the autumn than are most other varieties. The bright colored berries are of excellent quality, being firm, sweet, rich, with true strawberry flavor. The plants, too, are very vigorous growers and quite prolific. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$3.50.

NEVER FAIL.—An everbearing variety, produced by pollenizing the June-bearing variety, Bubach, with the everbearing sort, Superb. It is claimed by the originator that "the plants of Never Fail are as vigorous and make as many new runners to the plant as Superb and it is three times as productive of fruit as Superb." Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$3.50.

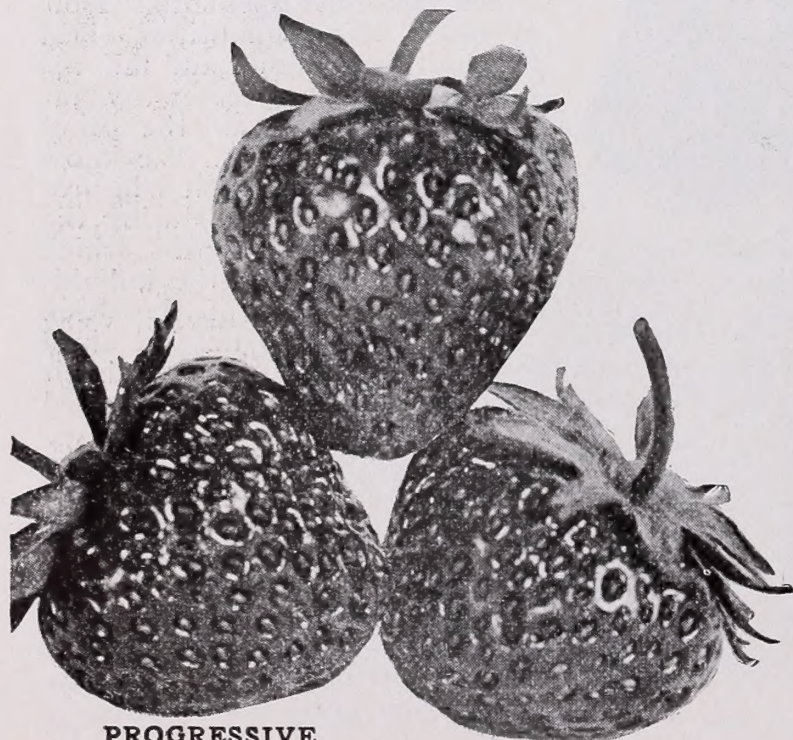
PERFECTION (Kellogg's).—Perfection is strong, hardy and vigorous in plant growth, roots deeply and resists drought to a remarkable degree. It is unusually productive of uniformly large, well-formed berries of rich red color, delicate flavor and high quality. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$3.50.

PROGRESSIVE.—The finest of the Rock-hill varieties. The plants are of vigorous habit, with large, clean leaves, and they multiply better than many of the fall-bearing varieties do and yield profusely. The berries are so smooth and uniform in size and shape they have the appearance of having been made in a mould, are deep crimson, glossy and of good quality. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.50; 1,000, \$20.00.

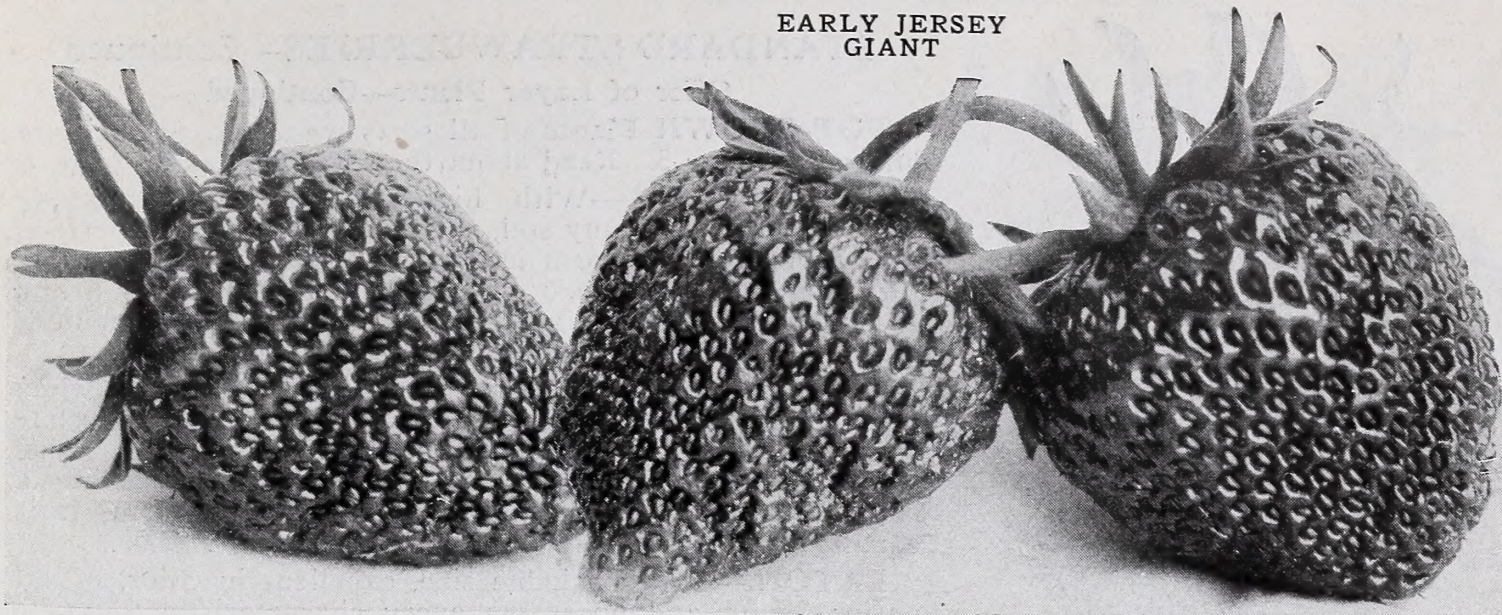
SUPERB.—The best known and most largely planted of the Fall-bearing varieties. The berries are nearly round and are larger than those of the Progressive. They are smooth, dark crimson, glossy, and of sweet, mild flavor. The plants grow well, with clean, dark-green leaves. It yields so heavily and the berries are so fine it is a profitable variety to grow for its June crop alone, and is one of the most prolific and best croppers in autumn. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.50; 1,000, \$20.00.

SPECIAL OFFER

With a view to encourage the planting and testing of **EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES**, we will send a half dozen each of the seven varieties described in this catalog (all pot-grown) for \$4.50, or a dozen of each for \$8.50. This offer does not include Lovett's All Season.



PROGRESSIVE

EARLY JERSEY
GIANT

The Van Fleet Hybrid Strawberries

No other strawberries have had such wide and thorough endorsement by horticulturists as have these Hybrids, produced by Dr. Walter Van Fleet, the world's greatest hybridizer. These varieties are most vigorous and sturdy in plant growth, are exceedingly prolific of very large, exquisitely beautiful berries, and what is best of all, **excel in high quality**, rivaling in aroma the native wild Strawberry.

EARLY JERSEY GIANT.—Not only is this the earliest fruiting variety of which we have any knowledge, but it also produces the finest, largest berries of any early sort. It is of simply superb flavor and the berries are not only large but of beautiful color. The plants are strong growers; the blossoms are "perfect." Layers, dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$15.00.

Pot-grown Plants, dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$7.50.

EDMUND WILSON.—Fruits are of great size and most excellent quality. As it is very dark in color (almost maroon), it is not a good variety to grow for market; but if high quality is the first consideration, you'll find it here par excellence. Exceptionally sturdy grower, many plants often standing twelve inches and more in height and bearing fruit that actually approaches in size small apples or oranges. Ripens in midseason. Layer plants, dozen, \$1.00.

Pot-grown Plants, dozen, \$2.00.

Due to extraordinary demands last season, our stock of the variety John H. Cook has become so depleted that we have to withdraw it from sale until another season.

STANDARD VARIETIES OF STRAWBERRIES

Varieties available in Pot-grown Plants, for quick and big results:

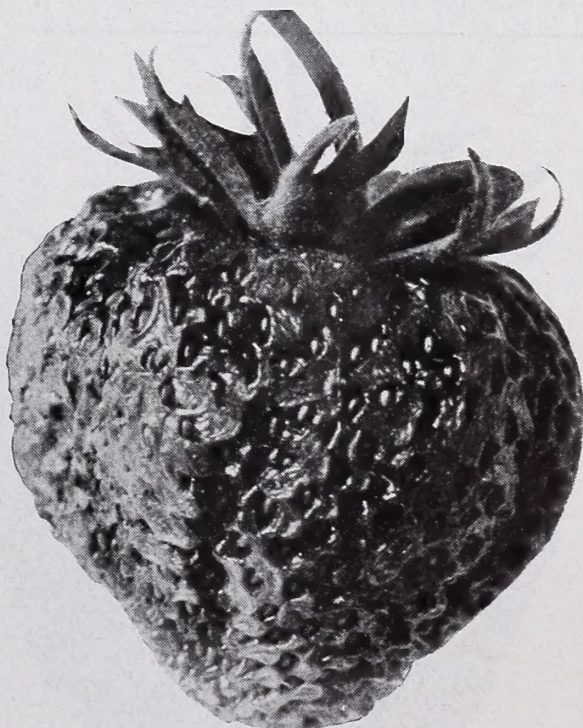
	Doz.	100		Doz.	100
Brandywine	\$1.00	\$6.00	New York	\$1.00	\$6.00
California	1.25	7.50	Nick Ohmer	1.00	6.00
Chesapeake	1.25	7.50	Premier	1.00	6.00
Collins	1.25	7.50	Senator Dunlap	1.00	6.00
Eaton	1.25	7.50	Sharpless	1.00	6.00
Gandy	1.00	6.00	Stevens Late Champion	1.00	6.00
Glen Mary	1.00	6.00	Success	1.00	6.00
Howard No. 17	1.00	6.00	William Belt	1.00	6.00
Hundred Dollar	1.00	6.00			
Joe	1.00	6.00			
Judith	1.25	7.50			
Lupton	1.00	6.00			
Marshall	1.00	6.00			
McKinley	1.00	6.00			

The following varieties, at prices quoted, are offered as Layer plants:

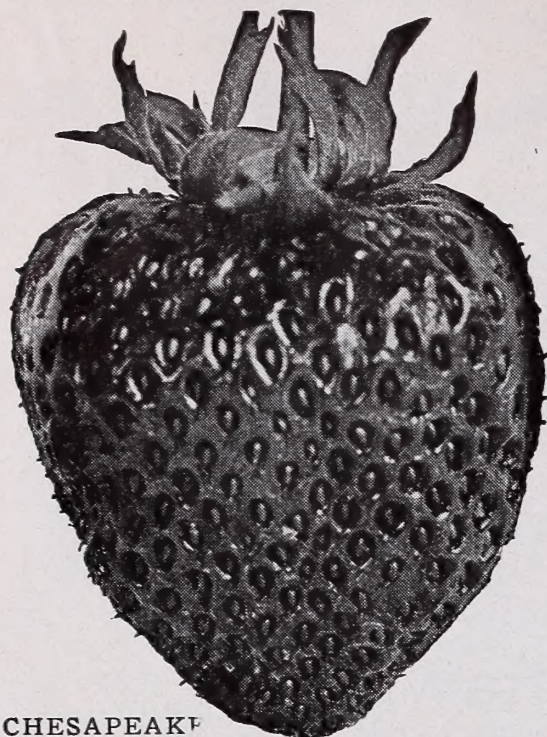
BRANDYWINE.—The plants produce vast quantities of uniformly large, bright crimson berries that are not only firm enough for shipment, but of good quality as well. Demands rich soil. Midseason. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

CALIFORNIA.—A heavy producer of large berries of the finest flavor and aroma. The plants are very hardy, free from all diseases; altogether, considered by the originator the culmination of his thirty-five years of effort in producing finer varieties through hybridizing. Dozen, \$1.25.

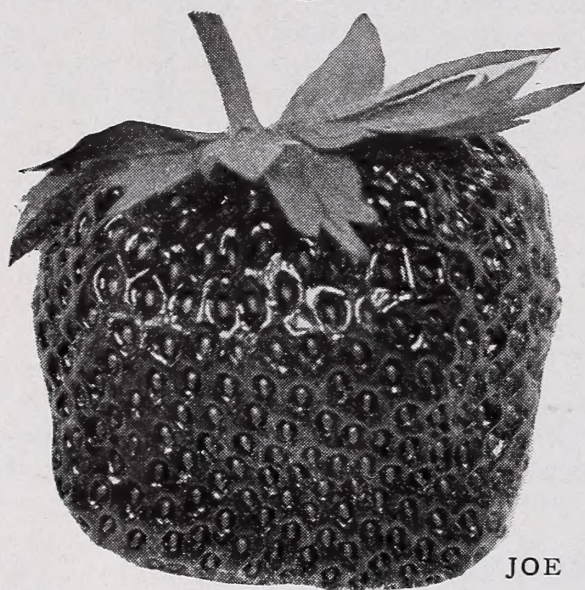
CAMPBELL'S EARLY.—An extra early variety grown very extensively in the southern part of New Jersey. The berries, which are uniform in size and shape throughout the season, are bluntly conical, firm, for an early variety, and bright flame crimson in color. Plant, a strong robust grower and very prolific. Highly commended by our State Horticultural Society. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.



EATON



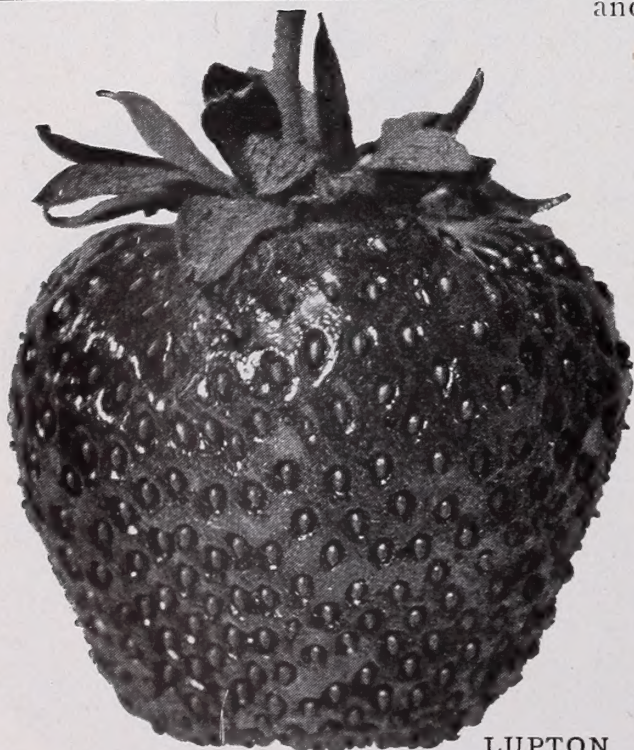
CHESAPEAKE



JOE

LOVETT'S for Small Fruits!

For nearly half a century we have served America with a truly worth-while product in berry plants. Thousands of satisfied customers continue to appreciate the service we render. We are eager to serve you as well.



LUPTON

STANDARD STRAWBERRIES—Continued**Offer of Layer Plants—Continued**

POT-GROWN Plants of all sorts we grow, as such are offered on page 5. Read about their advantages on page 2.

CHESAPEAKE.—With high culture, and especially when upon good loamy soil, this berry is well-nigh perfect. The berries are uniform in size and shape, the prevailing form being heart-shaped; the color is bright crimson and the flesh firm and of excellent quality. Ripens from mid-season to late. Dozen, 65c.; 100, \$1.75; 1,000, \$12.00.

COLLINS.—A long season berry that is at its best when most midsummer varieties stop bearing and before the late varieties reach the height of their bearing season. This proves a wonderful acquisition to the man who desires a constant supply of high-class berries. Being firm, it is equally useful as a shipper. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00.

EATON.—Of remarkable size, excellent in color, of superior flavor, and possesses every characteristic to make it one of the really worth-while Strawberries introduced of late. It yields large berries in greatest profusion and their dark red color easily makes them one of the most desirable for canning. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00.

GANDY.—Introduced by us over thirty years ago and still grown commercially to a greater extent than probably any other sort. The texture is of the firmest, and the color a bright flame. Although the berries are large to very large, the flavor is very acid and not of the highest quality. It is late to very late in ripening. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

GLEN MARY.—An old variety that still retains its popularity, especially through the Middle Atlantic and New England States, where it does best. Because of its superb quality and tremendous productivity it is, without doubt, one of the most satisfactory varieties to grow. Should be planted near some good pollenizer such as Joe. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

HOWARD No. 17.—Where good soil conditions prevail, this promises to be one of the most valuable introductions of recent years. A good second early, bearing good sized berries, over a long season; an intensely strong grower, with large, beautifully colored berries of uniformly high quality. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00.

HUNDRED DOLLAR.—A very valuable midseason variety. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower and among the most prolific. It ripens in midseason; the berries, which are hardly firm enough for distant shipment, average very large indeed; the color is bright scarlet and the quality mild, sweet and luscious. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

JOE (Joe Johnson, Big Joe).—A midseason to late variety, fully up to Chesapeake in size, firmness and yield, and superior to it in flavor and color. It also succeeds in a great variety of soils. This is a berry that will not disappoint. Our stock of this variety is extra choice. Illustrated above. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

JUDITH.—The large well flavored fruit maintains its size uniformly throughout the season. The deep red berries are large, pointed in shape, and of a deep red color throughout, to the core. The berries are firm and full of juice, a combination that makes this variety ideal for both home and market garden purposes. The berries are borne in large clusters, while the bright green foliage and the strong plants cause the fruits to stand out in beautiful contrast. We can heartily indorse all recommendations of this berry. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00.

LUPTON.—Berries are large, bluntly conical, bright flame-colored, glossy and retain their color after being picked; have a large, double dark-green calyx or "burr," hence are very showy; and they are also very firm. Practically ideal in growth of plant and vigor. Dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

For prompt results, **THIS YEAR**, plant **LOVETT'S ALL SEASON** Everbearing. See pages 2-3.

STRAWBERRIES—Concluded

UNIFORM PRICES of all varieties, unless quoted otherwise: Layer Plants, dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50.

MARSHALL.—This popular old variety is highly esteemed by many, especially in the New England States and New York. The plant, of vigorous growth, with clean, healthy foliage, is inclined to be unproductive except upon fertile soil and under high culture. The beautiful large berries are of extremely high quality and meaty texture. Midseason.

McKINLEY.—Pre-eminently a variety for the home garden, being too tender in texture to endure shipment. The berries are large, handsome and freely produced on strong growing plants. Midseason.

NICK OHMER.—A splendid healthy growing variety that fruits from midseason to late. Its extra large berries are not only very attractive, but of superlative quality.

NEW YORK.—Another “quality” berry ripening in midseason. It is in many respects very much like Marshall, but appears to give better results under less exacting soil conditions than does that popular old sort.

PREMIER.—Excelled by no early variety except our own Early Jersey Giant. It succeeds on almost all sorts of soils (if well drained) and throughout a large section of the country. Produces in vast quantities berries of good size, attractive appearance and excellent quality.

SENATOR DUNLAP.—If you want to be sure of a very heavy crop of fruit, but don't care much about the size of the individual berries, this is the variety to plant. It does well on any soil except that which is so low and damp as to be really sour. Is of good quality, for a firm berry, and the berries are uniform in color and shape. Largely planted for market and found very profitable. It is a second early to midseason variety.

SHARPLESS.—A variety that fruits rather late in the season and a good old sort that still “holds its own” with the best of them. It is a good healthy grower and produces handsome large berries of fine quality.

STEVENS LATE CHAMPION.—Like its parent, Gandy, it ripens late and is similar in many respects. However, the berries are not so uniform in size and shape. Excellent for canning, since it will hold its shape and retain its flavor. It is one of the most prolific and valuable of the late varieties.

SUCCESS.—All things considered, this is one of the best early varieties, both for the home garden and nearby market. Berries slightly oblong, with blunt end, bright scarlet or flame color, quite large and uniform in size, color and shape. Plants are vigorous, healthy and very prolific.

WILLIAM BELT.—The plant is vigorous, though not a rampant grower; succeeds on almost all soils; invariably yields heavily; and the berries are always of large size and highest quality. Its flesh is solid and deep crimson in color, and the blossoms are large, with abundance of pollen. It begins to ripen quite early and continues until almost the close of the season, the last berries being large, handsome and full-flavored.



SUCCESS



STEVENS LATE CHAMPION

— Lovett's Special Home Garden Collection —

POT-GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Here is a selection of 5 sorts, bearing from very early to very late. Every one a quantity bearer of quality fruit:

- 20 Early Jersey Giant—“the earliest berry without a fault.”
- 20 Hundred Dollar—valuable early midseason.
- 20 Joe—an ideal midseason.
- 20 Lupton—very best late season.
- 20 Champion Everbearing—your fall crop.

Special: A total of 100 *pot-grown* plants, a retail catalog value of \$9.58 for only \$7.50. This is absolutely the greatest value we have ever offered.



SENATOR DUNLAP



This portrays accurately the size of individual fruit and bearing power of plant of St. Regis Raspberry

The Choicest Among RASPBERRIES

Plants will be shipped by mail, provided cash is sent for postage as per table on inside back cover.

Plant the red or upright growing varieties in rows six feet apart and the plants three feet apart in the rows, requiring 2,420 plants per acre; or four feet apart each way, if to be grown in hills. (In the garden, plant four feet apart each way and restrict to hills, permitting but three or four canes to remain in each hill.) In field culture, the cap varieties should be planted in rows seven feet apart and the plants three and a half feet apart in the rows; in garden culture, plant four feet apart each way. No order acceptable for less than 6 plants of a variety.

LATHAM—(Everbearing).—May prove to be the very best of all the everbearing sorts for certain sections. It is a splendid, strong growing variety and produces immense quantities of bright red extra large berries from June until freezing weather. Heavy fruiting age plants, dozen, \$5.00; 100, \$30.00.

WHITE QUEEN.—No stock until fall.

ST. REGIS EVERBEARING OR RANERE, undoubtedly the most dependable of all the Everbearing sorts known to date!

A unique red Raspberry, and, all things considered, the most valuable one that has appeared in the last quarter of a century. It was introduced by us in 1910 and by sheer merit has forged ahead by leaps and bounds, until it now stands at the top of the list of red varieties. The berries, though not of largest size, are bright red and of excellent quality. It ripens very early—in advance of all other red varieties.

Besides giving an immense crop in summer, it also gives an autumn crop, continuing to produce perfect berries in generous quantity until the ground freezes. Unlike most other Raspberries, it yields a moderate crop of berries the first season if planted in early spring, especially if you start with the fruiting age plants offered below.

St. Regis sends up suckers or young plants excessively, and unless these are kept down (to a single row of plants or three to four plants to the hill), with hoe or otherwise, treating the surplus ones as weeds, the crop of fruit will be small, both in quantity and size of the berries.

Selected sucker plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$3.50; 1,000, \$25.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$6.00; 1,000, \$50.00. Heavy fruiting plants, dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$15.00.



LATHAM—A Newcomer of Merit



La France, photographed end of October, ripe and green berries, besides blossoms, proofs of true everbearing characteristics

Everbearing Raspberries—Continued LA FRANCE

Another season's tests have but confirmed our high opinions of this most remarkable sort. Such berries, as are shown above, are borne in great abundance in the fall in the same or even greater abundance than throughout the summer months. La France is extremely hardy. Often reaches the height of nine feet.

The late crops (when the fruit is most highly prized) are heavier than the early ones. The fruit is borne on racemes. Branch alongside shows the remarkable combination of buds, blooms, fruit just setting, green berries, and the ripened fruit. The berries are deep pink, juicy and of delicious flavor. The fully developed fruits are about twice as large as the average, while individual drupes are two to three times as large as those of the average sort. Extra selected sucker plants, dozen, \$5.00; 100, \$40.00. Heavy transplanted plants, dozen, \$7.50; 100, \$50.00.



ERSKINE PARK

A giant in growth and size of fruit, this variety does wonders where the soil and climatic conditions are favorable. It should not be planted too far south nor on soil too light, but where the soil is a good quality of loam or clay loam and the summer heat not too great, it is really all that could be desired. As Erskine

Park is frequently lacking in pollen, it is always well to plant a few of the variety St. Regis near it. To get the best results, it is best to cut the canes of Erskine Park down to within a few inches of the ground each spring.

Selected sucker plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00; 1,000, \$40.00.



ERSKINE PARK RASPBERRIES



KEVITT'S HYBRID—One of the hardiest

RASPBERRIES—Continued

COLUMBIAN (Cap)

A giant variety that may well be described as a "purple cap" sort, quite distinct from either the red-fruited or black-cap varieties. The fruit, which is of a dull purple-crimson, is of high quality and is excellent for making jelly and jam. Canes both hardy and prolific. Succeeds everywhere, even in the South, where most varieties of red Raspberries fail. Because of its dull red color it does not usually sell well in market, but for the home garden it is one of the very best. Ripens in midseason, continuing quite late. Extra heavy tip plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

CUTHBERT.—Introduced by us in 1878. For twenty-five years it was the most largely planted of all red Raspberries and is still very popular. Berries of large size, deep crimson,

moderately firm and of high quality, being rich and spicy. Canes of strong growth, with large, healthy foliage, but not entirely hardy during severe winters. Ripens in midseason until late and succeeds everywhere, even in the South. Sucker plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

KEVITT'S HYBRID

A strong growing, large-fruited variety that appears to be perfectly hardy. It was one of the few varieties to come unharmed through the recent severe winters. Ripens here about June 15th and continues for about four weeks. It is indeed a very promising red-fruited sort. Selected sucker plants, dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00.

GOLDEN QUEEN.—Though not red, we class this with the red varieties, as it is of the same habit and requires the same culture. A sport of the Cuthbert and similar to it in all respects except color, which is a clear, translucent amber. Of luscious quality and a valuable variety for the home garden. Introduced by us in 1885, and by far the best yellow fruited variety. Sucker plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

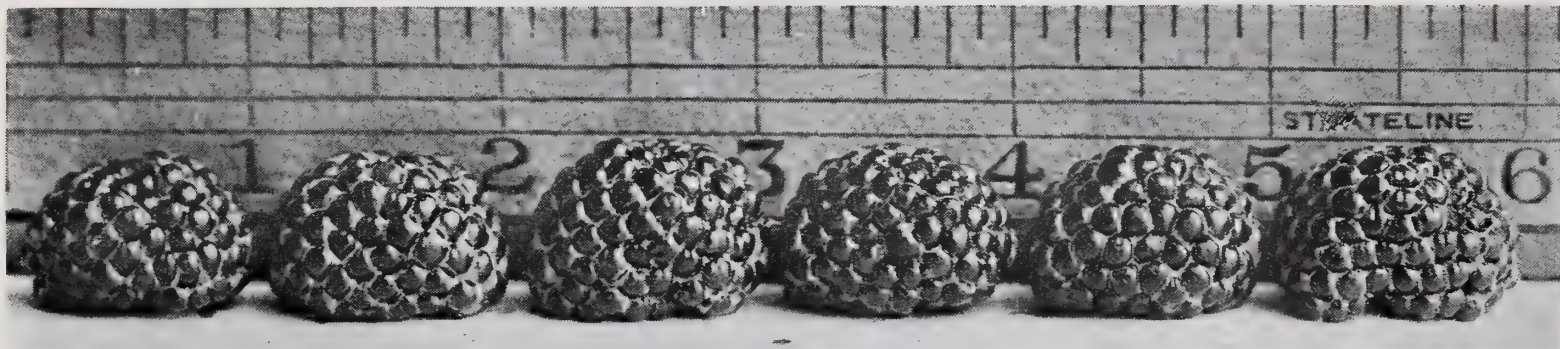
KING.—This combines earliness, bright color, firmness and excellent quality of its berries with vigorous growth, productiveness and hardiness of cane in an extraordinary degree. Its crimson berries are exceedingly bright and lively in color and so firm as to endure long shipment without change. Sucker plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

VICTORY.—An extremely hardy, most attractive red variety, of record yielding power. Has endured 30 degrees below zero without injury. Plants of strongest growth, backed up by an exceptional rootsystem that stands for great resistance against hot or dry weather. Altogether a decidedly worth-while acquisition, judged on the basis of ten years' records on the originator's grounds. Heavy transplanted plants, dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

WELCH.—So sweet and rich in flavor, this was at one time offered as "Honey Raspberry." A mid-season variety with berries of extra large size, good, bright crimson color and honey sweetness, melting and luscious; the finest in quality of any offered. It is not firm enough to ship well a long distance. Superb for the home garden. Sucker plants, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.



CUTHBERT



HONEY SWEET

BLACK RASPBERRIES

Popularly termed "Blackcap" Raspberries. The tips are propagated by layering the ends of the canes in earth, which causes them to emit roots and form "tip" plants.

CUMBERLAND.—Produces the largest berries of any Blackcap that we have ever grown and produces them freely. The berries are jet black, with very little bloom; are firm and of excellent quality; sweet and mild; ripening in midseason and continuing for two weeks. Tips, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

HONEY SWEET

Even those who ordinarily do not care for Blackcaps will surely enjoy the fruit of Honey Sweet, which is remarkably rich, sweet and luscious. Not only are the berries of superb flavor, but they are firm enough for distant shipment. They are also of attractive appearance, being jet black, without bloom, and of good size. Canes are of strong growth and of ironclad hardihood, and yield heavily. Ripens early to midseason, maturing its entire crop quickly. We consider it by far the best of all. Selected tip plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

SCARFF.—A seedling of the once popular Gregg, but in every way superior to its parent. Its fruit is almost, if not fully, as large as Cumberland, and it is produced in much

greater profusion than that variety; in fact, we consider it the most productive Blackcap in commerce. Absolutely hardy and a vigorous grower. Tips, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

KANSAS.—More largely grown than any other variety, by reason of its being so reliable and giving such fine berries. The canes are of strong growth, hardy and exceedingly prolific. It ripens earlier than the Cumberland, and the berries do not have the objectionable bloom or mouldy appearance of some varieties. Berries of large size, jet black, firm, sweet and excellent. One of the very best of the Blackcaps as a shipper. Ripens early to midseason and matures its entire crop quickly. Tips, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

PLUM FARMER.—A distinct and valuable variety. The berries are of highest quality, large size, and firm, meaty texture. They are coal black, with considerable bloom, which causes them to appear a bluish-gray. The canes are of strong habit, hardy, and prolific. Ripens quite early and matures its entire crop of berries rapidly. Tips, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

Supposing you want a Fruit Garden, 100 x 100 feet, what would or should you plant?

If this question were put up to us, we would recommend the following quantities:—4 Standard Apple; 2 Cherry; 2 Plum; 2 Pear; 6 Peach; 30 Blackberry; 30 Raspberry Everbearing; 18 Raspberry June-bearing; 18 Columbian Purple Cap; 18 Raspberry—Blackcap; 12 Grape (2 of a kind); 18 Currant, Red; 12 Gooseberry; 300 Strawberry—Midseason, Late, and Everbearing.

Or, the same question, put on a basis of "a fruit garden for a family of five"—what should it contain? Here is our recommendation:—Plant classes and varieties suggested above in such numbers as your space permits.



KANSAS

BLACKBERRIES

When requested, plants will be sent by mail, provided cash is sent for postage as per table.

In field culture, plant in rows from five to seven feet apart (according to the vigor of the variety) and three feet apart in the rows. In the garden, plant in rows five feet apart and the plants three feet apart in the rows.

Our blackberry plants are either **Root-Cutting plants** that have been grown from pieces of roots in nursery rows, or they are heavily rooted **transplanted** plants. Both are far superior to ordinary or sucker plants.

JOY BLACKBERRY

Unites superlative quality, ironclad hardiness and great productiveness

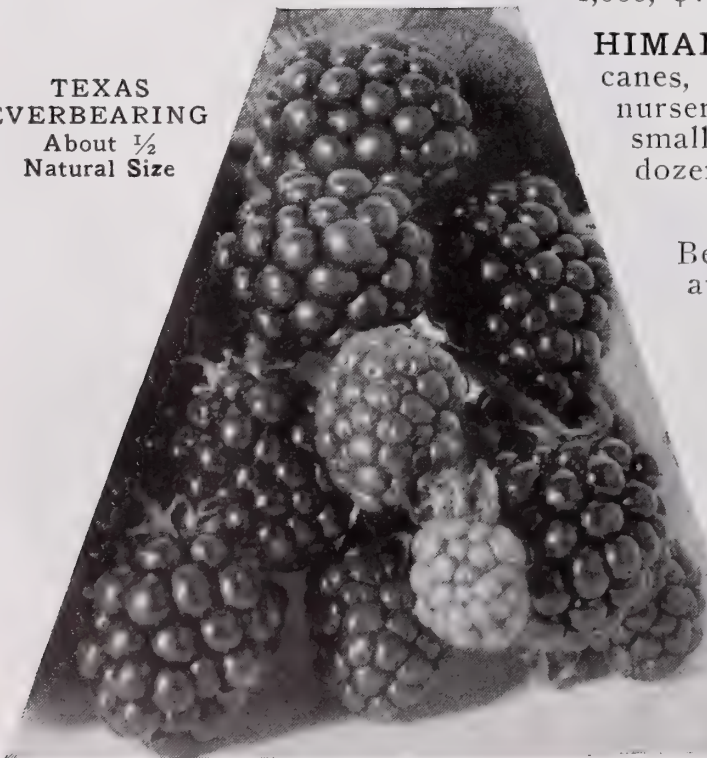
This "best of all" variety was introduced by us ten years ago and is rapidly superseding all other sorts. Joy may be briefly described as follows: Canes of stocky, vigorous habit (so stout and strong no staking is needed), with abundant large five-fingered leafage; yields very heavily each year, and all the canes are loaded with fruit. We have never known any other variety, either Blackberry or Raspberry, with such propensity to bear fruit as the Joy Blackberry.

It has endured a temperature of twenty-four degrees below zero unharmed and is apparently immune to "Orange Rust," "Double Blossom" and all other diseases of the Blackberry.

The berries are large, and almost as thick through as they are long—a characteristic of the variety—and are coal black. In rich, luscious flavor, it surpasses all other Blackberries. It ripens in midseason and is unquestionably the **best Blackberry** as yet offered, for both the home and market garden.

1,000, \$40.00.

**TEXAS
EVERBEARING**
About $\frac{1}{2}$
Natural Size



JOY BLACKBERRIES

Selected root-cutting plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50; 1,000, \$60.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00.

EARLY HARVEST.—An old variety and a favorite, especially with western and southwestern growers. The mild, sweet berries are rather small but firm and symmetrical. Ripens very early; sometimes suffers from winter injury in the North. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$4.50; 1,000, \$40.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

HIMALAYA.—Almost a climber, with extremely long canes, which grow best over stakes or an arbor. At our nurseries it has been a shy yielder and the berries are small, but of sweet, brisk flavor. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

TEXAS EVERBEARING

Bearing continuously from early August until late autumn, it is truly an everbearing sort. During its entire season its strong canes are prolific in their production of jet black, sweet, juicy berries, which are without core and often measure an inch and a half in diameter. Dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50; 1,000, \$60.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00; 1,000, \$75.00.

Which is the best among so many?

Whenever you are in doubt as to what to plant, please feel that it will be a genuine pleasure to put at your disposal the best advice we are capable of giving, on the basis of nearly half a century of experience with Small Fruits.

BLACKBERRIES

General List of Varieties

BLOWERS.—On fertile soil canes often grow to ten or twelve feet. They yield very heavily and for a long season, beginning in mid-season. The fruit is large, attractive and of superb quality. Twenty degrees below zero has not harmed it and it is a phenomenal cropper. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$6.00; 1,000, \$50.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

BUSHEL BERRY.—In growth it resembles Star or Wonder, but it appears to be somewhat more vigorous. In the southern part of this state, it is rapidly superseding Star or Wonder. Both these varieties, of course, being of long trailing growth, must necessarily be given support. Though a record of a bushel of fruit per plant may seem phenomenal, we know this variety to hold this record, on an acre patch. Transplanted, dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00.

ELDORADO.—Considered among the highest in quality of all Blackberries. Very popular, especially throughout the North and Northwest, not only on account of its quality but because of its extreme hardiness. The fruit is of medium size, jet black, mild, sweet and melting. A good, healthy, vigorous grower. Fruits early to midseason. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$4.50; 1,000, \$40.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$6.00.

ICEBERG.—Unquestionably the best white blackberry yet produced. Clusters are borne very profusely in midseason and are both sweet and tender. It is not so hardy as some of the black varieties. Should be planted near some black fruited variety for thorough pollenization, in order to yield freely. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

LA GRANGE.—A very valuable variety by reason of its large yield, early ripening, long season of fruiting, and particularly its fine size and superb quality. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$6.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

MACATAWA

Classed as an everbearing sort because of its very long season of fruiting. Fruit sweet, almost seedless and entirely coreless. A strong, upright grower, is tremendously prolific and extremely hardy. Dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50; 1,000, \$60.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00; 1,000, \$75.00.

KENOYER.—Ripens very early, with us by July 1st. It is hardy and produces berries of excellent quality, but not very large. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00; 1,000, \$45.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$6.00.

TAYLOR.—A most profitable late variety. Clean, healthy foliage, with berries of good size, and is almost sure to produce a good crop annually. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$4.50; 1,000, \$40.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$6.00.

STAR OR WONDER.—This is indeed a wonder. Imagine picking great clusters of Blackberries from canes that resemble grape vines. Over eighty quarts of berries have been picked from a single plant of this variety in one season. Should be trained to stakes or trellis or over an arbor, as grapes are grown.

Berries are of medium size, attractive appearance and rich, refreshing, luscious quality; keep in good condition for a long time and can be safely shipped almost any distance. Ripens very late. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00. Transplanted plants, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

WARD.—A grand blackberry. A descendant of the once famous Kittatinny, and the most popular variety in New Jersey at the present time. The canes are of strong growth, are hardy, and annually yield a heavy crop of large, handsome berries of first quality that always command the top price in market. It is a reliable variety and an excellent one for the home garden. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00; 1,000, \$45.00. Transplanted, dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$7.50.

MACATAWA
—Sweet, Prolific, Hardy



DEWBERRIES

Plants will be shipped by mail, provided cash is sent for postage as per table.

If to be staked, plant in rows four feet apart each way; if to be mulched, plant in rows six feet apart and the plants three feet apart in the rows.

LUCRETIA.—The standard dewberry. It ripens in advance of the earliest blackberry, and equals in size the best varieties of its near relative. Of slender, trailing habit, the vines are entirely hardy except at the far North, succeed upon all soils (even very sandy) and are exceedingly prolific. The berries are quite long, of large size, sparkling jet black, of high quality and very firm. Ships well, keeps well, sells well. Dozen, 75c.; 100, \$4.00; 1,000, \$35.00.

AUSTIN'S IMPROVED.—The earliest dewberry and the first to ripen of the blackberry family. The berries are large, nearly round and of excellent quality. Ripening in advance of Lucretia, it has proved a very profitable market variety. Dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

LOGANBERRY

The great merits of this unique fruit are now well known. The berries are of great size, equalling large blackberries, and are deep red-dish maroon in color. In flavor, they are rich and refreshing—a mingling of the raspberry and blackberry, the raspberry predominating; mellow and refined, yet distinct from either, melting and without core. The flavor is so luscious, novel and rich, the berry cannot fail to please everybody as a dessert fruit. For canning it is superior to all the other small fruits, and for jellies and jams it has no equal. What gives special value to this novel fruit is its earliness—ripening as it does at the close of the strawberry season, and in advance of all but the very earliest raspberries.

Selected tip plants, dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00; 1,000, \$175.00. Heavy transplanted plants, dozen, \$5.00; 100, \$35.00. Extra heavy, fruiting age plants, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY

A truly "everbearing" fruit, producing great quantities of most attractive sparkling crimson berries from early in July until frost. This fruit, often of great size, contrasting with the large pure white blossoms and deep green foliage, makes a dazzling sight. The fresh fruit lacks flavor, but cooked with Columbian or other Raspberries, it is delicious. Dozen, \$1.50. Extra heavy, transplanted plants, dozen, \$2.50.



DEWBERRIES—A dish for mortals fond of flavor in fruits



LOGANBERRIES—Just as they grow

WINEBERRY

Decidedly unique and valuable as an ornamental plant as well as for its beautiful fruit. It is a strong, rampant grower, the canes being thickly covered with purplish-red hairs. The berries are of bright, translucent appearance, of medium size, the color of sherry wine, sparkling with a brisk, pleasant sub-acid flavor. Canes yield enormously for a long season. Excellent as a dessert fruit, but especially valuable for canning and for making a delicious wine. Heavy transplanted plants, dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.



WINEBERRIES—A delight to eye and palate alike

Grow More Grapes, and Still More Grapes—and Start with Lovett's Fruiting Age Vines

These fruiting age vines are produced by three years' cultivation, pruning and judicious handling. They are heavily rooted, strongly caned specimen plants, some of which have borne small clusters this past year in the nursery row. Such plants as these can hardly help growing and bearing fruit for you, for anybody.



LOVETT'S CACO GRAPE

Another season's observation of the behavior of this remarkable variety has but added to the high regard which we had for the many fine characteristics of Caco. It is literally "making good" in all soils and sections, so that we can confidently recommend it on the basis of records performed.

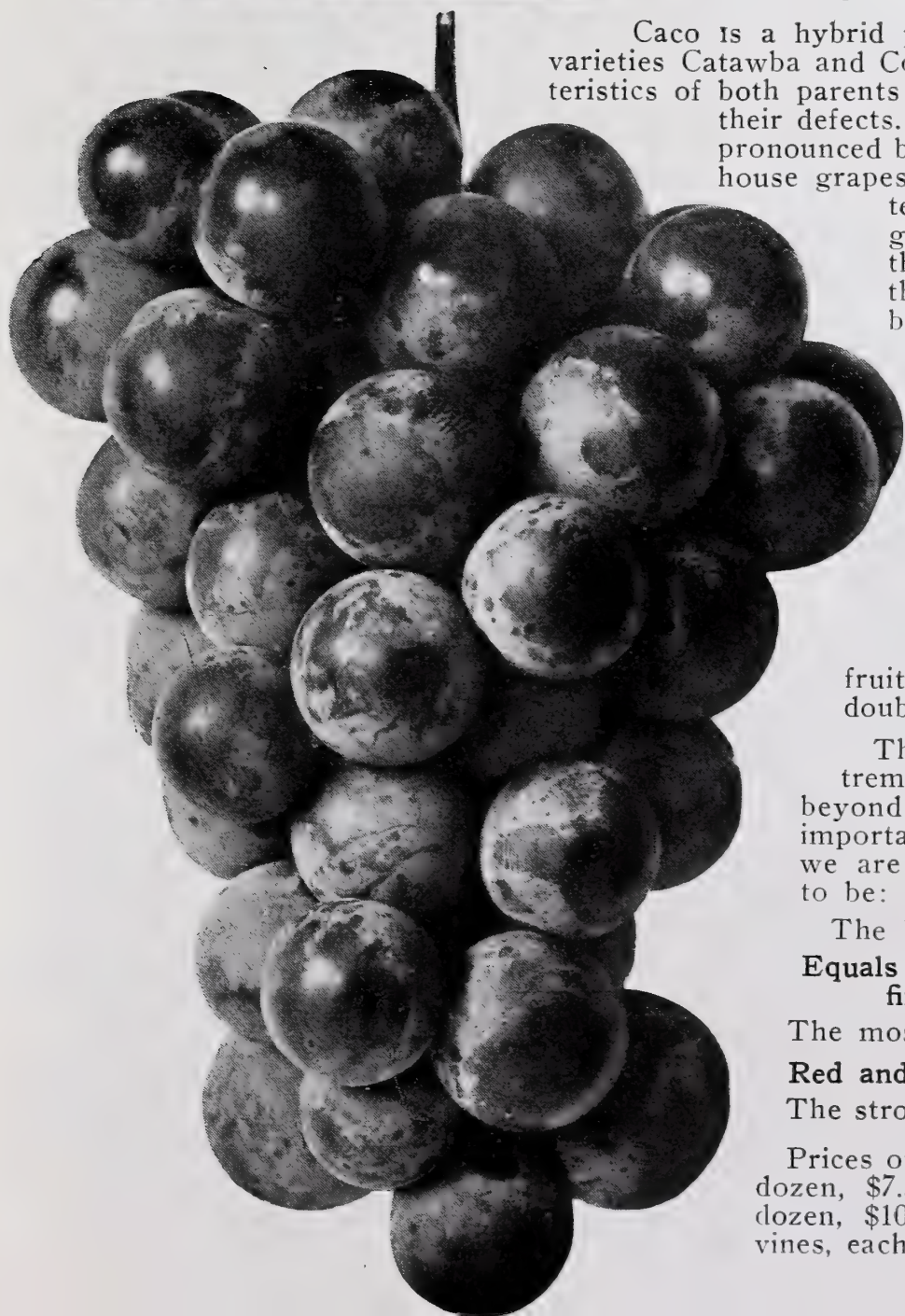
Caco is a hybrid produced by hand pollenization of the varieties Catawba and Concord. It inherits the valuable characteristics of both parents in a remarkable degree, minus any of their defects. A perfectly hardy grape that has been pronounced by America's most expert grower of hot-house grapes to equal, in high quality and melting texture, the finest varieties grown under glass. When one considers the price of the greenhouse product, and realizes that the wonderful Caco can be grown in the backyard almost without attention, the force of the above statement is apparent.

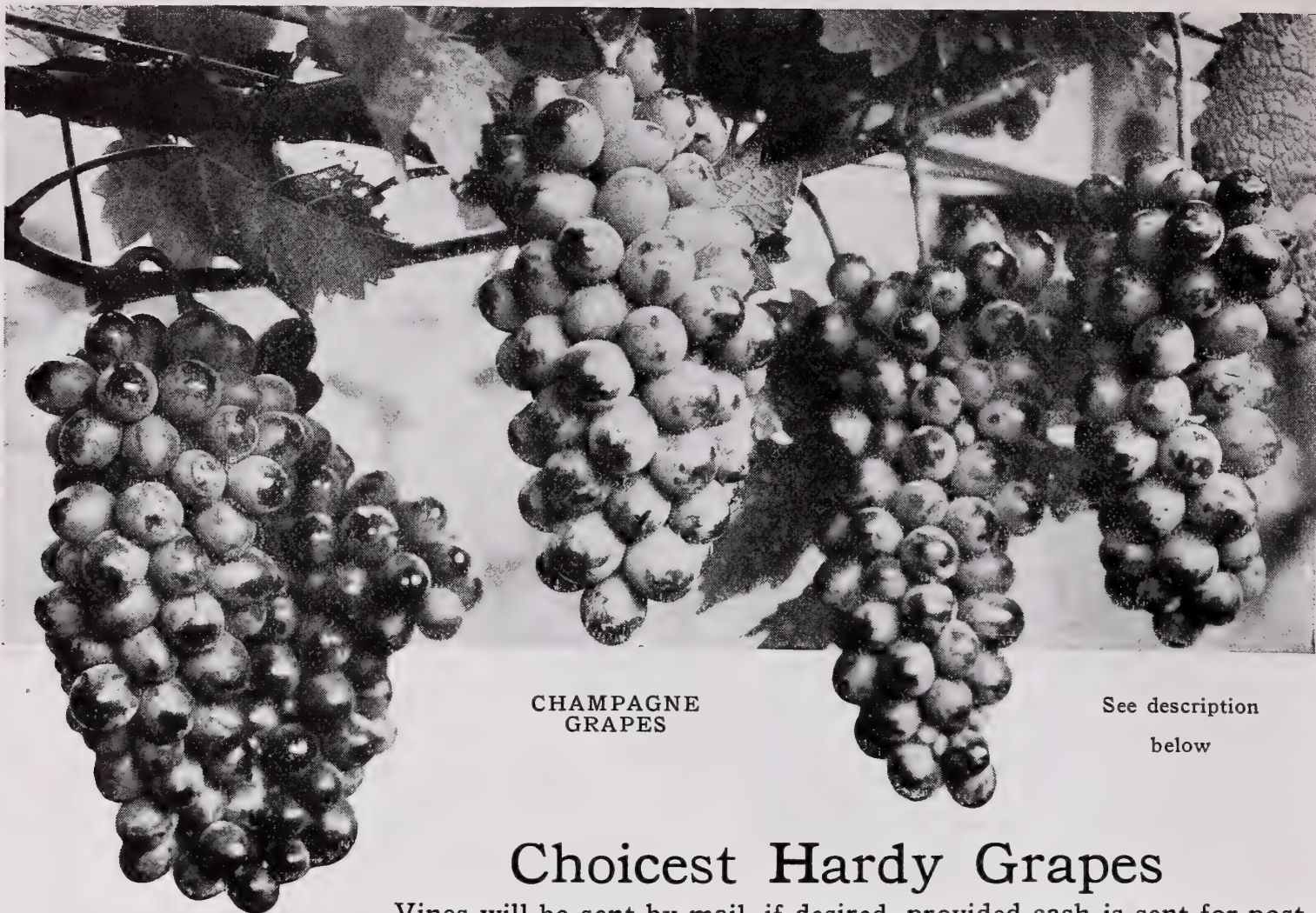
In appearance, the most beautiful of hardy grapes; berry large, wine-red with abundant bloom. Bunch of good size, compact and of good form. Ripens in advance of Concord; so rich in sugar it is excellent in flavor two weeks in advance of being fully ripe. Vine a very strong, vigorous grower, healthy and prolific. The fruit sells in open market, by the crate, at double the price of other varieties.

The cardinal qualities of Caco are: Extremely rich, sugary flavor, beauty of fruit beyond words to describe, and what is most important, extreme vigor of vine. To be brief, we are entirely sincere when we claim Caco to be:

- The highest in quality of all hardy grapes.
- Equals in high quality and melting texture the finest varieties grown under glass.**
- The most beautiful of all hardy grapes.
- Red and amber overlaid with beautiful bloom.**
- The strongest in growth of all hardy grapes.

Prices of Caco Grape Vines: 1 year, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50; 100, \$50.00. 2 years, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 100, \$75.00. Heavy, fruiting age vines, each, \$2.00; dozen, \$20.00.



CHAMPAGNE
GRAPESSee description
below

Choicest Hardy Grapes

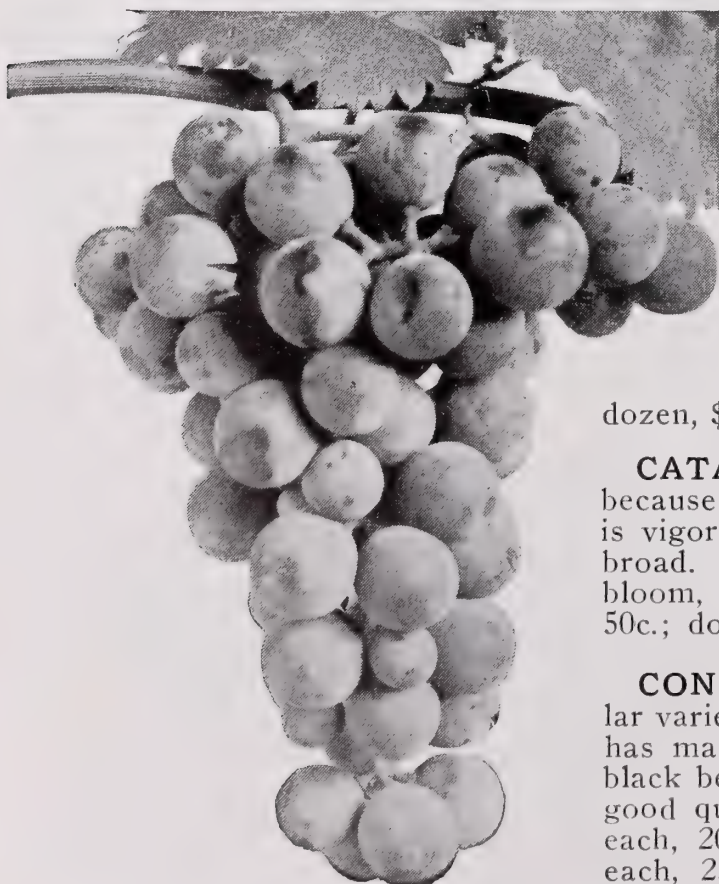
Vines will be sent by mail, if desired, provided cash is sent for postage as per table on inside back cover.

CULTURE.—Plant in rows eight feet apart, setting the vines eight or ten feet apart in the row. Dig holes sufficiently large to amply accommodate the roots of the vine and use only fine surface soil in filling in, mixing with it a little ground bone. Cut back one year vines to two eyes, placing the lower one beneath the surface; cut back two year vines to three or four eyes, putting two or three eyes below the surface.

CHAMPAGNE

One of the finest of grapes and particularly useful for home gardens. A very strong grower, practically immune to attacks of fungus disease. So hardy that it has never been known to be winter killed. Produces immense crops of amber colored grapes. Bunches are of medium size, individual berry very large. It is of extra high quality and so free in sugar that "in the old days"

a delicious wine was made from this variety without the addition of any sugar. This variety is splendid for eating out of hand, or for the making of Grape Juice or Wine, 1 year, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00; 100, \$35. 2 years, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50; 100, \$50. Heavy, fruiting age vines, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.



CONCORD GRAPE

CAMPBELL'S EARLY.

—A superb black grape. In it are united a hardy, vigorous vine (having abundant, heavy, healthy foliage) and early ripening, with large yield of large, handsome clusters. It is an excellent shipper and keeper. Turns black before it is fully ripe. Needs some other variety to add pollen to its blossoms. 1 year, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00. 2 years, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

CATAWBA.—The standard red grape of eastern America, because the fruit keeps well and is of high quality. The vine is vigorous, hardy, and productive. Clusters large, long and broad. Berries of medium size, dull purplish-red with thick bloom, firm. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

CONCORD.—Undoubtedly the best known and most popular variety in America. It succeeds practically everywhere and has made fortunes for many commercial growers. Its large black berries are borne in large, well-shouldered bunches. Of good quality, in fact, in every way a desirable sort. 1 year, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$10.00; 1,000, \$75.00. 2 years, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00; 1,000, \$100.00. Heavy fruiting age vines, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.



MORE HARDY GRAPES FOR EVERY HOME

"LOVETT'S FOR SMALL FRUITS,"—A SLOGAN TO REMEMBER

AGAWAM.—Deep red or maroon. The large meaty berries (which are borne in extra large, loose-shouldered bunches) are juicy and of a delightful aromatic flavor. Ripens about with Concord or a trifle later. Vine a strong healthy grower. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

BRIGHTON.—Until the introduction of Caco, this was regarded as the highest in quality of all hardy grapes. The berries are wine red, like Caco, but not so large, though the bunch, if anything, is larger. Ripens in mid-season. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

DELAWARE.—An old time red variety. Bunch and berry small, refined, high quality. Prolific, but a rather weak grower and somewhat subject to mildew. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

DIAMOND (MOORE'S)

(See illustration below)

A reliable white grape. Bunches large and compact. Berry large, greenish white, juicy

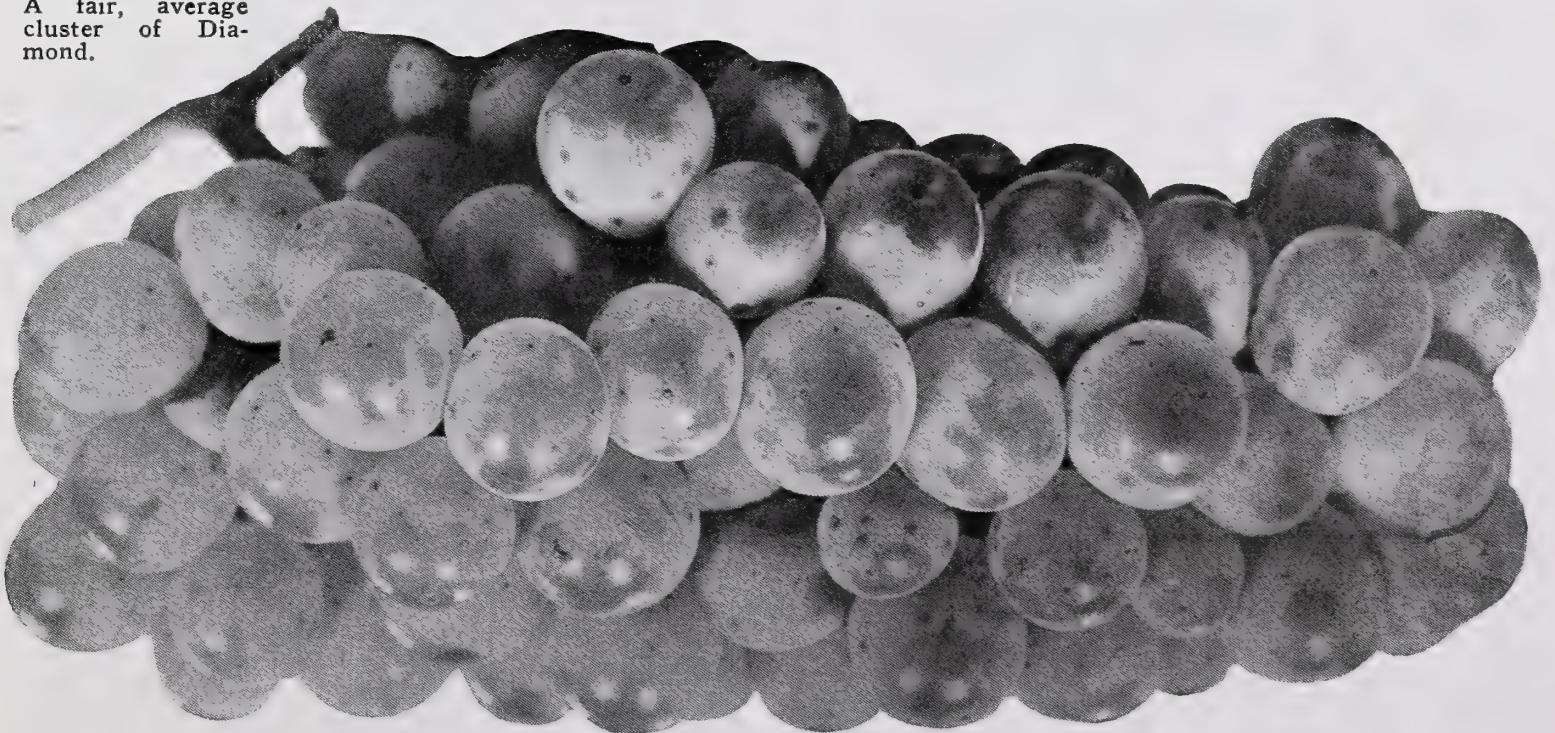
A fair, average
cluster of Dia-
mond.

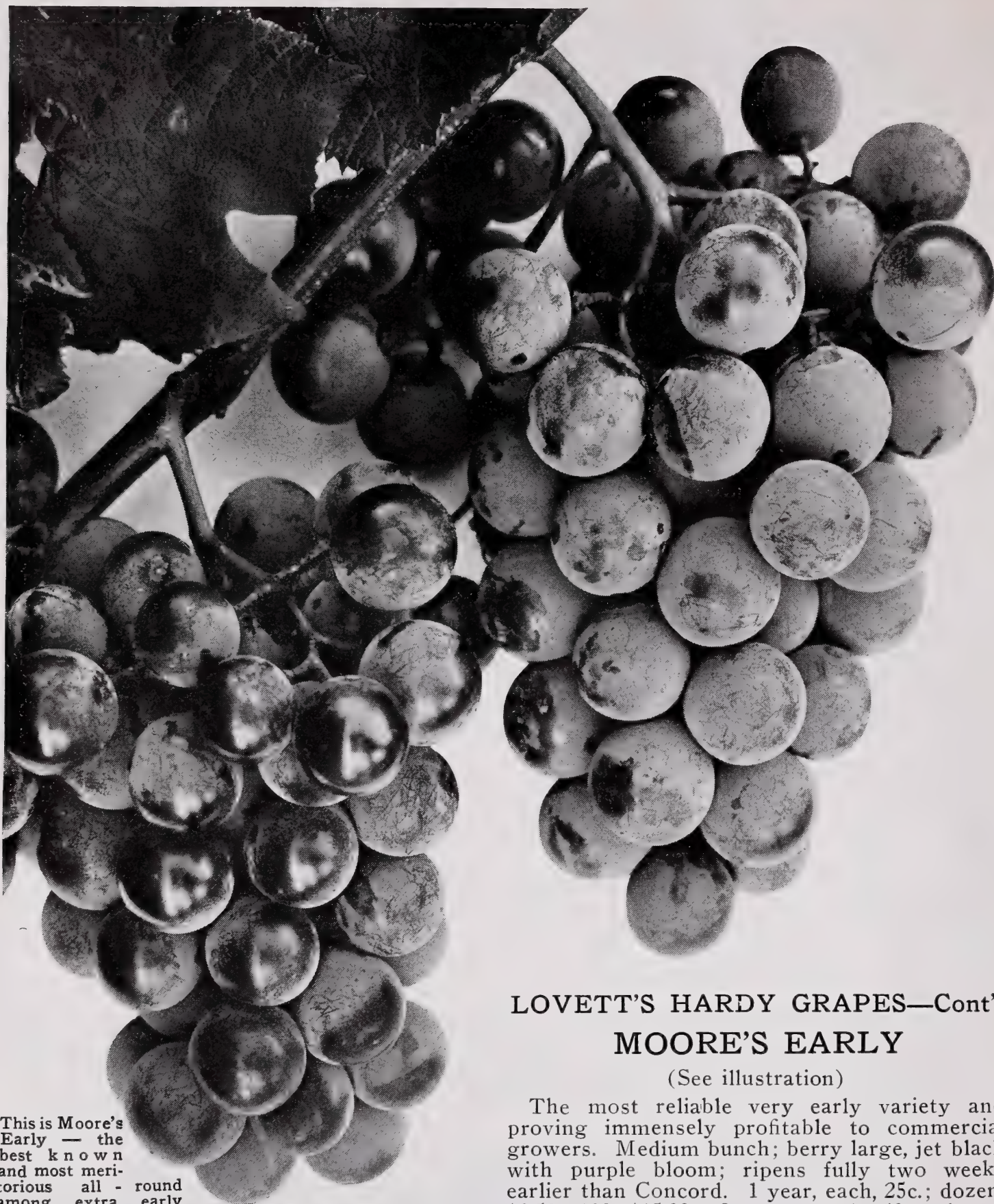
and of good quality. A vigorous grower and prolific. Ripens early. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00. Heavy, fruiting age vines, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

GREEN MOUNTAIN.—The earliest white grape. Bunch small to medium in size; berries rather small, greenish white, thin skinned, tender, sweet, juicy and vinous, with refreshing and refined flavor. Ripens very early. This is a splendid variety. 1 year, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50. 2 years, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

HUBBARD.—Quality sweet and delicious, having fine and pleasant flavor approaching that of the European or Vinifera Grapes. Seeds, which are few and small, separate freely from the tender pulp; skin is thin and firm; berries and bunch large and uniform. Ripens about ten days earlier than Concord.

As the Hubbard Grape is of better quality, a better shipper, of better size, healthy foliage and earlier ripening, and is also a strong grower, it is a more desirable grape to plant than either Concord or Niagara. 1 year, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00. 2 years, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.





This is Moore's Early — the best known and most meritorious all-round among extra early Grapes.

WORDEN.—A black grape that resembles Concord closely, but with more tender pulp and higher quality, and ripens a week to ten days earlier. It is also a little larger in both bunch and berry than the Concord. 1 year, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. Heavy fruiting age vines, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

Please read this testimonial (one of hundreds received) and note that we are not alone in our enthusiasm over Lovett's Caco Grape:

Last spring I received from you a few Caco Grape vines with some other stock. To my great surprise the two-year-old vine bore four bunches of grapes. I showed it to a number of my neighbors. The grapes are the most luscious I ever tasted. I retired from a gospel ministry of forty-five years, thirty-seven years in one charge, and will be delighted to eat some of your beautiful Caco Grapes for a short time yet. H. J. WELKER, Myerstown, Pa.

LOVETT'S HARDY GRAPES—Cont'd MOORE'S EARLY

(See illustration)

The most reliable very early variety and proving immensely profitable to commercial growers. Medium bunch; berry large, jet black with purple bloom; ripens fully two weeks earlier than Concord. 1 year, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00; 100, \$20.00. Heavy fruiting age vines, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

NIAGARA.—The most popular white Grape. Cluster large and compact; berry large, amber white with white bloom, thin skinned, tender, sweet and luscious pulp. Ripens in midseason with Concord. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00; 100, \$25.00. Heavy fruiting age vines, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

WOODRUFF. — Bears large, handsome, showy, brick-red grapes in large clusters; but taste belies looks, for the flesh is coarse and the flavor is poor. The grapes ripen a little before those of Concord and come on the market at a favorable time. Berries large, round, dark red, firm; fair in quality. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

CURRANTS

The Quality Fruit for Jellies

When desired, plants will be forwarded by parcel post, provided cash is sent for postage as per table on inside back cover page.

A cool moist location is best for these fruits, and for this reason they succeed admirably when planted by a stone wall or fence, being benefited by partial shade. Keep the ground mellow and free of weeds and grass, using fertilizer copiously. Mulching is necessary for the best returns. Plant in rows four feet apart and the plants set three feet apart in the rows.

PLEASE NOTE.—It is not permissible for Eastern nurserymen to ship Currants or Gooseberries into the following states: Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Minnesota, Tennessee, North Carolina, Maryland, New Hampshire, Delaware, Maine, and Massachusetts. The states of Illinois, Pennsylvania, New York and Rhode Island prohibit the shipment of black currants from New Jersey.

BOSKOOP GIANT.—Undoubtedly by far the best of the black fruited varieties. The fruit is often more than a half inch in diameter and is of rich, sweet flavor. Bush a very strong grower and yields heavily every year. Ripens early. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

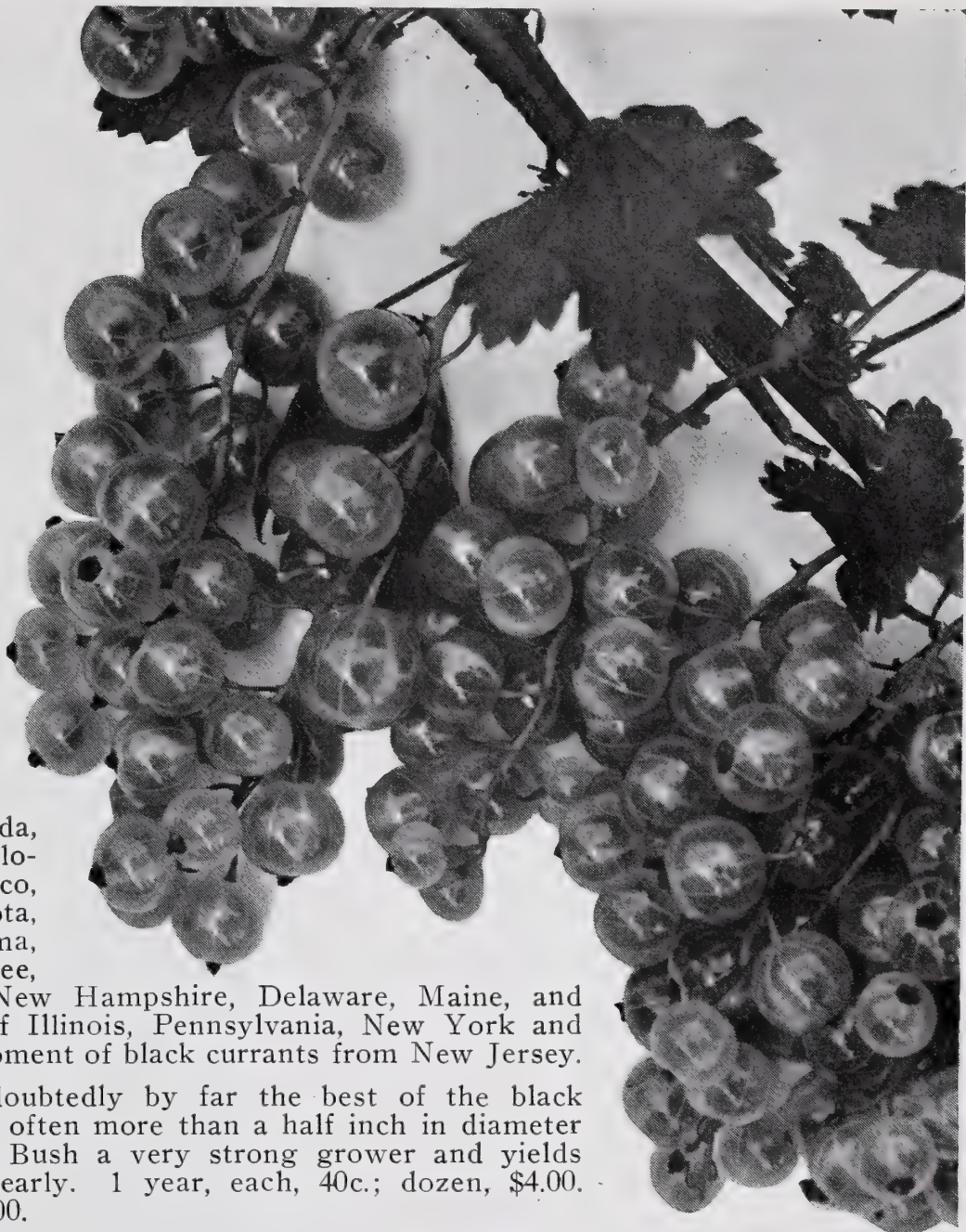
CHERRY AND VERSAILLES.— Well known and popular. Large berries, short clusters, bright, sparkling crimson; of sharp and acid flavor. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

EVERYBODY'S

Named "Everybody's" because Everybody can grow it with success. The plant is of strong growth and is wonderfully prolific. Bunch and berry of large size, clear, bright, sparkling red and of excellent quality. It ripens in midseason and, if not gathered promptly, the berries remain upon the bush for a long time in good condition. The variety has been fully tested for many years and in every instance and under all conditions it has proved to be an abundant producer of fine fruit. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

FAY'S PROLIFIC.—Bunch and berry large, bright and sparkling. A regular and prolific bearer. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

PERFECTION.—This justly popular variety was in a class by itself until the advent of Everybody's. Produces in great profusion large, long clusters of very large, bright red berries, of mild splendid quality. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.



PRES. WILDER.—Produces late in the season very large bright red berries that are juicy and of high quality. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

RED CROSS.—This is reputed to be the sweetest of all Currants. It is an exceptionally healthy and vigorous grower. Produces immense crops of good size, sparkling red berries that are held in large clusters. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

VICTORIA.—The best late variety. Bunches long; berries of medium size, pale red and of superior quality. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

WHITE GRAPE

By far the best of the white fruited sorts. It is a beautiful translucent white and of mild, good quality. Borne in clusters, as illustrated above, and the bushes are literally loaded with them. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

It's good to get letters like these:

Thomas D. Hyatt, Jamaica, L.I., N.Y., writes as follows: I want to thank you for your promptness in sending the strawberry plants ordered on Monday and received on Thursday of the same week, and also for the quality and condition of the plants, good, stocky and well rooted. I shall not hesitate to recommend inquirers to go to Lovett's Nursery for anything they want in your line.

F. Hyde Barbarin, Hastings-on-Hudson, N.Y., enthusiastically states that: The 300 Strawberry plants and Asparagus you sent a month ago are doing fine.

GOOSEBERRIES—

The Quality Pie Berry

Do you know that America is **importing** tons and tons of Gooseberries from Europe, and in preserving jars at that? Now, we can grow just as good a berry product in our own gardens and no particular skill is required to do it. Of course, the soil should be well enriched and the plants should be given ordinary garden culture; but in these requirements they do not differ from beans, or tomatoes, or any other vegetable.

The plants and varieties offered are the best to be had in the country.

OREGON CHAMPION

Entirely distinct from all others in foliage and habit of growth. It is of slender willowy growth—not a very strong grower. The berries when fully ripe are pale amber, of excellent quality and of good size. (See illustration alongside.) 1 year, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00. 2 years, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

CARRIE.—It is a marvel of productiveness, a splendid strong grower and one that holds its foliage much later in the season than do most others. When ripe, it is maroon in color and of good quality, though rather small. 1 year, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. 2 years, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00; heavy fruiting size, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

DOWNING.—The most popular market variety. The pale green berries are of large size and fair quality. 1 year, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00. 2 years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.



OREGON CHAMPION
A Fine Home Garden Berry!

The Easy Road to Large Crops of Perfect Berries from Your Own Garden

Ordinary garden soil in nearly all sections of our country will grow berry crops to perfection. We believe **more** berry patches would spring into existence everywhere if planters only knew what to choose. And in order to make choice easy we offer below, in well-balanced collections, what **we ourselves** would plant, were we in the average home gardeners position.

A Fine Home Garden Collection of STRAWBERRIES

50 Early Jersey Giant	} Layer plants, a regular \$6.75 value, for \$5.00.
100 Wm. Belt	
50 Lupton	
100 Champion Everbearing	

More and Better GRAPES for All

2 Caco	} 2 Strong, 2 year-old-vines of each of 5 sorts, for \$5.00. Vines ready to bear fruit, 10 fruiting age plants for \$10.00.
2 Moore's Early	
2 Concord	
2 Diamond	
2 Champagne	

The Well-balanced Berry Patch

24 Raspberries, St. Regis,	} A total of 120 wonderful plants of the finest sorts for the purpose for \$15.00.
transplanted plants	
24 Raspberries, Cuthbert,	
sucker plants	
12 Raspberries, Honeysweet	
Black Caps	
6 Currants, Everybody's, 2-	
year-old plants	
24 Blackberries, Macatawa,	
transplanted plants	
24 Blackberries, Joy, root-	
cutting plants	
6 Gooseberries, Oregon	
Champion, 2-year-old plants	

A good word from Kansas:

"I began testing out some of your new things a number of years ago, and so far think that your Caco grape is preeminent, as it has proven the most valuable general crop grape that I have found among twenty-five or more varieties growing in this locality. Drought, lack of cultivation, nor lack of fertilizers seem to seriously affect its size, quality or productiveness, and it sold for double the price of Concords."

OTTO GREEF, Pittsburg, Kas.

And here is a message from the Pacific Coast:

"Am very proud of the Black Caps and desire you to know that so far 45 of the lot you sent are coming through just fine, considering that I only paid you for 36, think that is going some. New growth is 2 inches in some cases, and I anticipate good results. I have never seen them in the markets here and do not know of any others in my section."

LEWIS A. MONROE.

A Slogan for Every Home Gardener: **Grow Your Own ASPARAGUS**

Asparagus! One of nature's great gifts and tonics of early spring. Creamed Asparagus on toast when the system is craving for **fresh** green vegetables; a system sadly in need of the medicinal properties inherent in most green foods, but particularly in Asparagus.

The trouble with Asparagus bought on market is that it is stale! You never will really know how delicious this vegetable can be unless you go out to your own patch and, within a short time after cutting, dish out the long, big stalks of vegetable delicacy. **Then** you wonder how you could ever think the bunches bought on market were good!

CULTURE.—In even the smallest garden, a few square feet of ground should be devoted to Asparagus.

In the family garden, the roots should be set

from one to two feet apart in rows three feet apart. They should be placed in furrows six or eight inches deep, but covered with only about three inches of soil at time of planting, the remainder of the trench being filled in by degrees as the plants increase in height.

In field culture, where they are to be worked with horse and cultivator, the roots should be set from one to two feet apart in the rows and the rows should be from six to seven feet apart.

Since the Asparagus bed will occupy the same ground for a number of years, care should be taken to enrich the soil by a liberal digging in of well-rotted manure. In the fall, cut off the stalks and burn them. This helps to keep the asparagus beetle under control. After frosts, mulch the bed with coarse manure that may be dug in between the rows in the spring. Sprinkling table salt, at the rate of a pound to every 20 feet of row, on the rows in early spring is said to add to the quality of the product.

WASHINGTON

This variety is the result of many years' work by Prof. J. B. Norton, an asparagus authority of international renown, whose chief aim has, we understand, been to create a strain of asparagus that is rust-resistant.

Prof. Norton, in referring to this variety, recently wrote: "Our seed fields are now composed of those individuals that produce large, straight shoots, dark green in color, with a heavy purple over-tone. The tips are tight and firm and do not open out or begin to branch until well out of ground." 1 year, dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$15.00. 2 years, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$3.00; 1,000, \$25.

PURPLE GIANT.—A remarkable, strong growing and very valuable variety. Claimed to be almost, if not entirely, immune to the attacks of rust. 1 year, dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.00. 2 years, dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.00; 1,000, \$17.50. Extra large, 3 years, dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$5.00.

ARGENTEUIL.—A French sort that has become very popular. Stalks are of large size, and plant attains cutting size at an early age. 1 year, dozen, 40c.; 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$10.00. 2 years, dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.00. Extra large, 3 years, dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$3.50.

PALMETTO (True).—The large size of stalk, early maturity, heavy yield and freedom from rust of this variety make it most popular. 1 year, dozen, 40c.; 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$10.00. 2 years, dozen, 50c.; 100, \$1.50; 1,000, \$12.00.

We Grow Asparagus Roots by the Millions!

This is one of our leading specialties, the soil on our farms being of ideal composition to develop a perfect root product stored with enormous vitality. Please note attractive prices.



GENUINE "WASHINGTON" ASPARAGUS
The finest variety to date

OTHER VEGETABLE AND HERB CROPS

ROOTS AND PLANTS

CHIVES

Highly prized by many for soups and for seasoning. This hardy perennial is of the onion family, is perfectly hardy and succeeds with almost no culture. The tops of grasslike leaves appear in early spring and can be safely cut close to the ground many times in a season. Field-grown clumps, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

HOP

GOLDEN CLUSTER.—This is an exceedingly choice variety, which bears large clusters of yellow-green hops in such profusion as to completely envelop the plant in late summer and early autumn. Of rapid growth, attaining a height of 20 feet if given support, with abundant ornamental, deeply lobed foliage.

Today used in the manufacture of yeast; formerly for brewing purposes. Field grown, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$22.00. Plants from pots, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

HORSE RADISH

Plant in rows three feet apart and the sets one foot apart in the rows.

Very easily grown; does well in any garden soil, but succeeds best in rather low, damp locations.

ENGLISH or COMMON.—The variety in general use. We can see so little difference between this and the Maliner-Kren or Bohemian that we will supply either kind at the same price, viz., dozen, 75c.; 100, \$2.50; 1,000, \$20.00.

LAVENDER (*Lavendula Vera*)

SWEET LAVENDER.—The lavender of our grandmothers' gardens. It is an attractive and interesting plant, growing 12 to 18 inches high, and producing numerous flower heads that have an agreeable odor, especially when cut and dried. The foliage is narrow, of silvery-gray color, and the flowers are deep blue. Clumps, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. From pots, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

MINT

SPEARMINT or MEADOW MINT (*M. viridis*).—Largely used for culinary purposes.

PEPPERMINT (*M. piperita*).—The green leaves and stems when chewed and swallowed have the



same effect as the essential oil; and to most people the flavor is very pleasant.

Either sort, each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

ROSEMARY

OFFICINALIS.—Used for seasoning. Needs protection in winter. From pots, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

RHUBARB (Pie Plant)

Sometimes termed Wine Plant.

Plant in rows four feet apart and the roots three feet apart in the rows.

MYATT'S LINNAEUS.—Popular, and the best variety for general use. Stems very large, tender, with refined flavor. Is ready for use early in the season, and yields abundantly. Strong roots, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

SAGE

HOLT'S MAMMOTH.—Forms a dense mass, a foot or more in height and three feet in diameter. of large, beautiful light green leaves; and produces spikes of light lilac-blue flowers in late summer and autumn. The leaves are four to five inches long, clean and perfect. They are held well up from the soil, are rich in flavor and of great substance. Perfectly hardy. Clumps, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00. From pots, each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

TARRAGON or ESTRAGON

(*Artemisia Dracunculus*)

The leaves and young shoots are much prized as an ingredient in soups, salads, stews, pickles, etc. Tarragon vinegar is made by placing the leaves of this plant in a tight vessel, pouring common vinegar upon them, and permitting them to remain for several days. The leaves may be used in the fresh state, or cut in the autumn and dried. From pots, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

THYME

(*Thymus Vulgaris*)

GARDEN.—Of dwarf habit, with exceedingly pretty, small, dark green leaves, formed in a dense mass. Much prized for seasoning. Clumps, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00. From pots, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$15.00.



HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE

George Wheeler, Long Beach, Cal., writes: Received my plants in fine shape, well pleased with them. Will remember you next season.



FRUIT TREES

We specialize in fruit trees as well as Small Fruits and wish to assure you that the same care and application, that has caused "Lovett's for Small Fruits" to become a byword for quality, is employed to make our fruit trees superior. For this reason, it is impossible to ship any of our fruit trees by parcel post. In dozen lots we ship by express. Where larger quantities are required we will pack so carefully that shipment by freight is perfectly safe.

APPLES

Apples, God's gift clad in shiny coats of yellow, red and green, with plenty of lovable freckles at times, holding goodness within all the time. "An Apple a day keeps the Doctor away," and a home-grown apple is worth two bought at some fancy fruit store. Here is the reason why: Western Apples are "Fruits de Luxe," judged by and grown for—"Looks." They do look fine, but few have the "honest-to-goodness" flavor of those grown right at home.

Plant 30 feet apart each way, thus requiring 48 trees to properly plant one acre.

All apple trees offered in this catalog are two years old or older, and first class in every respect; we have never grown better.

Price of all varieties of Apple trees (except Lovett), each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 100, \$75.00.

BALDWIN.—Early winter. Dark red, of good quality.

BANANA (Winter Banana).—Late fall. Beautiful waxen yellow with blush cheek, large, very beautiful, highest quality.

BEN DAVIS.—Winter. Of inferior quality, good keeper; early and heavy annual bearer.

DELICIOUS.—Early winter. Profuse bearer. Of good size and the finest quality.

DUCHESS (Oldenburg).—Early autumn. Extremely hardy. Medium to large; yellow, streaked with red; very productive.

GOLDEN SWEET.—Early summer. Large, pale yellow, tender and sweet.

GRAVENSTEIN.—Large; yellow, nearly covered with dull red. September and October.

GRIME'S GOLDEN.—Of just medium size, but very delicious; matures in early winter.

JONATHAN.—Late winter. Round, of medium size, fine grained and of acid flavor.

EARLY HARVEST.—As the earliest summer apple, and because the fruit is excellent for either dessert or cooking, Early Harvest should hold a welcome place in every home orchard. As the apples bruise badly in handling, the variety is suitable only for nearby markets. Fruit medium, sometimes large; uniform in size and

shape; skin thin, tender, smooth, clear pale waxen yellow, with deeper yellow on exposed cheek, sometimes slightly blushed; flesh white, crisp, tender, juicy, at first briskly subacid, but becoming mild. Late July and August.

LOVETT

(See illustration above, fully demonstrating the remarkable bearing qualities of this variety.)

After having thoroughly tested this remarkable variety for a period of ten years, we consider it to be as strong a grower as we have ever seen.

Finer in quality and texture than any other summer fruiting variety;

The most beautiful apple we have ever seen;

It ripens with us the early part of August and is fully up to McIntosh in quality (we like it better); it is also an exceedingly strong grower. The fruit, above the average in size, is produced in greatest abundance.

We believe Lovett is destined to become as popular a summer apple as are Baldwin and Delicious among winter varieties. Each, \$2.00; dozen, \$20.00.

APPLES—Continued

KING.—Has few superiors on the score either of beauty or quality of fruit; accordingly, it is one of the most widely planted apples in home orchards, and sells for a higher average than most other standard apples. The fruits are a beautiful red on a yellow background, uniformly large and symmetrical; though the flesh is rather coarse, it is crisp, tender, juicy, aromatic, and richly flavored. King keeps until January, and in cold storage two or three months later. Thrives only in fertile, well-drained soils, and in sheltered situations.

MAIDEN BLUSH.—Favorably known everywhere for over a century, it attained and holds its popularity chiefly by virtue of its distinctive and very handsome crimson-cheeked, lemon-yellow fruit. The apples are unique in form, as well as color. They are not high in quality, but are very good for cooking, evaporating, and for the markets. Not a good keeper.

McINTOSH.—Autumn. A most beautiful Apple of extra high quality. Deep red in color; of large size and a splendid keeper.

RED ASTRACHAN.—Early summer. Large; deep crimson; flesh white, of a rich acid flavor; very productive.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING.—Large; yellowish green; tender, juicy and rich. November to March.

ROME BEAUTY.—Winter. Mostly red with some yellow; excellent keeper; reliable.

ROXBURY RUSSET.—The best known russet apple. The apples are notable keepers. The rough, tough-skinned yellowish-brown, russet fruits are known by all; the flesh, too, is distinct with its yellow-green color, its tenderness, and its pleasing sprightly flavor. The fruit is remarkable for the amount of sugar contained, making it about the best sort for cider.

STAYMAN'S WINESAP.—Winter. Deep purple red; high quality; prolific; superb. A profitable variety.

TOLMAN'S SWEET.—Winter. Pale yellow, tinged with red. Rich and very sweet.

TWENTY OUNCE.—The standard fall apple for the market in New England and the North Atlantic states, its culture extending as far south as Maryland. It continues to hold its place against all competition by virtue of many excellences in fruit and tree. Fruits are large, handsomely colored, with stripes and splashes of red on a rich yellow background; and, although the quality is not good enough for a dessert apple, the fruits are scarcely surpassed for culinary uses.

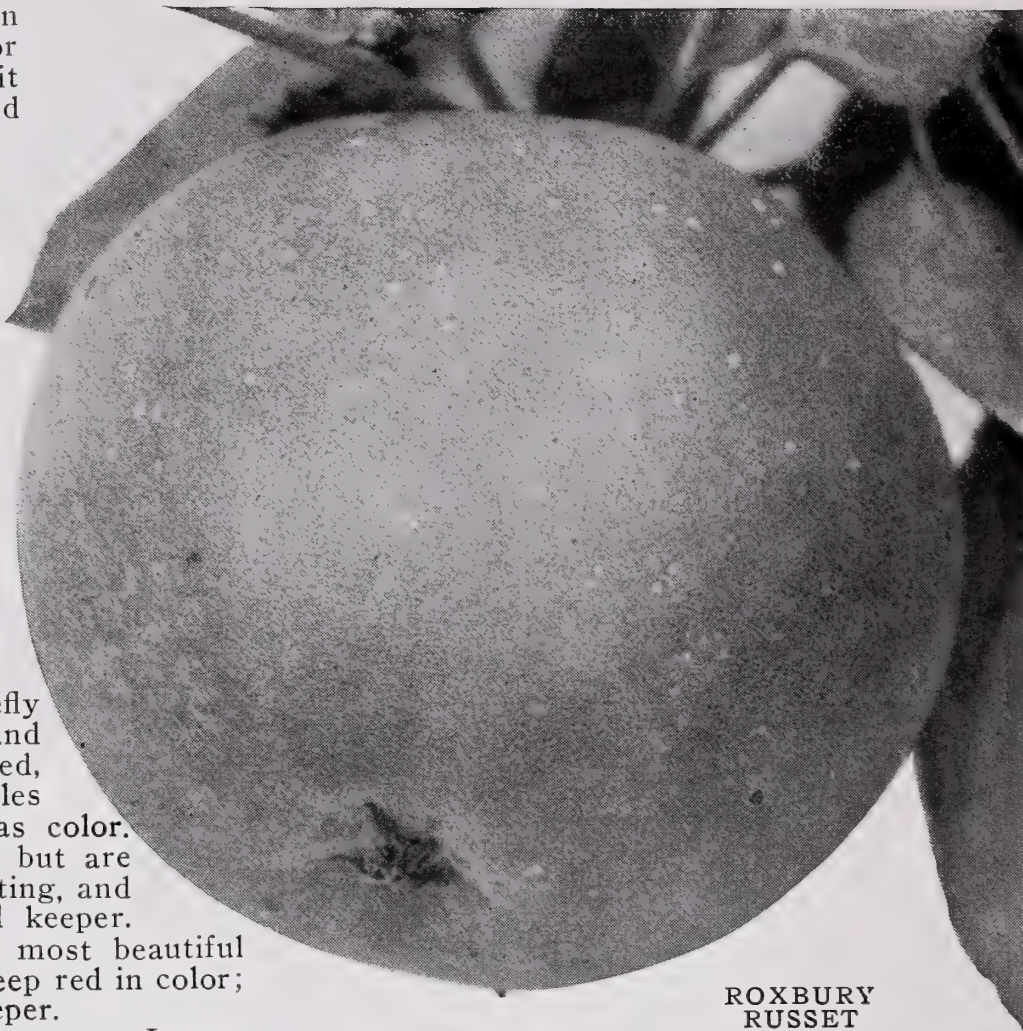
WEALTHY.—A very dependable and justly popular fall apple. Bright red striped; of fine quality. Perfectly hardy.

WILLIAM'S EARLY RED.—Early summer. Rapidly gaining in popularity. In shape it is quite similar to the variety Delicious. The fruit is large, bright crimson, and of good quality. We consider it the best of all our early apples.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.—Early summer. Creamy yellow with smooth waxen skin; of excellent quality and very productive. Starts bearing when very young.

YORK IMPERIAL (Johnson's Fine Winter).—Medium to large; greenish yellow, nearly covered with bright red; flesh firm and juicy; vigorous grower and very productive. November to March.

Prices of all varieties of apples (except Lovett), each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 100, \$75.00.



ROXBURY
RUSSET



Gathering the Season's Abundance



ANGOULEME OR DUCHESS
Juicy and extra large, as well as a fine keeper

DWARF PEARS

Just think of being able to raise nine fruit trees where ordinarily you can plant but four! Moreover, dwarf Pear trees come into bearing very much more quickly than the standard varieties, while the product is just as large and the crops are much easier to gather. Truly, dwarf Pear trees are the ideal fruit trees for the suburban garden and small estate, and you will find our stocks of varieties named below exceptionally fine.

Plant 10 feet apart each way.

Splendid trees, all two years old or older, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

We have them in all the following varieties, viz.: Angouleme, Anjou, Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite and Seckel.



DWARF PEARS
Just the thing for the small garden or yard

APPLES—Continued

DWARF APPLES

Dwarf trees for the small garden are rapidly gaining in popular favor, and the demand has increased faster than the supply. Planted 10 feet apart each way, they generally start bearing immediately. We are fortunate in having a good supply of them. The varieties that we have are as follows: **Baldwin**, **Delicious**, **Duchess**, **McIntosh**, **Red Astrachan**, **Rhode Island Greening**, **Rome Beauty**, **Stayman's Winesap**, **Wealthy** and **Yellow Transparent**.

Price: Splendid, symmetrical trees, all two years old, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

CRAB APPLES

Plant 30 feet apart each way.

First class trees, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

HYSLOP'S.—Large, deep crimson, very prolific; makes excellent jelly. Mid-autumn.

TRANSCENDENT.—Very popular. Red and yellow. Early autumn.

PEARS (STANDARD)

Plant 20 feet apart each way; 108 trees per acre.

First class two and three-year-old trees, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

ANGOULEME (Duchesse). — Autumn. Extra large; green; just a trifle coarse grained, but juicy and good. Bears when very young.

ANJOU.—Late autumn. Green with red cheek; high quality, juicy and melting; strong-growing tree, prolific.

BARTLETT. — Summer. Yellow; the most widely grown and the most popular of all varieties. Of late years, this variety has shown an inclination to blight; does best when grown in sod.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE.—Early summer. Green with red cheek; large, juicy, melting; prolific; decays quickly when ripe.

KIEFFER. — Autumn. Yellow, with red cheek; coarse grained and of rather inferior quality, though it can be kept until mid-winter, and when thoroughly ripe is very good.

SECKEL.—We consider this the finest in quality of all Pears. Ripens in late summer and is a dull red with much russet.

QUINCES

Plant 10 feet apart each way.

First class trees, each, \$1.25; dozen, \$12.50.

CHAMPION. — Produces large greenish-yellow fruit on strong growing trees. Extensively grown. Late.

ORANGE (Apple). — Fruits much earlier in the season than does Champion. A reliable and popular variety. Produces large deep yellow fruit in great abundance.



PEACHES

Plant 18 feet apart each way.

We offer the finest stock of peach trees that we have had in many years. Such grade or type of trees as we offer is not generally offered at the prices quoted. However, our supply is such as to make it possible to offer these "best ever" grades at truly reasonable prices. The three varieties marked * we can supply in quantities at special rates.

Price, except as noted, extra selected trees, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50; 100, \$40.00.

ATTENTION

COMMERCIAL ORCHARDISTS

We have a large supply of lighter grade trees than those offered above and they are in every way perfectly all right for orchard planting. Write for special quotation.

ROCHESTER

This very valuable, extra early yellow Peach is, we believe, the finest variety we have ever seen. It is simply immense in size, beautiful in appearance, and of superb quality. Each, \$1.00; dozen \$10.00.

* **BELLE OF GEORGIA**.—Midseason. White, largely overspread with red; firm; sweet; free stone.

* **CARMEN**.—The earliest variety that we consider of sufficient merit to grow. Hardy and a sure annual bearer.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY.—Large; yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and good. Middle of August.

CRAWFORD'S LATE.—Resembles Crawford's Early, but is larger and even more beautiful, and ripens from two to three weeks later; flesh yellow, juicy and rich.

ELBERTA.—Midseason. Fruit large to very large. Yellow with deep red cheek. Of fair canning quality.

* **FRANCIS**.—Ripens just after Elberta. Yellow with red cheek; flesh is rich golden yellow. Of good quality.

HILEY.—Second early. Creamy white with deep red cheek. Flesh is white, very juicy, of fine quality.

IRON MOUNTAIN.—Late, pure creamy white; large, sure cropper; of excellent quality.



Gathering such as these is a soul-satisfying occupation

CHERRIES

Large two- and three-year-old Cherry trees, such as ours, are indeed difficult to obtain. We are extremely fortunate in having such a good supply of them.

Plant sweet varieties 25 feet apart each way. Plant sour varieties 20 feet apart each way.

First class trees, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

BLACK TARTARIAN (Sweet).—Undoubtedly more largely planted in the East than any other sweet cherry. Beautiful dark purple; of medium size and very good quality. Early.

EARLY RICHMOND (Sour).—Bright red, very acid, extremely prolific; popular.

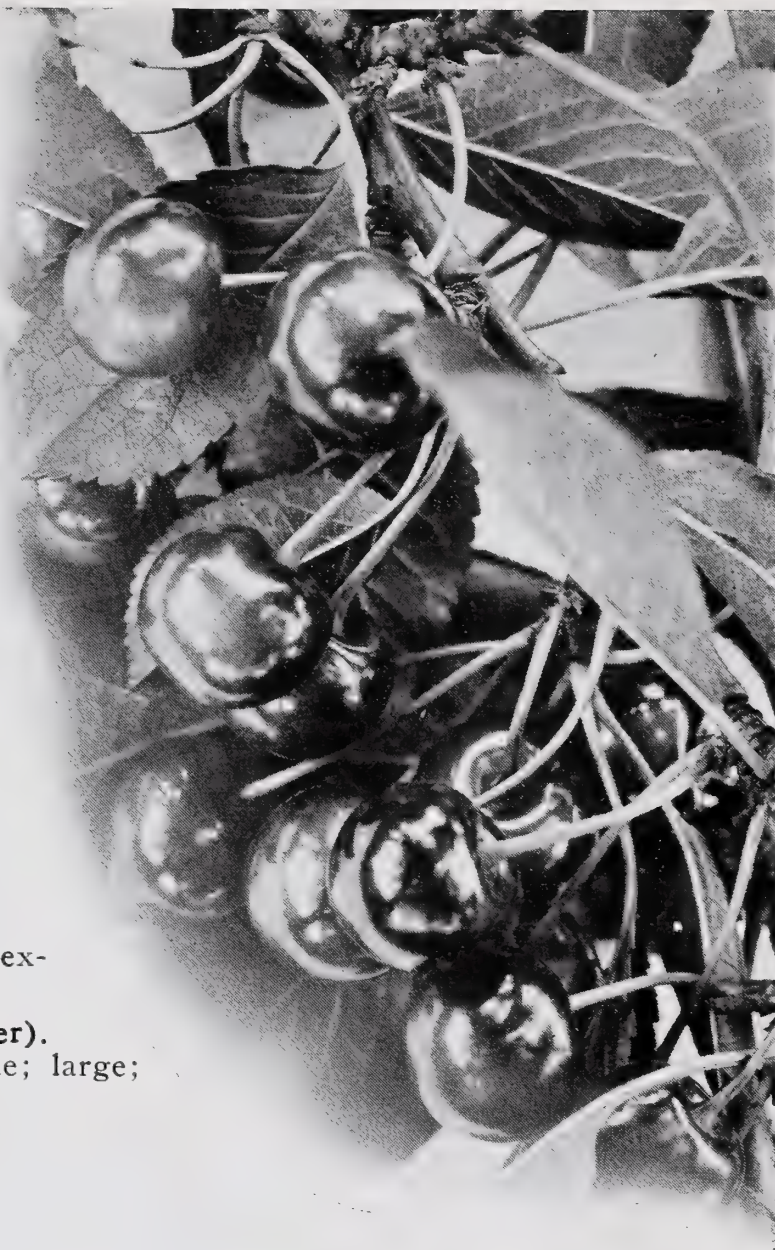
GOV. WOOD (Sweet).—A variety that does exceedingly well in the East. The fruit is red and amber, and of excellent quality.

MONTMORENCY (Sour).—The most largely planted of the sour varieties. Light red, very acid; popular for pie making.

NAPOLEON (Sweet).—Pale yellow and bright red; of great size; juicy and sweet.

WINDSOR (Sweet).—Deep purple, large, extremely firm and of high quality.

YELLOW SPANISH (White Amber). (Sweet).—Pale amber, with red on sunny side; large; firm, juicy, of high quality; beautiful.



PLUMS

Plant 20 feet apart each way; 108 trees per acre.

Our Plums are unusually fine this year and we have a splendid supply of them.

First class trees, all varieties, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

ABUNDANCE (Japanese).—Early. Amber, much covered with carmine. Very juicy and of excellent quality; heavy annual bearer. Best and most reliable plum for New Jersey. A typical cluster of fruit, almost natural size, is illustrated below.

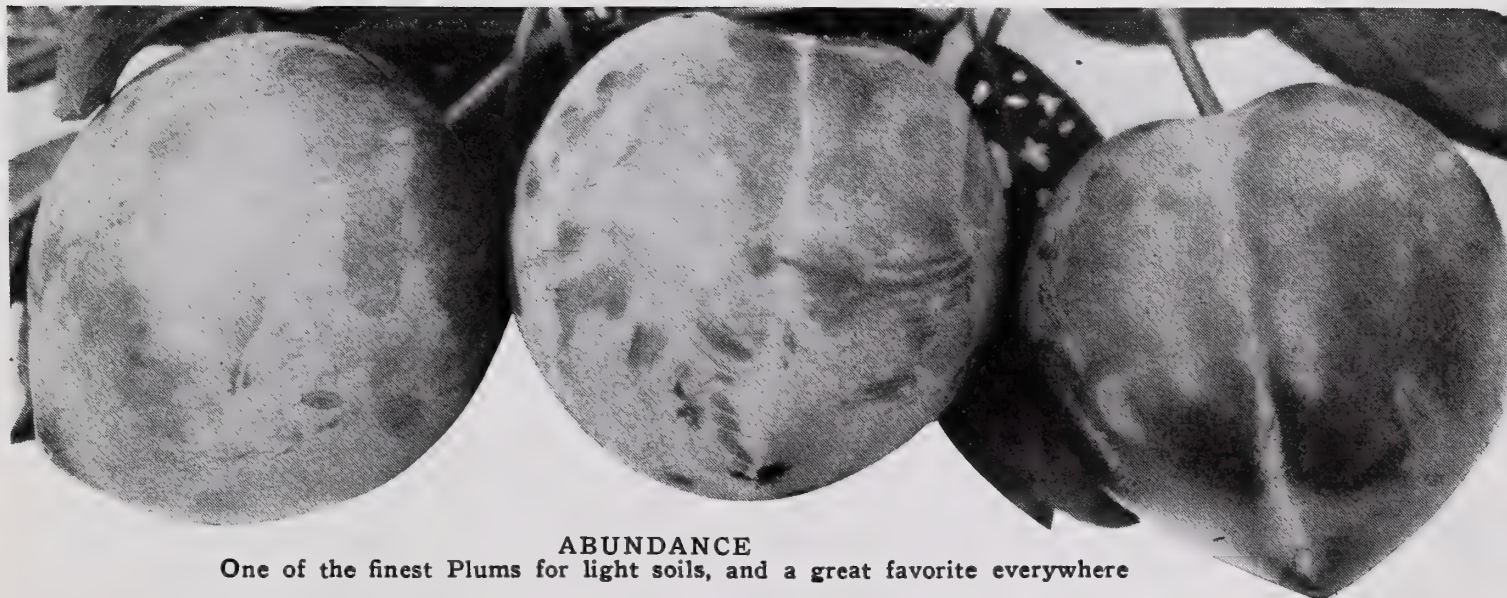
BURBANK (Japanese).—Ripens late in August. Inclined to overbear, but when properly thinned produces fruit of immense size. Cherry-red with deep yellow flesh, sweet, meaty and firm.

BRADSHAW.—Early and very large. Purple with bloom; of very fair quality. A strong

growing variety and one of the best for canning.

LOMBARD.—Midseason. A very reliable and popular variety. It is very prolific of large violet red fruits.

RED JUNE.—The plums are distinctly heart-shaped with a deep cavity and a pointed apex; the color is a mottled garnet-red overlaid with delicate bloom; the flesh is a light yellow, firm enough to endure transportation well, peculiarly aromatic, sweet, and not wholly agreeable in flavor; the stone adheres tightly to the flesh. It blooms late; the fruits are comparatively immune to curculio and brown-rot and hang to the trees exceptionally well. Varies in season of ripening, but usually ripens a week or more before Abundance.



ABUNDANCE

One of the finest Plums for light soils, and a great favorite everywhere



Roses by the mile—a pleasure to the eye, a joy to one's soul.

HARDY ROSES

When requested to do so, we will gladly ship Roses by parcel post, provided cash is sent for postage as per table on inside back cover.

All Roses offered in this catalog are strong plants, some two and some three years old. We do not consider it good business to offer one year old or younger plants which, unless given the very best of care, almost always prove disappointing; and all our **Everblooming Roses** are budded on that best of all stocks, the Japanese multiflora, unless marked O.R., which signifies that those sorts are on their own roots.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES

Again we offer our patrons not only an unusually large quantity of Everblooming Roses, but an assortment of varieties which is, we think, the finest we have ever had the pleasure of offering.

This collection of varieties has been made with endeavor to choose sorts which are not only among the most beautiful, but also hardy. Even so, it is best to give all varieties some protection in winter. A light covering of strawy manure is all that is necessary; or an equally efficient protection may be obtained by heaping soil, say, eight inches deep about each plant—removing same, of course, in early spring.

The shock to Everblooming Roses is so great, when taken from the nursery row and planted in the garden that several weeks, or even months, are required for them to recuperate. Because of this we grow all our roses of this class in pots. In shipping these large sturdy plants, they are taken from the pots in which they are growing and are sent with all their roots and the earth about them undisturbed. When thus shipped and planted in their new homes they continue to grow and flower without check.

Prices for two- and three-year-old plants from five inch pots, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 100, \$75.00 (unless otherwise noted).

Please Note.—For best results, plant Everblooming Roses at least an inch and a half deeper than they have stood in the pots.

ADMIRAL WARD.—A crimson variety of striking beauty. Substantial flowers on stiff stems.

ANTOINE RIVOIRE (O.R.).—Rosy flesh on yellow ground; large, full and very free.

BESSIE BROWN.—Creamy white. Large, full and very fine form. On own roots.

BETTY (Available in both budded and own root plants).—Coppery rose overlaid with ruddy gold. Buds long and pointed; moderately double; petals unusually large and conspicuously veined. Stems long. Fragrance rich.

BLUMENSCHMIDT (O.R.).—Clear citron-yellow outer petals edged with rose. A strong, robust variety and one of the best.

CLARA WATSON (O.R.).—Flesh, with center tinted rose-peach. Good form and rich fragrance.

COLUMBIA.—A bright, pleasing pink. Elegant in both bud and flower. Fine for cutting.

COUNTESS CLANWILLIAM (O.R.).—Buds long and pointed, opening to large, full, high centered flowers of great beauty and refinement. Color: peach-pink at the base of the petals, which are heavily edged with deep cherry-red.

DUCHESS OF ALBANY (O.R.).—A deep-colored La France. Sometimes called the red La France.

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON (O.R.).—Intense saffron-yellow, flushed crimson, changing to deep coppery-yellow. Long-pointed buds.

EDITH PART (O.R.).—Rich red with suffusion of deep salmon and coppery-yellow.

EDWARD MAWLEY (O.R.).—One of the finest of all dark crimson Roses. A true perpetual flowering Hybrid Tea. Received the gold medal of the National Rose Society of England.

ETOILE DE FRANCE.—A grand deep red rose. The flowers, which appear all summer, are large, full, velvety crimson and richly fragrant. (Budded and own root plants.)

GENERAL McARTHUR (O.R.).—Fiery red, magnificent color, and one of the very freest bloomers; possesses the richest fragrance.



WHITE MAMAN COCHET

Perhaps the freest bloomer among all White Everblooming Roses

HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES, Continued

See page 28 for prices.

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ (Available in both budded and own root plants).—The one variety that is **always** in bloom. A bright, pleasing crimson, and unquestionably one of the greatest bedding varieties.

GEN. SUPERIOR JANSEN.—Bright red. A reliable bloomer on all soils and one of the best all round garden roses.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK (O.R.).—Clear imperial pink, reverse of petals rosy, silvery-white. A giant of the La France type. Awarded two gold medals and one silver medal and five first prizes in Europe.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA.—A continuous bloomer, producing quantities of snow-white flowers from June until frost.

KILLARNEY BRILLIANT (O.R.).—So superior to its parent, Killarney, that we have discarded the latter. Of better color, being a deeper pink, and with nearly double the petalage.

KILLARNEY WHITE.—A fine white form of the above. Very fragrant.

LADY ALICE STANLEY.—A beautiful shade of coral-rose, the inside of the petals shading to flesh pink with deeper flushes. A gem that everyone admires.

LADY HILLINGDON.—One of the most popular varieties producing yellow flowers. It is free flowering, but like most of the yellow flowered varieties is of rather weak growth.

LADY URSULA.—Strong grower with large flesh pink blooms. One of the very best.

LA FRANCE (O.R.).—Beautiful bright silvery pink with pale lilac shading. Flowers large and borne freely. Delightfully fragrant.

LOS ANGELES.—Luminous flame pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. Buds long and pointed, expanding to a flower of mammoth proportions. Each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

MAD. ABEL CHATENAY (O.R.).—Rosy carmine-tinted salmon. Flowers large, exquisitely formed and charmingly colored.

MAD. CAROLINE TESTOUT.—Brilliant satiny rose, deepening at center and bordered with silvery-rose; immense broad petals and extremely large flowers. Budded and own root plants.



HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES, Continued

MADAME JULES GROLEZ (Available in both budded and own root plants).—The beautifully formed buds and flowers of this variety are pure rose shading to bright satiny pink.

MME. JENNY GILLEMOT (O.R.).—Deep saffron-yellow with golden shadings. Upright, strong, with beautifully formed buds and flowers.

MME. PERNET DUCHER (O.R.).—A good yellow rose that has been revived under the name of Yellow President Carnot.

MAMAN COCHET.—The finest and best pink rose for blooming out of doors. The buds are very large, handsome and of pointed form; the flowers are full and fine, flesh pink with

saffron at base of petals. Plant of strong growth, very hardy and a free bloomer (blooming all the time). On own roots.

OPHELIA.—Salmon flesh shaded rose with chamois-color center. A rose that is lovely at every stage. The buds and flowers are beautifully formed and colored.

PRINCE DE ARENBERG (O.R.).—Brilliant scarlet with dark shadings; full, free, large and upright.

RADIANCE (O.R.).—An American Rose and one of the most gorgeous as yet introduced. The large, finely formed flowers are crimson rose and very brilliant. A free and constant bloomer and a sturdy growing plant.

RED RADIANCE (O.R.).—Identical with the popular Radiance Rose, excepting in color, which is clear red.

WELLESLEY (O.R.).—Bright, soft pink; outer petals rose; reflex silver-pink. Fine form, upright.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET (O.R.) (See illustration on page 29).—A duplicate of its parent, the well-known and justly popular Maman Cochet, except in the color of its flowers, which are creamy white, tinged on the edges of the petals with pink. The finest white rose for blooming out of doors. On own roots.

WILLIAM NOTTING (O.R.).—Bright rosy-cerise with deeper center. Large, full, free, with pronounced fragrance.

WM. R. SMITH.—The buds and flowers are large, splendidly formed, full, and are of a soft, creamy pink in color, tipped with flesh tints and buff at the base. Plant a good grower and a free bloomer. On own roots and budded plants.

WINNIE DAVIS (O.R.).—Brilliant apricot-pink with reflex lighter tints, making a very handsome semi-double, graceful rose. Buds long, fine form. Foliage clear, bright green. One of the best H. T. Roses grown.

Price for two- and three-year-old plants from five-inch pots, each \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00; 100, \$75.00. (Except as noted.)



RADIANCE—A Radiant Beauty



ANNA DE DIESBACH—An old favorite of unsurpassed beauty and fragrance

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

With the exception of *Rosa Rugosa*, these are the hardiest of all Roses. They are of vigorous, upright habit, with large leaves and very large, full, double, richly fragrant flowers which are produced in profusion in June, and more sparingly in autumn.

In order to obtain the finest flowers, prune severely in early spring, manure liberally and keep the soil well cultivated.

Heavy field-grown plants, each, 85c.; dozen, \$8.50.

ALFRED COLOMB.—Bright red; one of the best.

ANNA DE DIESBACH.—A lovely shell-pink; long pointed buds; very large petals and large, finely formed, compact flowers, very full and double; sweetly fragrant. A vigorous grower and bloomer.

BLACK PRINCE.—Velvety blackish crimson; very large, double, fragrant flowers. A strong grower.

COQUETTE DES ALPES.—Large, full and well formed, with very large petals; lovely pure white in color; fragrant; profuse bloomer; hardy.

EARL OF DUFFERIN.—Rich velvety crimson, shaded with dark maroon. Very large.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI, WHITE AMERICAN BEAUTY OR SNOW QUEEN.—Snow white; flowers extremely large, yet beautifully formed. (Blooms six inches broad are not uncommon.) Growth is strong and vigorous, with abundant foliage. It is one of the very best bloomers.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT.—Brilliant red or scarlet-crimson; large and full. Very fragrant.

GEORGE DICKSON.—Velvety black-crimson, reverse veined deep crimson-maroon; symmetrically arranged and lasting in color

and freshness, with tea-rose perfume.

HEINRICH MUNCH.—Soft pink; an exceedingly fine sort.

MAD GABRIEL LUIZET.—Light pink.

MAGNA CHARTA.—Extra large, full flowers of unusual depth; bright rose-pink in color.

MARSHALL P. WILDER.—Deep, rich, glowing red; extra large, semi-globular.

PAUL NEYRON.—The largest of all rose blooms; bright shining pink, clear and beautiful; very double and full; finely scented; blooms all summer.

PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN.—Very deep crimson, shaded maroon on inner petals. One of the oldest stand-bys and still unsurpassed in many ways.

ULRICH BRUNER.—Perhaps the largest of all Hybrid Perpetuals when properly grown and disbudded. A lively cherry red that adds brilliancy to any garden.



OTHER ROSES OF EXCEPTIONAL HARDINESS

MAD. PLANTIER (Hybrid China).—One of the most satisfactory Roses for cemetery or yard planting. Clusters of white flowers.

Heavy field-grown plants, each, 85c.; dozen, \$8.50.

HYBRID-RUGOSA ROSE

CONRAD F. MEYER.—The blooms are borne in lavish profusion throughout the entire summer, are a clear lively pink and very double. Price, heavy two-year-old plants, 85c. each; \$8.50 per dozen.



DOROTHY PERKINS

A fine shell-pink rambler for all soils and sections

MOSS ROSES

Quite distinct in both foliage and flowers, these are classed among the hardiest of the species. Equally useful as hedges or as specimen plants.

We offer three varieties, distinct as to color, viz.:—A very large double, **pure white**. A quite unique **rose color** with crested flowers. A very fragrant, glossy **red**, tinged crimson.

Price, any of above Moss Roses, in heavy two-year-old plants, 85c. each; \$8.50 per dozen.

HARDY CLIMBING AND TRAILING ROSES

Our collection of Climbing Roses is, we believe, second to none. Every variety offered in this catalog has been given the most rigid sort of test, so that we can recommend every one of the varieties with entire confidence that they will please all who plant them.

Price (except as noted), strong two-year field-grown plants, 75c. each; \$7.50 per dozen.

Price (except as noted), from five-inch pots, \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen.

In early spring the field-grown plants will give entire satisfaction, though pot-grown plants should be used after growth starts. Climbing Roses may be sent by Parcel Post. See inside back cover for postage rates.

AMERICAN PILLAR.—This is positively one of the most gorgeous climbers that we have ever seen. Its glossy, mildew-proof foliage and extremely strong growth make it desirable for covering summerhouses and arbors; at the same time, its wealth of bloom is truly wonderful. When in bloom it is almost covered with immense clusters of single blossoms, three inches across, that are a lovely apple-blossom pink, with bright golden stamens.

AVIATEUR BLERIOT.—Saffron-yellow flowers, with centers of golden yellow, are produced in clusters. A vigorous grower and quite the finest climbing rose of its color.

DOROTHY PERKINS.—A charming and very valuable rose of American origin, producing clear, shell-pink, double roses in clusters that are very lasting. It is a strong grower, very hardy, and a marvelously profuse bloomer. (See illustration alongside.)

SPECIAL FOR CONNOISSEURS!!

We have a limited number of roses, trained to standard or tree form, of the varieties **Conrad F. Meyer**, described above, and **Mary Lovett**, also **Alida Lovett**, described on opposite page. The Climbers in this form are simply magnificent—imagine a Weeping Mulberry covered with a multitude of fragrant roses—a picture, charming beyond words! Price, each, \$3.50; dozen, \$35.00.

DAHLIAS? Yes, indeed, we can supply them, in a limited number of exhibition varieties, including W. H. Waite's galaxy of 9 "Jersey" glories. Descriptive circular gladly mailed on request.

The Lovely Trio of the Lovett Sisters' Climbing Roses

These are all the result of efforts of the famous hybridizer, Dr. Van Fleet, to whom we are indebted for some of the choicest new creations in Roses. Among climbers the following rank unsurpassed:—

ALIDA LOVETT.—This may be described in brief by saying it is an improved Dr. Van Fleet. In habit it is quite like the popular Van Fleet, but with larger and more beautiful mildew-proof foliage, while the color of the flower is brighter. See illustration below.

Both buds and flowers are large; are of ideal form; are held on stiff stems a foot and a half to two feet long; and the color is a lively bright shell-pink with shadings of rich sulphur at the base of petals—a combination that is both novel and beautiful.

The plant is of strong growth, a free bloomer and of ironclad hardihood; flowering for a long season. It is also quite fragrant. Price, from field, each \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00. From pots, each, \$2.00; dozen, \$20.00.

BESS LOVETT.—Is of strong growth, with large, glossy Silver Moon-like foliage, and, what is remarkable in a climbing rose, the flowers are exquisitely fragrant. There is no other climbing rose we have ever seen that at all approaches, much less rivals, this grand rose in perfume. Flowers are lavishly produced; are of good size, double, full and cupped form (see illustration of a typical flower above), being similar in make-up to the Climbing American Beauty, but very much brighter in color and more fragrant by far.

The color is a clear bright red. The roses, which are very lasting, are also very beautiful in bud and are borne on long stems, hence are admirable for cutting. Price, field-grown, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00. From five-inch pots, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

MARY LOVETT.—The superb pure white climbing rose. It is very much like the beautiful Dr. W. Van Fleet Rose, except in that the large full flowers are pure snow white. They are held on long, strong stems and are delightfully sweet-scented. It blooms in late summer and autumn, as well as in June. It is a strong grower, with abundant mildew-proof foliage, and is exceedingly free flowering. The flowers are very lasting if left upon the plant or when cut. Beyond question, the finest and most valuable climbing white rose as yet offered. Price, field-grown plants, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00. From five-inch pots, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

DR. W. VAN FLEET.—Delicate shell-pink, mildly perfumed flowers are produced abundantly. The perfect pointed buds are large and as perfect as though greenhouse grown, and the open blooms are large and most attractive.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY.—This is of vigorous habit and the flowers are of the same color and fragrance as the popular variety whose name it bears. It is a wonderfully free bloomer.

Note: There are other varieties of Roses we can supply which, for lack of space, are not listed in this catalog. This applies particularly to the Everblooming sorts. Complete lists on request.



BESS LOVETT

The acme of perfection among climbers

Special Offer.—We will supply 1 each of the 3 lovely Lovett Sister Roses, strong field-grown plants, for \$3.00; or from five-inch pots for \$4.50.



ALIDA LOVETT—the greatest pink rambler



THE CHOICEST CLIMBING ROSES—Continued

AUNT HARRIET.—Originated by the famous Rose-hybridizer, Dr. W. Van Fleet. In full bloom it is amazingly fine, with scarlet-crimson Roses loading every branch. Awarded Certificate of Merit, American Rose Society.

CRIMSON RAMBLER.—Produces a profusion of large clusters of deep crimson, semi-double flowers. A splendid variety for covering walls, verandas, etc. Subject to mildew.

ELIZABETH ZEIGLAR.—In both form and color it is way ahead of the ever popular "Dorothy Perkins." A strong grower and profuse bloomer, and the flowers last a long time.

CLIMBING ORLEANS.—Profuse bearer of clusters of semi-double flowers that are geranium red, edged with bright carmine, and with white centers; exceedingly showy.

ERNEST GRANDPIER.—This is a splendid variety to grow for cut flowers. It is glistening white, and so double it has the appearance of a Cape Jasmine. A thrifty grower.

EXCELSA (Red Dorothy Perkins).—Flowers brilliant crimson; plant of Wichuraiana habit and foliage. It has the vigor and profuse bloom of the Dorothy Perkins, and its double flowers of good size are borne in clusters of thirty to forty each. Really an improved Crimson Rambler.

FRAU OCTAVIE HESSE.—In both habit of growth and mildew resistance this very much resembles Ernest Grandpierre. The color, however, is a real deep pink, almost cerise.

GARDENIA (Hardy Marechal Niel).—The very pretty pointed buds of this rose are nankeen yellow, turning to waxy white when expanded, and are held on long stems.

HIAWATHA.—A sturdy variety, producing abundant single flowers of a brilliant ruby carmine, with a clear white eye and a mass of golden stamens.

LADY GAY.—A most profuse bloomer, in large loose clusters. Its color is soft cherry pink, changing to bluish white. A large plant, with cherry pink buds, soft pink flowers and rich green foliage.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER.—A very fine English sort of recent introduction. It surely has won a place for itself, with its large, brilliant scarlet flowers produced in glorious profusion. Though but semi-double, the flowers are of surprisingly large size and are borne long after the June bloomers have seen their day. Winner of many highest awards, including Gold Medal of National Rose Society of England. Heavy 2-year-old field-grown plants, \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen. From pots, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

PURITY.—A single white of exceptional size and beauty. Pronounced the finest single white in cultivation to date. Heavy 2-year-old field-grown plants, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00. From pots, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

SILVER MOON.—Its buds are exquisite in form and color, and its many semi-double flowers are very pretty and decorative; opening a soft nankeen yellow and quickly changing to pure silvery white; are four inches or more in diameter and slightly perfumed. A giant in growth, with abundant, glossy leaves.

Prices of all the varieties listed on this page (except as quoted otherwise) the same as those quoted on page 32 under Climbing Roses.



TAUSENDSCHOEN
or Thousand Beauties

CLIMBING ROSES, Continued

CLIMBING ROSES, Concluded

TAUSENDSCHOEN (Thousand Beauties).—A fine rose indeed. It is a very strong grower, and from early June until well into July it is literally covered with clusters of decorative, semi-double flowers of varied shades of deep to light pink and white. Its bloom is produced in actually bewildering profusion. A peculiar characteristic of this variety is that it has no thorns.

VONDEL.—An everblooming climbing rose. The flowers are apple blossom pink, semi-double, fragrant, and are produced in clusters throughout the summer, but are rather small. Similar to the Empress of India or Apple Blossom Rose.

WICHURAIANA (Memorial Rose).—A perfect trailer, hugging the ground closely. It grows from ten to fifteen feet in a season, and is densely furnished with dark green, glossy foliage. The flowers are single, pure white, with golden yellow stamens and with the delightful fragrance of the dear old Banksia Rose.

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS.—A sport of the popular Dorothy Perkins, and like it in every way except that its flowers are white. Free in bloom and with disease-resistant foliage.

Price, all varieties Climbing Roses (except as noted), strong two-year field-grown plants, 75c. each; \$7.50 per dozen. From five-inch pots, \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen.

BABY RAMBLER AND POLYANTHA ROSES

A most interesting and useful class of roses. All are of somewhat bushy habit and the flowers of nearly all are quite small, but are produced in clusters in great profusion throughout the entire summer and autumn. With us all those offered are hardy without protection. Price (except as noted), from five-inch pots, \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per dozen.

CRIMSON BABY RAMBLER (Mme. Norbert Levavasseur).—The well-known original Baby Rambler. During the entire summer it produces a constant display of small, double purplish-crimson roses in clusters.

ELLEN PAULSON.—Yields a profusion of brilliant deep pink large-sized flowers, borne in clusters.

ERNA TESCHENDORF.—An improved form of the original Baby Rambler, being a more dazzling crimson and the flowers more full than those of its parent. Blooms from May to end of October.

SPECIAL OFFER.—We will supply one strong plant (from 5-inch pot) of each of above 6 Baby Ramblers for \$5.00; 2 of each, 12 in all, for \$9.50.

LAFAYETTE.—The most free-flowering of all Baby Ramblers, reminding one, in its habit, of ever famous "Gruss an Teplitz," among the Everblooming Roses. Of compact, bushy habit, with flowers of great size borne in even greater clusters. Color—a pure crimson, shaded a lighter red as flowers fade. Each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

MRS. CUTBUSH.—Deep bright pink; a very free bloomer; one of the very best.

WHITE BABY RAMBLER (Katherine Zeimet).—The pure white, double flowers of this variety are produced in great profusion for nearly four months. Of dwarf habit.

"HARDY PERENNIALS OR OLD-FASHIONED" FLOWERS

This charming class of plants affords an interest and pleasure given by no other. Once planted they increase in strength and beauty each year, becoming a permanent investment.

Our collection is considered one of the finest in this country. We offer in this catalog only those sorts that can be grown without much care and that we consider the most beautiful.

The prices are for well-developed plants, nearly all of which have been grown in nursery rows. They will bloom profusely the first season.

The weight of Hardy Perennial plants varies greatly with the different varieties. However, in the table of weights on inside back cover the average weight of these plants will be found, from which patrons who wish shipment by mail can determine the amount to remit for postage.

All varieties (unless otherwise noted), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

ACHILLEA. Milfoil

Ptarmica. BOULE DE NIEGE. 15 to 18 in.—The finest of all the Achilleas. Produces larger and more perfect flowers than Achillea "The Pearl"; splendid for cutting.

AEGOPODIUM. Bishop's Weed

Podogaria variegata. 9 to 12 in.—A rapidly growing plant with variegated green and yellow foliage which it holds without fading, even during the hottest weather. A fine border plant for edging groups of shrubs.

ALYSSUM. Madwort

Saxatile compactum. DENSE GOLDEN TUFT. 9 in.—Flat clusters of small, cheerful, light yellow flowers in early spring. Invaluable for rock planting.

ANCHUSA. Alkanet Dropmore. HEAVENLY BLUE FLOWER. 4 to 5 feet.—The flowers are an inch or more across; freely produced in large branching heads during June and July. Of delightful, deep azure or Gentian blue.

Opal. 3 to 4 feet.—Flowers somewhat larger than the preceding variety; a beautiful turquoise blue.

ANEMONE JAPONICA

Japanese Anemones

Alba. 18 in.—Large pure white flowers with yellow stamens.

Queen Charlotte. 2 feet.—Produces beautiful, semi-double pink flowers of extra large size, often four inches across.

Rosea superba. 18 in.—Valuable for its fine form and beautiful, delicate rose color.

Rubra superba.—The fine deep red form.

Whirlwind. 18 in.—Semi-double pure white flowers, two to three inches across.

Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$16.00.

An "Old-fashioned" Hardy Garden "Made to Order"

With a view to introducing our "Hardy Perennials" to as many new patrons as possible we have decided to supply for only \$5.00, fifty husky plants (not more than five of a kind) all of which will bloom this year and for many years to come. This collection will be made up of the very best sorts, including **Aquilegias, Larkspurs, Hollyhocks, Poppies, Phloxes, Irises, Canterbury Bells, Coreopsis, Shasta Daisies, Hardy Chrysanthemums** and many other good sorts. Fifty Plants—\$5.00.



All Perennials (unless otherwise noted), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

ANTHEMIS. Chamomile

Tinctoria. GOLDEN MARGUERITE. 2 feet.—A bushy plant with dark green, finely cut foliage and clear golden-yellow flowers. Blooms during June and July.

ARABIS. Rock Cress

Albida. ALPINA. 8 to 12 in.—A charming little rock plant of low-tufted habit, covered with pure white, fragrant flowers, from early spring to midsummer; thrives in dry places.

ARMERIA

Meritima Lauchiana. SEA THRIFT.—A dwarf growing Perennial with attractive deep rose colored flowers. In growth the plants resemble Hardy Pinks.

ARTEMISIA

Lactiflora.—A desirable new border plant, with large branching panicles of creamy white flower heads. 4 to 5 ft. high. Produced in late summer. Fragrant.

Stelleriana. OLD WOMAN.—Foliage deeply cut; silvery white. 1½ ft.

ASCLEPIAS

Tuberosa. BUTTERFLY FLOWER. 2 feet.—Although occasionally found in fields and meadows throughout the United States, this is one of the most unique and showy of all hardy flowers. Thrives in all soils and produces numerous large, compact, flat heads of bright orange-yellow flowers—a color found in no other perennial.

AQUILEGIA. Columbine

Old-time favorites. Thrive in all soils, even though wet and shaded.

Canadensis. WILD HONEYSUCKLE. 18 in.—Bright red and yellow flowers, on long stems.

Chrysantha. 18 in.—Flowers of rich golden yellow; blooms for two months.

Cerulea. 18 in.—Blue flowers with a white corolla; very beautiful.

Long Spurred Hybrids. 18 in.—The finest of the Columbines. The large flowers are of varied shades of blue, lavender, red and white.

ASTER. Michaelmas Daisy

These Hardy Perennial Asters should not be confused with the large-flowered double China Asters, which are annuals.

Alpinus Superbus. Goliath. 12 in.—Large showy purple flowers in May and June. Valuable for the border and for rockeries.

Nova Anglea. NEW ENGLAND ASTER. 4 ft.—Bluish-purple; large flowers in masses.

Nova Anglea Rosea. 4 ft.—The showiest of all Hardy Asters. Strong growing and exceedingly free flowering. A mass of rosy-pink flowers in late summer.

Robt. Parker.—Large, soft, lavender blue flowers, with yellow centers; extra fine. Height, 5½ ft. A valuable cut flower.

St. Egwin. 3 ft.—A mass of large, delicate, pink flowers in late summer.

Tartaricus. 6 ft.—A tall, late blooming species with dark blue flowers.



Columbines
ever lovely
everywhere

An ideal combination of 2 charming hardy plants:—

Lily of the Valley, with its chaste fragrant bells of purest white; **Double English Violet**, dark purple flowers of great size and fragrance. Both prefer partial shade and make a lovely picture. We will supply 12 clumps of Lily of the Valley and 12 strong plants of the Violet for \$4.00, by express only.



Hardy Asters or Michaelmas Daisies—Midsummer's Perennial Joy and Glory



ASTILBE, QUEEN ALEXANDRA

CAMPANULA**Harebell or Bell Flower**

Carpatica. CARPATHIAN HAREBELL. 9 in.—Dwarf tufted habit. The deep blue flowers are borne on strong stems in generous numbers throughout the summer.

Carpatica Alba. WHITE CARPATHIAN HAREBELL—Identical with the above, except that the flowers are white.

Persicaefolia. PEACH-LEAVED HAREBELL. 18 in.—Of erect habit; producing large, bright blue, bell-shaped flowers on slender, graceful stems.

Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

CANTERBURY BELLS**Campanula Media**

An old favorite; also known as Cup and Saucer. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, and blooms incessantly through July and August, with a profusion of bell-shaped flowers.

In Blue, Pink, and White; also Mixed Colors.

CENTAUREA. Hardheads

Macrocephala.—Bright golden yellow flowers; July and August. 3 feet.

Montana. PERENNIAL CORN FLOWER. 1½ to 2 ft.—A very useful plant; of the easiest culture. During July, August and September produces large, violet-blue, fringe-like flowers.

Montana Alba.—Large white flowers.

Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

CENTRANTHUS

Ruber. RED VALERIAN. JUPITER'S BEARD. 2 ft.—Of spreading habit, with numerous clusters of reddish-purple flowers. Blooms from June to October.

CERASTIUM

Biebersteinii. SNOW IN SUMMER. 6 to 10 in.—A low, densely growing plant, with small silvery leaves which appear as though covered with hoarfrost. Valuable for edging rockeries and for holding steep banks. White flowers.

CIMICIFUGA

Simplex. New. 4 ft.—Dense spikes of pure white flowers in September. Fine for cutting. Succeeds best in partial shade. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

CLEMATIS

Davidiana. 2 to 3 ft.—Produces large clusters of beautiful, fragrant, hyacinth-like flowers of deep celestial blue from mid-July to late September. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

All Perennials (unless otherwise noted), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

ASTILBE. Spiraea

Gladstone. 15 to 18 in.—A great improvement upon the well-known *Astilbe Japonica*; produces lace-like spikes of pure white flowers.

Queen Alexandra.—A beautiful *Astilbe* with soft, dainty pink flowers. Perfectly hardy.

Each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

BAPTISIA. False Indigo

Australis. 3 ft.—A stately species with large spikes of showy dark blue flowers.

BOCCONIA. Plume Poppy

Cordata (Japonica). 5 to 6 ft.—A stately plant with ornamental foliage, producing large terminal spikes of cream-colored flowers.

BOLTONIA

Asteroides. 5 ft.—Pure white flowers in great numbers, forming a cloud of bloom.

Latisquamaea. 5 ft.—Shell pink flowers, with centers of golden yellow, resembling Hardy Asters. Very beautiful.

LOVETT'S DWARF. Latisquamaea Nana. 18 to 24 in.—The flowers are identical with the species. But it flowers with even greater freedom than other *Boltonias*, completely enveloping the plant with bloom. A stocky, sturdy plant. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.



CAMPANULA PERSICAEFOLIA



HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS

When all outdoors assumes drab and dreary hues, when Jack Frost has raised havoc with all tender and most hardy vegetation, then it is that the hardy 'Mums come into their own. It takes October frosts to mature the buds and a brisk November breeze to open them. The glory of a bed of hardy 'Mums is like the reflection of autumn leaves, sunset scenes and rose tints.

Their culture is easiest: plant them into any good soil, 2 feet apart. When the young shoots are 6 inches tall, pinch out the center of each stalk, and repeat this until middle of August, when sturdy, bushy plants should have developed. A mulching with well-decomposed cow manure will be productive of extra-sized flowers in unusual quantities.

After twenty years of study, we consider the following best for outdoor planting.

Adironda.—Early, aster-flowered, golden bronze.

Anna L. Moran.—Midseason, large button, orange-scarlet.

Beth.—Midseason, button, deep claret.

Baby.—Very small, yellow button.

Excelsior.—Aster-flowered, bright yellow.

Excellence (L.F.).—Pure white; tall.

Firelight.—Bright red, aster-flowered.

Frank Wilcox.—Late, aster-flowered, bronze.

Hilda Canning.—Button, light bronze.

Iva.—Button shaped, handsome light bronze.

Jules Lagravere (L.F.).—Deep garnet.

Juliana.—Midseason, large yellow button.

Little Dot.—Midseason, small bronze button.

Miramar.—Midseason, bronze aster-flowered.

Mme. D. L'Argente.—Early midseason, aster-flowered, blush white.

Mrs. C. Robinson.—Midseason, deep rose, aster-flowered.

Mrs. F. H. Bergen.—Midseason, fine, pale pink, aster-flowered.

Mrs. H. Harrison.—Early; wonderfully refined, loosely arranged pale pink button.

Marie Antoinette (L.F.).—Lilac and Rose.

Meyer's Perfection (Anemone-flowered).—Splendid early white.

Nellie Blake.—Early, red orange, aster-flowered.

Nio.—Midseason, pretty, small pink, button.

Petite Louise.—Early, large, rose-pink, aster-flowered.

Provence.—Very early, light pink, aster.

Romaine Warren.—Late, rich bronze.

Rose Travenna.—Midseason, pink, button.

Ruth.—Midseason, large claret button.

Viola.—Midseason, violet-rose, medium button.

William Sobey.—Midseason, a fine yellow, aster-flowered.

White Midget.—Late, pure white button.

Zelia.—Early, fine aster-flowered, yellow.

Strong plants from pots (any of above), each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

UNNAMED CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Large-flowered Pink, Large-flowered Red, Large-flowered White, Brick Red, also Mixed Varieties.

Strong plants from pots, each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

SPECIAL OFFER.—To introduce our splendid Hardy Chrysanthemums, we will send twelve plants, each a different variety, for \$2.00.

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

CONVALLARIA. Lily-of-the-Valley

This universal favorite scarcely needs description. Succeeds best in partial shade, in rich soil with plenty of manure. We offer American-grown plants of the giant-flowered variety, 8 to 10 in.

Each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Strong clumps, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$22.00.

COREOPSIS

Lanceolata. GOLDEN WAVE. 2 to 3 ft.—Probably the best of all hardy yellow flowers for massing. Blooms constantly from June until frost with large, daisy-like flowers on slender, wiry stems. Each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

DAISY. Hardy Daisy

Shasta Daisy. 9 to 12 in.—Luther Burbank's Hybrid Daisy, remarkable for its size, grace and beauty. The flowers are of great substance, on long stems, with numerous petals of pure white and bright yellow centers.

Alaska. 12 to 15 in.—An improvement upon the popular Shasta Daisy, with numerous long, graceful white petals.

California. 12 to 15 in.—A pleasing double lemon yellow.

King Edward VII. 9 to 12 in.—An English variety. Blooms later than most others.

Market Favorite. 12 to 15 in.—A late-blooming variety.

DELPHINIUM. Larkspur

The Perennial Larkspurs are among the most showy of hardy flowering plants.

Belladonna. 3 ft.—Pure turquoise blue; a continuous free bloomer from July until frost.

Bellamosa. 3 to 4 ft.—Similar in form to Belladonna. Color is dark blue. It is not subject to mildew.

Hybridum. ENGLISH LARKSPUR. 3 to 5 ft.—Justly celebrated, for it unites great size of flowers with beauty of color. Exquisite flowers in varied shades of blue, and others of deep indigo and violet metallic hues.

Sinensis. 18 in.—A very graceful semi-dwarf variety, with intense gentian blue flowers in open panicles, and finely cut foliage.

Sinensis alba. 18 in.—Flowers snow white.



DELPHINIUMS—The spires of the garden



LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY — An old-fashioned favorite

DICENTRA. Bleeding Heart

Spectabilis. 1½ to 2 ft.—A well-known hardy perennial, producing freely in spring and early summer beautiful heart-shaped flowers of pale crimson and silvery white, in graceful drooping racemes sometimes a foot long. Fern-like foliage. Each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

DIGITALIS. Foxglove

Gloxinaeflora. 1½ to 2 ft. A large-flowered form of the old-fashioned Foxglove. White, Purple, Pink, and Mixed Colors.

DESMODIUM. Bush Trefoil

Penduliflorum. 3 to 4 ft.—An exceedingly attractive, and effective, shrubby plant with large, long, drooping clusters of showy reddish-purple flowers along the branches. Each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50.

ECHINOPS. Globe Thistle

Ritro.—Interesting and showy thistle-like plants with globular heads of deep metallic blue flowers. Attractive a long time when dried. 2 to 3 ft.

ERYNGIUM. Sea Holly

Amethystinum. 3 to 5 ft.—Unique and effective. The flower heads are a peculiar bluish metallic hue, resembling the thistle.

DAHLIAS? Yes, indeed, we can supply them, in a limited number of exhibition varieties, including W. H. Waite's galaxy of 9 "Jersey" glories. Descriptive circular gladly mailed on request.



The exotic beauty of Foxgloves makes them dear to the hearts of lovers of the unusual among hardy plants

GAILLARDIA. Blanket Flower

Grandiflora. 12 to 18 in.—Flowers have red centers with rings of crimson, maroon, orange or vermillion, tipped with orange or lemon.

Golden Queen. 12 to 18 in.—Quite distinct. Large flowers, profusely produced; a rich golden yellow throughout. A Lovett product.

HELIANTHEMUM. Rock or Sun Rose

Croceum. 6 in.—An evergreen plant of low habit; deep yellow flowers in late summer.

HARDY GRASSES

Eulalia Gracillima. JAPAN RUSH: 6 ft.—Graceful, tall, deep green narrow foliage with white midrib.

Eulalia Japonica. 5 to 6 ft.—Broad, deep green leaves which curve gracefully downward. In autumn, each tall stem is surmounted with a large, feathery tuft or plume.

Eulalia Japonica Variegata. 4 to 5 ft.—Leaves distinctly striped with white.

Eulalia Japonica Zebrina. ZEBRA GRASS. 4 to 5 ft.—A curious, variegated form with bands of yellow across the green leaves.

Eulalias, each 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

Pennisetum Japonicum. HARDY FOUNTAIN GRASS. 4 ft.—Has narrow, bright-green leaves. Flower heads are shaded with bronzy purple. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

Phalaris arundinacea picta. RIBBON GRASS. 1 foot.—Green, variegated with white stripes. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

HELENIUM. Sneezewort

Autumnale Superbum. 5 ft.—A strong-growing plant, covered with branching heads of bright golden flowers in late summer.

Riverton Gem. 2½ to 3 ft.—Covered, from August to October, with flowers of old gold, suffused with terra cotta.

Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$18.00.

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

EUPATORIUM. Thoroughwort

Ageratoides. 3 to 4 ft.—Produces in September a profusion of white, fuzzy flowers.

Coelestinum. HARDY AGERATUM. 2 ft.—An invaluable species, covered with rich blue flowers from early August to October. The flowers resemble deeply colored Ageratum.

EUPHORBIA

Corollata. FLOWERING SPURGE.—A most showy and useful native plant 18 inches high, and bearing, throughout summer, umbels of white flowers with green eye.

FUNKIA. Plantain Lily

Coerulea. BLUE DAY LILY. 18 to 24 in.—Glossy foliage on tall stems, clothed with lily-like flowers during July and August.

Lancifolia undulata variegata. VARIEGATED DAY LILY. 12 to 15 in.—Wavy foliage beautifully variegated with white.

Sieboldiana. 18 to 24 in.—Tall white flowers with a pale lilac tinge.

Subcordata Grandiflora. WHITE DAY LILY. 15 to 20 in.—Long, trumpet-shaped, pure white flowers. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

GALEUM

Boreale. BED STRAW. 3 ft.—A graceful airy plant, covered with white flowers in June and July.

GYPSOPHILA

Paniculata. BABY'S BREATH. 3 ft.—A popular old-fashioned perennial. Forms a compact, symmetrical bush covered in August and September with loose panicles of small white flowers. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

Paniculata fl. pl. DOUBLE BABY'S BREATH. 3 ft.—A double form of the above. A rare perennial. Each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.



HELENIUM AUTUMNALE SUPERBUM

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

HELIANTHUS. Hardy Sunflower

Popular free-flowering plants that succeed everywhere. Excellent for use in borders.

Maximiliana. 5 to 7 ft.—Large, decorative flowers of clear yellow. October up to frost.

Miss Mellish. 6 ft.—Bright yellow flowers in profusion during September and October.

Mollis. DOWNY SUNFLOWER. 3 to 4 ft.—Silvery foliage; single yellow flowers.

Multiflorus Grandiplenus. SOLEIL D'OR. 3 to 4 ft.—The best of the double Sunflowers.

HEMEROCALLIS. Day Lily

Citrina. 2½ to 3 ft.—The finest of the Hemerocallis. The large tubular flowers are light lemon yellow, and delightfully fragrant. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

Dumortieri. GOLDEN DAY LILY. 20 in.—Showy and effective; flowers bright orange.

Flava. LEMON LILY. 2½ to 3 ft.—Flowers large, fragrant, wax-like, lemon-yellow.

Florham. 3 to 3½ ft.—Has large, sweet-scented, golden flowers in June and July.

Gold Dust. 2½ ft.—Bright yellow, tinged with red, the reverse of petals and buds bronzy yellow.

Kwanso. DOUBLE DAY LILY. 3 ft.—Large double flowers of rich coppery yellow.

Orangeman. 2 to 3 ft.—Large orange-yellow flowers.

Thunbergi. JAPANESE LEMON LILY. 3 to 4 ft.—Blooms later than the others—in September. The fragrant flowers are bright yellow.

Prices, except as noted, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

HELIOPSIS

Orange Sunflower

Pitcheriana. 2 to 3 ft.—The flowers are deep golden yellow, of leathery texture and freely produced throughout the summer. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

Scabra excelsa.—Double flowers of rich chrome yellow. A new and valuable variety. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

HESPERIS

Matronalis (Sweet Rocket).—White and pink flowers. 2 ft. May and June. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

HEUCHERA. Alum Root

Sanguinea. CORAL BELLS. 18 in.—Ornamental in foliage and beautiful in flower. The blossoms are of a brilliant coral. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$18.00.

HIBISCUS. Mallow

Militaris. HALBERT - LEAVED ROSE MALLOW. 4 to 5 ft.—A spreading bush thickly studded with exquisitely formed flowers, three to five inches in diameter, ivory white or pale blush. Begins to flower in July.

Meehan's Mallow Marvels. 6 to 8 ft.—The large flowers (eight to ten inches in diameter) appear early in August and continue until frost. Fiery crimson, blood red, pink and white. Mixed colors, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

Selected Blood Red or Pink; extra strong roots, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

Moscheutos. MARSHMALLOW. 3 to 5 ft.

—Strong-growing bushy plants, with large leaves and large, bell-shaped flowers during late summer and autumn. **Alba**, or pure white; **Crimson Eye**, white with large spot of rich crimson at the center; **Rosea**, clear bright pink; **Mixed**, shades of pink, white, and white with pink eye.

Price, except as noted, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

SUPERB HOLLYHOCKS

Double Hollyhocks.—Not only are the flowers very large and wonderfully perfect in makeup, but they are produced in far greater numbers and for a much longer season than the Hollyhocks of "Grandmother's Garden." We grow them in separate colors, namely: **Maroon, Pink, Red, White, and Yellow.** Extra selected field-grown roots, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

Double Hollyhocks, Mixed Colors.—Strong roots, each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Single Hollyhocks.—The "old-fashioned Hollyhocks," much improved in size, and purity of color.

All colors mixed, strong field-grown roots, each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

IBERIS. Candytuft

Sempervirens. 8 to 10 in.—A shrubby low-growing plant with evergreen foliage, completely covered in spring with clusters of pure white flowers. Especially valuable for borders and rock gardens.

Gibraltar. 10 to 12 in.—A variety of recent introduction which appears to be quite an improvement upon **Sempervirens**, with a larger head of bloom and the individual flowers larger than **Sempervirens**.

Snowflake. 8 to 10 in.—A greatly improved variety. Its pure white flowers are larger than other varieties and appear in lavish masses during May and June.

Each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.



Stately Hollyhocks

IMPERIAL JAPANESE IRIS**Iris Kaempferi**

Nothing among hardy flowers is more truly grand than Imperial Japanese Iris. They begin to flower about the middle of June and continue for a month.

Most of the varieties in our collection were selected by Prof. Georgeson in Japan, and we believe them to be as fine as it is possible to secure anywhere at any price.

Double White. GOLD BOUND.—Six large, open milk-white petals, deep yellow at base.

Oriole.—Plum, shading to deep plum toward center, with bright yellow at center. Double.

Peacock.—Nine large overlapping petals; violet purple, veined with white.

Pyramid.—Nine large petals, indigo blue, veined with white.

Stella.—Three violet petals, veined white.

Strong roots, each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$18.00.

JAPANESE IRIS. Mixed Varieties

These are all good varieties, the labels of which have become lost. Splendid, strong roots, each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.00.

Liberty Iris or Fleur de Lis. The National Flower of France.

It would be difficult to surpass, in form or variety of exquisite colors, these varieties of Iris; for almost any color, except bright red, can be found among them. They invariably flower in profusion and are so hardy and sturdy they succeed with very little care. All are splendid for use as cut flowers in addition to their value for lawn adornment. The upright petals are termed "stands"; the drooping ones, "falls."

A Cultural Hint.—Most planters set Iris roots too deeply. They should be so placed that the neck of the root is just level with the surface.

Well-grown flowers of Japanese Iris measure 8 to 10 inches across. They are truly regal in their splendor.

**LIBERTY IRIS OF UNUSUAL MERIT**

Florentina alba. SILVER QUEEN.—Stands and falls porcelain, shading to pure white; flowers large; blooms very early; fragrant.

Iris King.—Stands clear lemon yellow; falls rich maroon, bordered with yellow. Flowers very large and exceedingly brilliant in color.

Pallida Dalmatica (true).—Stands tender lavender; falls deeper lavender with shadings of soft blue. Flowers very large and fragrant. Tall habit.

Purple Queen. FLORENTINE BLUE.—Stands and falls rich violet purple. Flowers very large; the earliest of all. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

STANDARD VARIETIES

Abd-el-Kadir. VICTORIA.—Stands smoked yellow; falls yellow, veined purple plum.

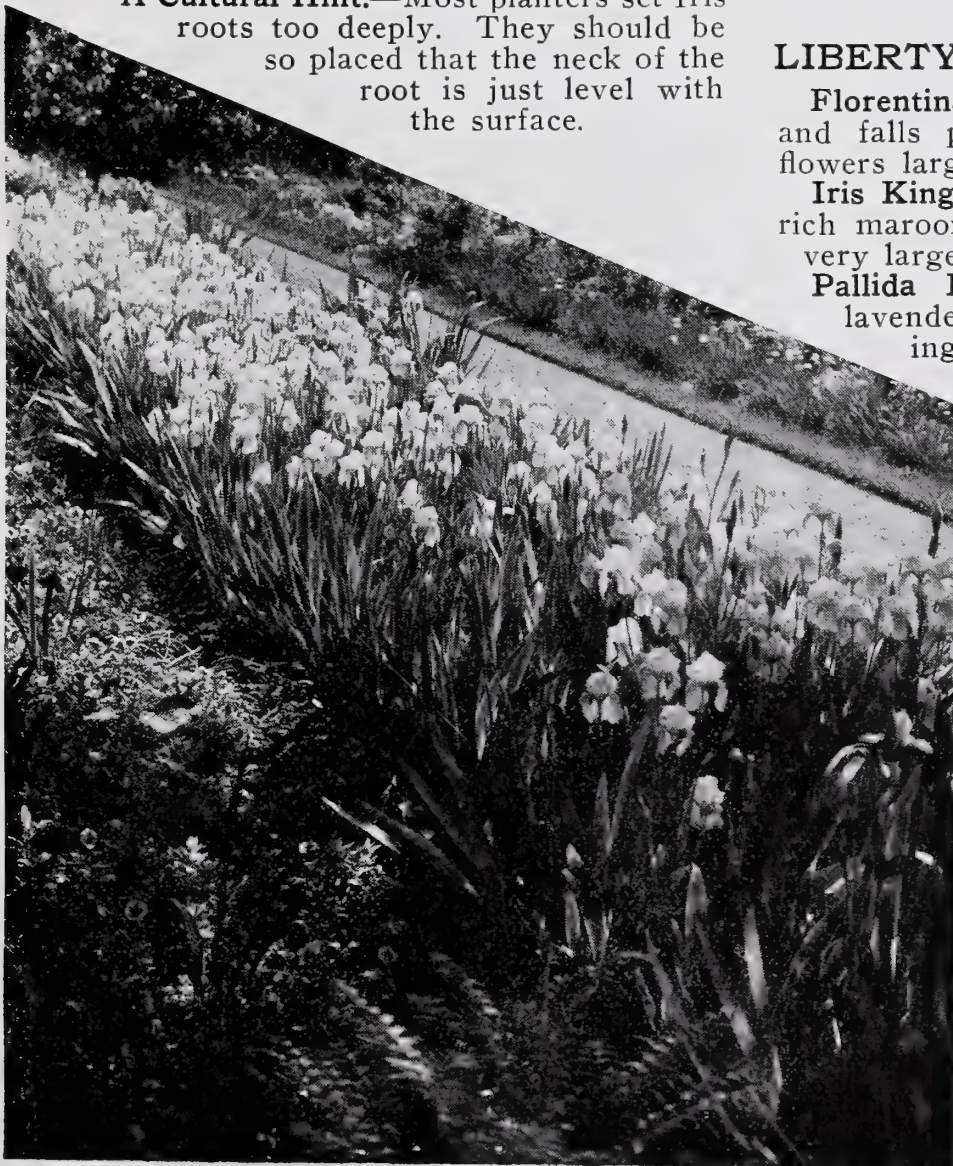
Brooklyn.—Stands porcelain; falls light blue, veined with russet shading to light blue.

Celeste.—Pure celestial blue throughout, shading to porcelain; large open flowers.

Chas. Dickens. OROVA.—Stands light violet; falls indigo with white at base.

Charlotte Patti. BRILLIANT.—Stands golden, falls light yellow, veined white.

Price, 15c. each; \$1.50 dozen; \$10.00 per 100.



LIBERTY IRIS—JUNE'S GLORY

LIBERTY IRIS—Cont'd.

Darius.—Stands, lemon yellow; falls, light yellow, blotched and marbled with rosy lilac.

Delicata.—Stands, delicate straw tinted with rose; falls, deep lilac shading to white.

Donna Maria. EDITH COOK.—Stands, azure; falls, indigo, white base veined with indigo.

Dr. Parnet.—Stands, soft rosy lilac; falls, pure lilac shading to white.

H. Cramer.—Stands, deep celestial blue; falls, pure Yale blue; tall habit; blooms early.

Herant.—Stands bluish-lilac; falls, violet in center and lilac blue at edge of petals.

La Tendre. BRIDESMAID, EDINA.—Stands, porcelain; falls, light blue, veined violet.

Leopold.—Stands, smoked lavender; falls, light purple shading to white at base.

Pallida Speciosa.—Stands, violet; falls, plum with white at base.

Pauline.—Stands, bright blue; falls, darker.

Pres. Thiers.—Stands, mauve, brown at base; falls, purple, base marked brown and white.

Queen of May. ROSY GEM.—Stands, bright rosy lilac; falls, a shade darker. Showy.

Rebecca. HONORABILIS. SANS SOUCI.—Stands, golden yellow; falls, mahogany brown.

Sir Robert Peel. ZEPHYR.—Stands light and falls dark blue.

All above, 15c. each; dozen, \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.

Varieties Mixed, each, 12c.; dozen, \$1.25; 100, \$7.50.

IRIS PSEUDO ACORUS

Water Flag. 2 to 3 ft.—Of tall habit. Produces golden yellow flowers in June. Prefers a moist or wet situation. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$15.00.

SIBERIAN IRIS. Iris Sibirica

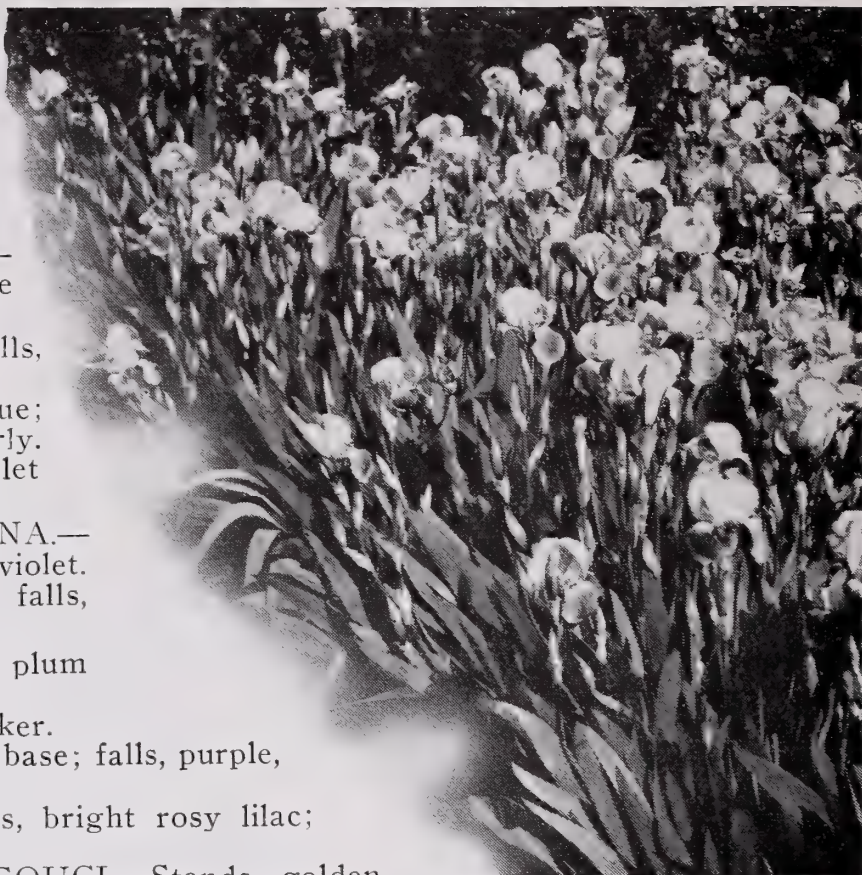
Flowers similar in form to those of the Liberty Iris, but smaller. Excellent for cutting.

Blue King.—Clear, rich blue.

Orientalis.—Rich violet blue.

Snow Queen.—Pure milk white.

Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.00.



LIBERTY IRIS

IRIS PUMILA HYBRIDS

8 in. Mixed.—These Hybrids were produced by Dr. Van Fleet, the celebrated plant hybridizer. We offer them in mixed colors only. The colors range through the various shades of blue and yellow. Many show bloom early in May. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

LATHYRUS. Perennial Pea

Latifolius. EVERLASTING PEA.—A climbing plant, valuable for covering trellises, stumps of trees, etc. Flowers are deep rosy red.

Mary Lovett. PINK BEAUTY.—A variety of great beauty that originated at Lovett's Nursery. The flowers are soft, rosy-carmine.

White Pearl.—A snow-white variety, with flowers much larger than those of the old white sort. They are produced in large trusses from early July until September.

Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

LIATRIS. Blazing Star

Pycnostachya. KANSAS GAY FEATHER. 4 to 5 ft.—Handsome and very showy; pale purple flowers on tall, round, dense spikes. Prefers a dry soil. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

LILIUM. Lily

No "hardy border" is complete without hardy lilies.

Auratum. GOLDEN-BANDED LILY.—Immense bell-shaped flowers, ivory white, thickly marked with chocolate dots, and with a stripe of bright yellow through the center of each petal. Very fragrant. Large bulbs. Each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50. Giant bulbs, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

SPECIOSUM LILIES

The most popular of all Lilies for outdoor culture. Fragrant. All are hardy.

Speciosum album.—White with faint dots and a light green band through the center of each petal. Large bulbs, each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50. Giant bulbs, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.



A Lily Border Like This Constitutes a Perennial Joy

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

LILIUM SPECIOSUM—Continued

Magnificum.—Comparatively new sort; an improvement on *rubrum*, larger, brighter. Large bulbs, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

Melpomene.—Words fail to describe the beauty of this variety. The flowers are frosted white, spotted, clouded and bordered with pinkish crimson. Petals incurved. Large bulbs, each, 40c.; dozen, \$4.00.

Rubrum.—Very much like *S. album*, except that the white, waxy, recurved petals are shaded and spotted with rosy-carmine. Large bulbs, each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50. Monster bulbs, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

LOBELIA

Cardinalis. CARDINAL FLOWER. 1½ to 2 ft.—Startling in the brilliancy of its bloom. Flowers, cardinal red, are borne in dense spikes in autumn.

LUPINUS. Lupine

Moerheimii. Soft rose. June.

Polyphyllus. 3 ft.—Large flowering spikes of pea-shaped deep blue flowers, from June until September.

Polyphyllus albus.—White flowers.

LYCHNIS. Campion

Chalcedonica. MALTESE CROSS. 3 ft.—A fine old sort with close heads of brilliant scarlet flowers.

Viscaria fl. pl. DOUBLE RED LYCHNIS. 18 in.—A magnificent variety with thickly tufted evergreen foliage, which turns to brilliant colors in autumn. The flowers are in tall spikes; of pure rosy-red color and pleasantly fragrant.

LYSIMACHIA

Clethroides. LOOSESTRIFE. 18 in.—Flowers pure white, in long, dense spikes. Blooms from July till September.

LYTHRUM

Roseum superbum. ROSE LOOSESTRIFE. 3 to 4 feet.—Literally covered in July and August with spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

MONARDA. Bergamot

Didyma splendens. OSWEGO TEA OR BEE BALM. 2 to 3 feet.—Large heads of intense rich crimson-scarlet flowers.



MYOSOTIS. Forget-Me-Not

Palustris semperflorens. 4 to 8 in.—A lovely little plant especially valuable for rocky, or moist, situations. Small, pale blue flowers.

OENOTHERA. Evening Primrose

Pilgrimi. 12 inches.—The finest of the Evening Primroses. Bears large clusters of bright yellow flowers. Splendid for rockery.

SELECT DOUBLE PEONIES

The Peony flowers in May and June. We offer an excellent collection of varieties.

Except as noted, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

Coronne d'Or (Crown of Gold).—Snow white, reflecting the golden stamens.

Duchesse De Nemours.—Pure white crown, sulphur-white collar. Fragrant.

Edulis Superba.—L'Esperance. Bright rosy pink, fragrant, free bloomer.

Felix Crousse.—Dazzling crimson, extra large. Each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

Floral Treasure.—Large fragrant flowers of clear, tender pink.

Festiva Maxima.—Pure white, with dashes of blood red at center.

Fragrans.—Deep rose; large, fragrant.

Humei.—Soft pink; large and full; late.

Lady Bramwell.—Soft, silvery rose.

Madame De Verneville.—Extra large; pure white with blush center; prominent carmine flecks. Free blooming.

Madame Jules Elie.—Globular crown; guards violet-rose, collar cream-white, center flecked crimson. Fragrant. Each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

Marie Lemoine.—Ivory white; gigantic blooms.

Queen Victoria.—One of the most abundantly flowering of all varieties; pure white.

Rubra Superba.—Large, compact, informal rose type. Deep rose-carmine or crimson. Fragrant. Very late.

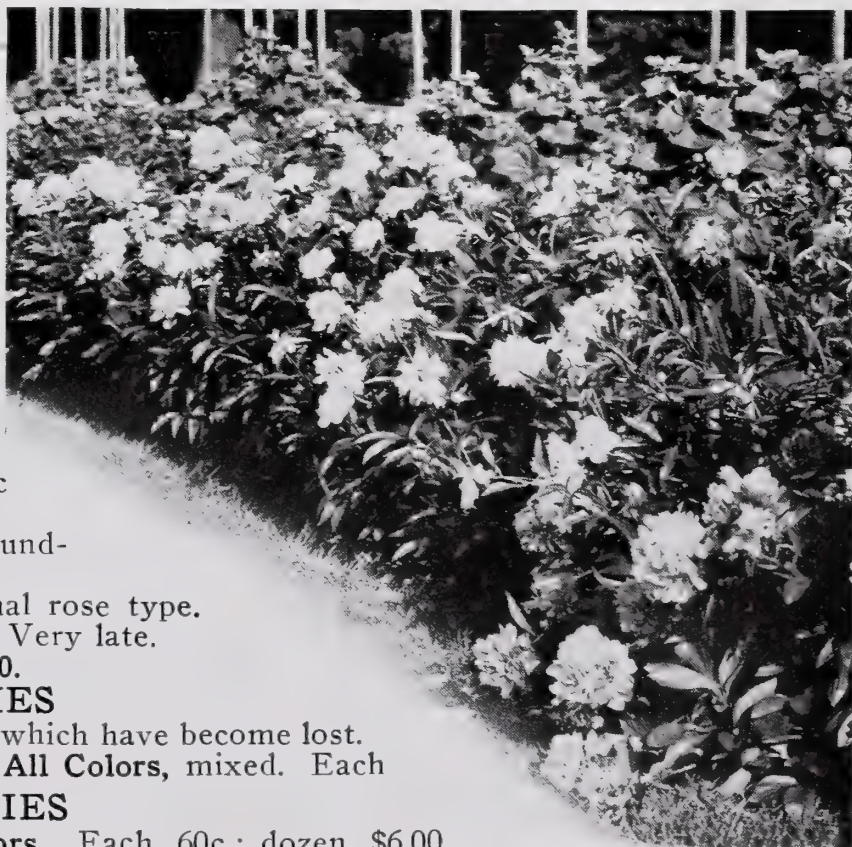
Except as noted, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50.

MIXED DOUBLE PEONIES

These are all good varieties, the labels of which have become lost. Pink, various shades. White, all doubles. All Colors, mixed. Each 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

SINGLE PEONIES

Kelway's choice varieties. Mixed Colors. Each, 60c.; dozen, \$6.00.



All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

PARDANTHUS

Sinensis. BLACKBERRY LILY. 3 to 4 ft.—An interesting plant, bearing great numbers of lily-like flowers of rich orange yellow, thickly spotted with dark crimson and brown.

PENSTEMON. Beard Tongue

Barbatus Torreyi, 3 or 4 ft., with spikes of bright scarlet flowers in June and July.

Digitalis. 2 to 3 feet.—Long white flowers, with purple throats, in large spikes during June and July.

HARDY PHLOX

Our Hardy Phloxes were awarded a special prize by the American Institute of New York.

Albion.—White, with faint red eye.

Beacon.—Brilliant cherry red.

Bouquet Fleuri.—Pure white, carmine eye.

Bridesmaid.—White, with large crimson eye.

Coquelicot.—Scarlet.

Eclaireur.—Large, early, bright purple.

Elizabeth Campbell.—One of the finest varieties as yet introduced. Large trusses of large, clear pink flowers. Gorgeous beyond words. Each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

Etna.—Crimson, cherry red eye.

Fantome.—Deep lavender, edged and shaded white; dwarf.

Faust.—White, with carmine center.

Ferd Cortez.—Carmine, with crimson eye.

F. G. Von Lassburg.—Largest, pure white.

Independence.—Pure white; quite dwarf.

Isabey.—Salmon pink.

Lothair.—Bright crimson.

Miss Lingard.—Long spikes of white flowers, with eye of faint lavender. Probably the best of all the Phloxes. Earliest to bloom.

Pantheon.—Rose pink.

Pecheur D'Island.—Lavender cerise.

Richard Wallace.—White, with violet eye.

R. P. Struthers.—Cherry red, suffused salmon.

Rynstrom.—Rose pink; very large.

Siebold.—Orange scarlet, crimson center.

Sir Edward Landseer.—Bright crimson.

Except as noted, each 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$15.00.

PHLOX SUBULATA

Moss or Mountain Pink

Of very dwarf habit. Thrives everywhere. Produces a sheet of bloom in early spring.

Alba, pure white; **Rosea**, bright rosy pink. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00.

HARDY PINKS. Dianthus

Abbotsford.—Carmine pink; large.

Arthur.—White, with dark maroon center.

Essex Witch.—Pure bright pink.

Her Majesty.—Of large size, white, fragrant.

Plumarius nanus fl. pl. EARLY FLOWERING PINK—Flowers two weeks earlier than the old types. Very fragrant; rich colors.

Miss America.—Dazzling crimson flowers, which, in size, compare favorably with greenhouse-grown carnations—a sensational discovery from Pennsylvania, where, apparently, it had thrived for years without the slightest protection. A constant bloomer from June until frost. Each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.

PLATYCODON. Bell Flower

Mariesi. 18 in.—Semi-dwarf habit. Star-like flowers of intense dark blue, all summer.

Mariesi Alba. 18 in.—Flowers are white.



Where Phlox competes with Lilies and Black-eyed Susans in making early July a treat to the gardener

PHYSOSTEGIA

Virginica. DRAGON HEAD. 3 to 4 feet.—The shell-pink flowers resemble large heather, or small orchids. June until frost.

Virginica alba. 3 ft.—Pure white flowers.

PLUMBAGO. Leadwort

Larpentae. 6 inches.—A dwarf, spreading plant with small, attractive leaves and a profusion of very pretty, deep blue flowers.

POLYGONUM

Amplexicaule Oxyphyllum. MOUNTAIN FLEECE. 2 to 3 feet.—A strong, robust plant, covered with panicles of small white flowers.

Compactum. 12 to 15 inches.—Creamy-white.

Cuspidatum. GIANT KNOTWEED. 10 to 12 feet.—Its large, glossy foliage forms a mass of verdure. Clusters of drooping, creamy-white flowers during August and September.

GORGEOUS ORIENTAL POPPIES

Papaver Orientale

These large-flowered Poppies are most effective when planted in the border among shrubbery, or in masses upon the lawn. The intensely brilliant flowers are five to seven inches across, freely produced during May and June on tall stems.

Goliath.—Flowers large, bright scarlet.

Mrs. Perry.—Orange-apricot.

Orientele.—Intense crimson, each flower having a large spot as black as night in the center.

O. Flanders.—Described as being as the poppies in Flanders—maroon, shaded crimson.

Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

ICELAND POPPIES

Papaver Nudicaule

Great numbers of flowers on slender stems, a foot long throughout the summer. The flowers vary in color from white to orange.

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

PRIMULA. Primrose

Officinalis. POLYANTHUS or COWSLIP. 9 inches.—Deep maroon flowers with bright yellow eyes.

Veris. 15 inches.—The mammoth flowers are bright canary yellow.

Vulgaris. ENGLISH PRIMROSE. 6 to 9 inches.—Bright lemon yellow.

PYRETHRUM

Roseum Hybridum. PAINTED DAISIES. 12 to 18 inches.—Unsurpassed for refined beauty and attractive foliage. They are truly "Colored Marguerites," in wide color range.

Uligincsum. GIANT DAISY. 3 to 4 feet. Pure white flowers, with yellow centers, in great masses in autumn.

RUDBECKIA. Coneflower

Laciniata fl. pl. GOLDEN GLOW. 5 to 6 feet. Tall, branching plants, completely covered with golden yellow flowers.

Nitida Hirsuta.—A valuable variety, producing a great abundance of large, single, bright golden yellow flowers with long waving petals.

Purpurea. GIANT PURPLE CONE FLOWER. 2 to 3 feet.—Reddish-purple flowers about 4 inches across.

Sub-Tomentosa. BLACK-EYED SUSAN. 3 feet.—Lemon-yellow flowers, purplish centers.

SALVIA. Sage

Azurea. CALIFORNIA BLUE SAGE. 3 to 4 feet.—During August and September entirely covered with charming blue panicles.

Pitcheri.—Rich gentian blue flowers that are larger than those of *S. Azurea*.

SANTOLINA

Incana. 6 to 9 inches.—Evergreen and very hardy.

SCABIOSA

Caucasica.—Beautiful, soft lavender-blue flowers on long stems 2 feet high.
Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

SEDUM. Stonecrop

Acre. GOLDEN MOSS OR WALL PEPER. 4 inches.—Each, 15c.; dozen, \$1.50.

Spectabilis "Brilliant."—An improved variety of a showy red hue. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

All Perennials (unless noted otherwise), each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$12.50.

SPIRAEA. Meadow Sweet

Aruncus. GOAT'S BEARD. 3 to 5 feet.—Creamy-white flowers.

Palmata. CRIMSON MEADOW SWEET. 3 ft.—Crimson-purple flowers on purple stems.

Palmata Elegans.—Similar to the preceding, but with silvery-pink flowers.

Ulmaria Var.—Foliage with variegations of bright yellow along midrib of each leaf.

STATICE

Latifolia. SEA LAVENDER. 12 to 18 inches.—Has abundant tough, deep green leaves, and large heads of small, lavender-blue flowers.

STOKESIA. Cornflower Aster

Cyanea. 18 to 24 inches.—Blooms from July until late into October. Delicate lavender-blue flowers.

SWEET WILLIAM. (London Tufts)

Dianthus Barbatus

We can supply them in separate colors, viz.: Pink, Red, and White; also Mixed Colors.

TRITOMA (Kniphofia)

Red Hot Poker, or Torch Lily

New Hybrid Flame Flower.—Stout stems, from three to four feet high, crowned with large spikes or heads of rich, vivid orange-scarlet. Needs protection. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50.

VALERIANA

Officinalis. HARDY GARDEN HELIOTROPE. ST. GEORGE'S HERB. 2 to 3 feet.—Large flower heads of small, light pink flowers, with the odor of Heliotrope.

VERONICA. Speedwell

Longifolia Subsessilis. BLUE JAY FLOWER. 2 to 2½ feet.—Blue spikes a foot long.

Spicata. 1 to 2 feet.—Produces in summer a wealth of deep blue flowers.

VIOLA. Violet

Double English. 4 to 8 inches.—The popular double, hardy variety. Very double, dark purple, and exceedingly fragrant flowers. Prefers partial shade. These, intermingled with Lily of the Valley, are stunning.

Gov. Herrick.—Undoubtedly the best of the single flowered varieties for growing out-of-doors.



SEDUM SPECTABILIS, BRILLIANT, WITH VERONICA SPICATA ON RIGHT HAND END OF PICTURE

CHOICE DECIDUOUS SHRUBS AND DWARF TREES

Owing to the difficulty and expense of packing for shipment Deciduous Trees in small lots, we include in the following list only those of somewhat dwarf habit. Prices for other varieties, of which we have a large assortment of varieties and sizes, will be cheerfully given upon request.

The prices quoted are for well-developed stocky plants. A dozen of any variety will be supplied for ten times the price of one (six for five times the price of one), but this dozen rate can be used only when six or more of a variety are taken. When less than six of a variety are ordered, the price per plant applies. The hundred rate of any variety will be promptly sent if desired. **We solicit an opportunity to give special quotations upon lists of Shrubs and Ornamental Trees for landscape planting.**

Shipment should be made by express or freight, as the plants are very large for mailing.

ALTHEA. Rose of Sharon

Double.—Choice, named varieties. 1½ to 2 ft., 35c.; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each.

Standard.—Straight stem, 4 to 5 feet high, with full, well-formed heads. Mixed colors. \$2.50 each.

AMYGDALUS. Flowering Almond

Japonica Nana.—Showy, double, soft pink flowers in early spring.

Japonica Nana Alba.—White form of above.

Either variety, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each.

AZALEA

Calendulacea.—The flowers ranging from lemon yellow to crimson are borne profusely early in May. This is among the showiest of all Azaleas. Perfectly hardy even in the coldest sections.

Heavy, well budded specimens 12 to 18 in. high, \$2.50 each; \$25.00 per dozen.

Azalea Viscosa. Swamp Azalea, commonly known as "Swamp Honeysuckle."—Thrives equally well in moist places and in dry upland locations. Its hardiness, season of flowering and delightfully fragrant flowers make the variety more popular year by year. White or slightly rose-tinged flowers.

Well budded specimens, 1½ to 2 ft. high, \$2.00 each; \$20.00 per dozen.

BERBERIS or Barberry

(See Hedge plants, page 53)

BUDDLEIA or Butterfly Shrub

MAGNIFICA.—The long, graceful spikes of flowers are of a pleasing, rich violet-rose and are produced in profusion from early June until late autumn. Splendid large plants, 50c. each.

CALYCANTHUS OR ALLSPICE

FLORIDUS OR CAROLINA ALLSPICE.

(Sweet Scented or Strawberry Shrub).—Bears great numbers of double, dull brownish purple flowers of exquisite, aromatic, strawberry-like fragrance. 1½ to 2 ft., 40c.; 2 to 3 ft., 60c. each.

CERCIS. Judas Tree

CANADENSIS. AMERICAN JUDAS TREE.—Pea-shaped, rosy-pink flowers in early spring. 3 to 4 ft., 75c.; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00 each.

CORNUS. Dogwood

ALBA (Siberica). Red-barked Dogwood.—Vivid, bright red bark, hence very showy. 2 to 3 ft., 40c.; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.

FLORIDA. White-flowered Dogwood.—In late May and early June it is enveloped in white flowers. 4 ft., 75c.; 6 ft., \$1.25; 8 ft., \$2.00 each.

FLORIDA RUBRA. Red-flowered Dogwood.—With rosy-pink flowers. Blooms during May and early June. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00 each.

PANICULATA. Gray Dogwood.—The flowers are succeeded by white fruit on red peduncles, presenting a pretty effect. 2 to 3 ft., 40c. ea.



BUDDLEIA MAGNIFICA — the fragrant butterfly shrub

CORNUS STOLONIFERA AUREA. Golden-barked Dogwood.—Has yellow bark, 2 to 3 ft., 40c.; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.

DEUTZIA

CRENATA FL. PL. Double Deutzia.—Of tall habit. In June, has racemes of double white flowers, tinted with pink.

CRENATA ALBA FL. PL. Pride of Rochester.—Pure white form of above.

GRACILIS.—Of dwarf habit. Pendulous white flowers in June. 12 to 18 in., 40c. each.

LEMOINEI.—Dwarf habit. In June the plants bear white flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 50c. each.

SCABRA WATERERI.—Good growers with beautiful, single pink flowers in June.

Prices, except as noted, 3 to 4 ft., 40c.; 4 to 5 ft., 50c. each.

EXOCHORDA or Pearl Bush

GRANDIFLORA.—White flowers in profusion. Soft, light green foliage. 2 to 3 ft., 50c.; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each.

FORSYTHIA. Golden Bell

INTERMEDIA.—Very free-flowering.

SIEBOLDII.—Abundant yellow plumes in April.

VIRIDISSIMA. Green-barked Forsythia.—A free-flowering shrub of spreading habit and yellowish green bark. Bell-shaped bright yellow flowers in early spring.

2 to 3 ft., 40c.; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.

HYDRANGEA

ARBORESCENS STERILIS (*Arborescens Grandiflora*). Snowball Hydrangea.—Of upright habit and perfectly hardy. It has large full heads of snow-white flowers in lavish profusion, from late in June until late in August.

PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.—In August it produces broad terminal panicles of pure white flowers, frequently a foot long.
1½ to 2 ft., 50c.; 2 to 3 ft., 75c. each.

LIGUSTRUM or Privet

Privets are described in detail on page 52. The entire family ranks first in usefulness as hedge plants.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

FRAGRANTISSIMA. Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle.—Of strong-growing and spreading habit. The exquisitely fragrant flowers are pinkish pearl, and appear very early.

MORROWII.—Of graceful habit. Produces white flowers in May, succeeded by a profusion of showy red berries in late summer.

TARTARICA. Tartarian Bush Honeysuckle.—An old favorite; of spreading habit, with deep green foliage. The fragrant pink flowers appear in May in great profusion and are followed by pretty, waxy, light red berries.

Any of three varieties, 2 to 3 ft., 50c.; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each.

RHODOTYPUS

KERRIOIDES. White Kerria.—A clean, attractive shrub that produces conspicuous, pure white flowers in May and showy, jet black berries in late summer. 1½ to 2 ft., 35c. each.

PHILADELPHUS. Syringa

CORONARIUS. Mock Orange.—An old variety that remains very popular. Of upright habit and produces in June a wealth of white fragrant flowers that resemble orange blossoms in appearance and color.

GRANDIFLORUS.—Similar to the preceding, with larger flowers that are not so fragrant; stronger grower.

ZEYHERI.—Tall-growing, with large, fragrant white flowers. A fine sort.

3 to 4 ft., 50c.; 4 to 5 ft., 75c. each.

ROSA

RUGOSA. Japanese or Ramanus Rose.—Of sturdy, stocky habit, with a wealth of large, rich green leaves. It produces great numbers of large, single, rose colored flowers all summer, followed by fruits or "hips." 1½ to 2 ft., 40c.; 2 to 3 ft., 60c. each.

SALIX. Willow

ROSMARIANIFOLIA. Rosemary-leaved Willow.—So dwarf in habit of growth that it is a shrub, though most nurseries class it with trees. It has small slender branches and silvery gray foliage that resemble those of the Rosemary in form. Distinct and interesting. 3 to 4 ft., 40c.; 4 to 5 ft., 50c. each.

SPIRAEA

ANTHONY WATERER.—The finest of the Dwarf Spiraeas. It excels all others in brilliancy of color—a purple crimson—and is the most profuse and persistent bloomer of them all. 1½ to 2 ft., 40c.; 2 to 3 ft., 60c. each.

BILLARDI.—Of erect habit, but rather dwarf. From early June until late October, it produces a profusion of dense panicles of rosy-pink flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.

OPULIFOLIA. Snowball-leaved Spiraea or Ninebark.—Of strong growth, with attractive leaves. Especially valuable for shaded locations. 3 to 4 ft., 40c.; 4 to 5 ft., 60c. each.

OPULIFOLIA AUREA. Golden-leaved Spiraea.—A variety of the last named, with yellow leaves that turn to yellowish green in late summer. Has white flowers in June. 3 to 4 ft., 40c.; 4 to 5 ft., 60c. each.

PRUNIFOLIA FL. PL. Bridal Wreath.—In May and early June, the branches of this old favorite are laden with masses of dainty, very double, pure white flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 40c.; 3 to 4 ft., 60c. each.

THUNBERGII.—Of somewhat dwarf habit with slender, drooping branches that are literally covered with small white flowers in May. Has abundant fine, delicate foliage of soft pale green, which turns to bright shades of red in autumn. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c. each.

VAN HOUTTEI.—In late May and early June its pure white flowers are produced in such masses as to entirely cover the broad spreading bush. Frequently planted in hedges. 2 to 3 ft., 35c.; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.



The graceful beauty of Spiraea "Van Houttei" makes it the chief attraction anywhere during blooming time

STEPHANANDRA

FLEXUOSA.—A graceful shrub with slender branches, and of rather low habit. Has clean, fresh looking, deeply toothed leaves. Especially useful for foreground in grouping. 2 to 3 ft., 40c. each; 3 to 4 ft., 60c. each.

SYMPHORICARPUS

RACEMOSUS. Snowberry.—An old favorite. In July and August it has small pink flowers, which are followed by great numbers of large, pure white, waxlike berries in clusters that remain until freezing weather. Conspicuous and interesting. 2 to 3 ft., 35c.; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. each.

VULGARIS. Indian Currant, Coral Berry.—Of low-growing and graceful habit, with numerous small pink flowers in August and September, followed by dull red berries, which literally cover the branches and remain nearly all winter. 2 to 3 ft., 30c. each.

SYRINGA. Lilac

VULGARIS. Purple Lilac.—The variety of our grandmothers' gardens. Of strong growing upright habit, and produces many large clusters of richly fragrant, light purple or true lilac flowers in early spring. 2 to 3 ft., 40c.; 3 to 4 ft., 60c. each.

VULGARIS ALBA. White Lilac.—A variety of the above, having large panicles of fragrant white flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 50c. each.

HYBRID LILACS

These named varieties of Lilacs are marvels of beauty and elegance—so far superior to the older varieties that but a faint idea of their worth can be given in print. They must be seen to be appreciated.

The following ten varieties are considered to be the very best of their respective colors:

CONGO.—Single, deep red-purple.

L'ONCLE TOM.—Large spikes of single flowers, very dark purple.

MME. CASSIMER PERIER.—Large white.

MME. LEMOINE.—Very fine, pure, white.

MICHAEL BUCHNER.—Double, light blue.

PHILEMON.—The darkest shade in lilacs.

PRESIDENT VIGER.—Lilac-blue, tinted mauve.

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA.—White, single. Large panicles, fine.

SOUVENIR DE LUDWIG SPAETH.—Panicles long; single individual flowers large, dark purplish red.

TOUSSAINT L'OUVERTURE.—Long, cylindrical trusses. Darkest maroon purple.

Strong plants, 2 to 3 ft. high, \$1.00 each. One each of the above ten sorts for \$9.00.

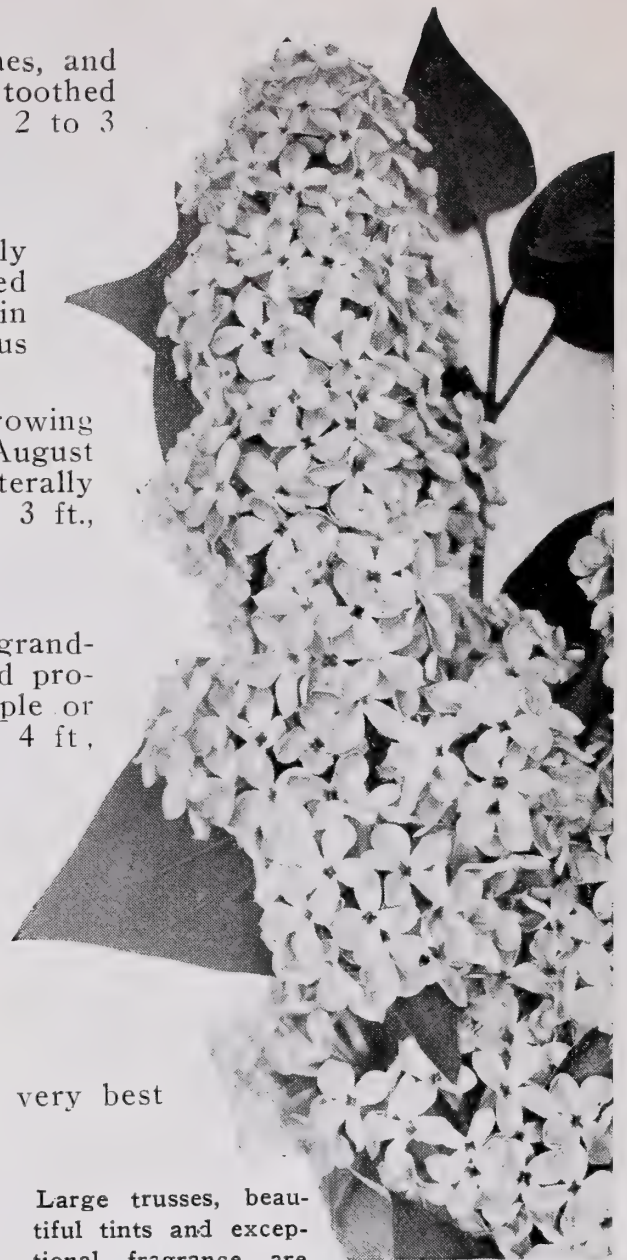
VIBURNUM. Snowball

OPULUS STERILIS. Common Snowball or Guelder Rose.—An old variety that retains its popularity. Of strong growth and spreading habit. In late May and early June, it bears large round clusters of pure white flowers hung on long swaying stems. 2 to 3 ft., 60c.; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each.

PLICATUM. Japanese Snowball.—A choice hardy shrub of compact upright habit. It produces large, elegantly formed, dense clusters of pure white flowers in great profusion, during the last of May and early in June. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each.

WEIGELIA (Diervilla)

CANDIDA. White Weigelia.—Of strong growth and spreading habit. During the late



Large trusses, beautiful tints and exceptional fragrance are characteristics of the new Hybrid Lilacs, shown here.

One of the best single flowered.

spring and nearly all summer, it produces handsome pure white flowers freely.

EVA RATHKE.—The flowers of this variety are deep garnet-red and are produced in abundance throughout the summer and autumn. 1½ to 2 ft., 40c. each.

ROSEA AMABILIS. Pink Weigelia.—Of the same habit as *W. Candida* and produces great masses of deep pink flowers in June.

ROSEA NANA VARIEGATA. Variegated-leaved Weigelia.—Not so strong in growth as the others. The leaves are deeply margined with clear creamy white, distinctly defined. In June it produces light pink flowers in lavish profusion.

Except as noted, 2 to 3 ft., 50c.; 3 to 4 ft., 75c. each.

YUCCA

FILAMENTOSA. Adam's Needle or Spanish Bayonet.—Unique, picturesque and very useful for grouping upon the lawn, in the perennial border, and for planting with shrubbery. Has long, sword-like evergreen leaves with hairy filaments, and during July it throws up stout flower stalks four to five feet high, with great panicles of large, drooping, lily-like creamy white flowers. It is entirely hardy and succeeds everywhere, even upon light, sandy soil. 35c. each.



AZALEA HINODEGIRI—as brilliant a picture in plants as was ever seen on earth. Perfectly hardy and, with its glossy evergreen foliage, beautiful the year around

HARDY EVERGREEN SHRUBS

AZALEA

J. T. LOVETT.—Produced by Dr. W. Van Fleet, of whom we purchased it in 1910. It has been fully tested and is, by far, the finest and most beautiful hardy Azalea we have ever seen. The flowers are produced in such great profusion as to completely envelop the plant, and resemble in size and make-up those of a fine *Azalea Indica*. They are rich, brilliant, carmine-lake in color. The plant is hardy without protection. The evergreen foliage is rich, deep green, with metallic shadings, and the leaves are much larger than those of *Azalea amoena*. Flowers during late June and July. **Owing to an unusual demand we are able, this year, to offer only small plants, 9 to 12 in., \$2.00 each.**

AMOENA.—A dense, dwarf-growing evergreen shrub with slender branches and semi-double flowers of bright, cheerful rosy-purple, during June. Bushy plants, 9 to 12 in., \$1.35; 12 to 15 in., \$1.75; 15 to 18 in., \$2.50 each.

HINODEGIRI.—A valuable variety from Japan. It is of broad spreading habit, with beautiful evergreen foliage and many fiery-red single flowers. Bushy plants, 6 to 9 in., \$1.25; 9 to 12 in., \$2.00; 12 to 15 in., \$3.00 each.

ANDROMEDA

FLORIBUNDA.—Early in April it bears a profusion of delicate white flowers. Splendid for foundation plantings, rock gardens, etc. Heavy specimens, 12 to 15 in. high, well budded, \$2.50 each; \$25.00 per dozen.

BUXUS

SEMPERVIRENS.—The ever popular Boxwood. Of medium height, frequently grown in globe or pyramidal shape. Slow-growing but most enduring. 12 to 18 in., \$1.50; 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each.

BUXUS SUFFRUTICOSA.—See Hedge Plants.

DAPHNE

CNEORUM.—A prostrate Evergreen plant with small, pink, delightfully fragrant flowers in May, and occasionally later. Specimen plants, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

LEUCOTHOE

CATESBAEI.—Long, dark green leaves that turn to an attractive bronze in winter. Beautiful, gracefully arched branches with pendant, bell-shaped flowers in spring; an ideal plant for massing in shady places or in the foreground of Rhododendron plantings. Choice specimens, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.

PACHYSANDRA

Terminalis. 6 to 9 inches.—A trailing species, especially valuable as a cover plant, under trees and other shady places. Each, 25c.; dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$18.00.

Note: We can supply Rhododendron maximum and Kalmias in carload lots; they are splendid specimens. Prices on request.



HEDGES FOR BEAUTY, UTILITY AND ENDURANCE

PLANTS SUITABLE FOR HEDGES AND WINDBREAKS—
WALLS OF LIVING GREEN!

During late years, old-fashioned fences have gone decidedly out of fashion. The first cost of setting out a "live fence," is, in most cases, not nearly so great as that of erecting a cumbersome barrier of dead wood; and the upkeep is much smaller. "Dead" fences need repairing and painting, while "live" ones don't! All, good reasons for setting out more hedge plants.

LIGUSTRUM—The Privets

OVALIFOLIUM. California Privet.—The popular hedge plant, with glossy deep green leaves. Introduced by us as a hedge plant in the early seventies and now more largely planted for ornamental hedges than any other shrub. Its strong, quick, upright growth adapts it singularly well for being grown as a barrier, or to hide unsightly objects.

	Doz.	100	1,000
12 to 18 inches	\$0.60	\$3.50	\$30.00
18 to 24 inches	.80	5.00	40.00
2 to 3 feet	1.50	8.00	75.00

GLOBE OR BALL PRIVET.—The California Privet, grown to form a dense solid ball of foliage. 12 inches in diameter, \$1.00; 18 inches in diameter, \$1.50; 24 inches in diameter, \$2.00. Large specimens, from \$3.50 to \$5.00 each.

OVALIFOLIUM AUREUM. Golden Privet.—Color of foliage, a lively lemon yellow. 12 inches, 35c.; 18 inches, 50c. each.

HARDY NORTH AMOOR PRIVET

Plant in single row eight inches apart.
Has box-like leaves, and forms a dense and handsome hedge. Succeeds in the shade of overhanging trees much better than does California Privet. Has numerous panicles of white flowers during June; in the autumn the branches are loaded with conspicuous, steel blue berries. Similar to *L. ibota*, but hardier.

	Doz.	100	1,000
9 to 12 inches	\$1.25	\$6.00	\$50.00
12 to 18 inches	1.50	8.00	70.00
18 to 24 inches	2.00	12.00	110.00

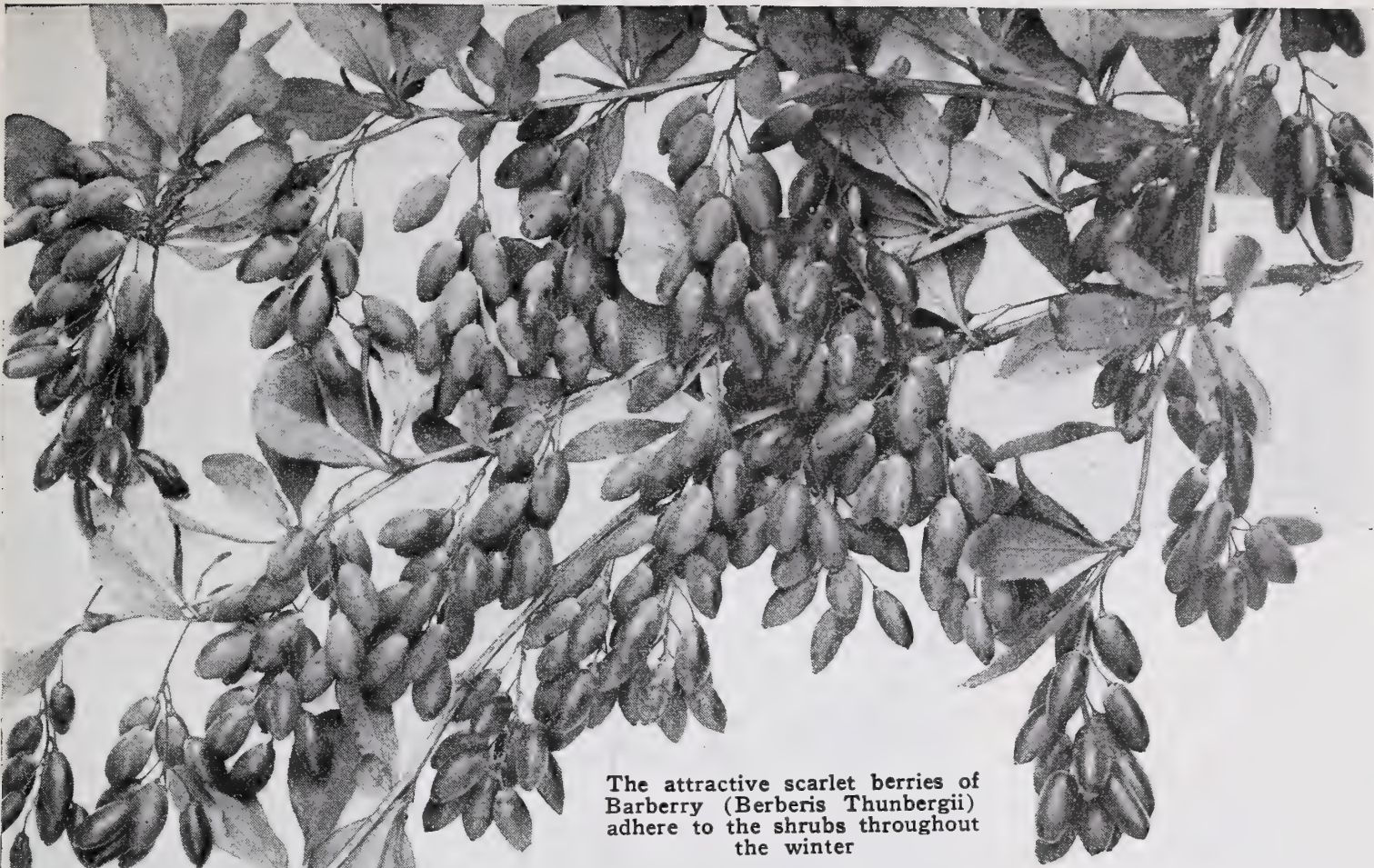
IBOLIUM PRIVET (New).—A cross between California Privet and *Ibota*, having the attractiveness of California Privet and the hardiness of *Ibota*. Very desirable for New England climate. 12 to 18 inches, doz., \$2.00; 100, \$12.00; 1,000, \$100.00.

REGELIANUM.—A low spreading shrub; white flowers; black berries. 12 to 18 inches, dozen, \$2.50; 100, \$17.50; 1,000, \$150.00.

Note.—A leaflet giving instructions for the planting of privet hedges mailed upon request.



CALIFORNIA PRIVET—THE GREATEST HEDGE PLANT FOR MANY SECTIONS



The attractive scarlet berries of
Barberry (*Berberis Thunbergii*)
adhere to the shrubs throughout
the winter

OTHER HEDGE PLANTS BARBERRY

BERBERIS THUNBERGII.—Has become very popular for producing low, dense hedges. Its abundant, small light green leaves, which turn to rich colors in autumn, and its wealth of scarlet berries render it very attractive. It is extremely hardy, and requires but little pruning. Ornamental and graceful the year around. For hedges set plants 12 in. apart.

	Doz.	100	1,000
Transplanted, 9 to 12 in.....	\$1.50	\$10.00	\$90.00
Transplanted, 12 to 18 in.....	2.00	15.00	125.00
Transplanted, 18 to 24 in.....	3.00	20.00	

BOX-BARBERRY.—A very dwarf, compact form of *Berberis Thunbergii*, of ironclad hardihood. Especially valuable for edging beds in formal gardening or for forming a low hedge anywhere. For edging, plant 4 inches apart; for a low hedge, plant 6 to 9 inches apart.

	Doz.	100	1,000
1 year, field grown.....	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$125.00
2 years, field grown.....	3.50	25.00	200.00

DWARF BOXWOOD

(*Buxus Suffruticosa*)

For edging, plant 3 to 4 inches apart. This is of exceedingly slow growth, but grows very compact and is most attractive. Delights in a partially shaded situation.

Planting Boxwood is like putting money into U. S. Government Bonds. Boxwood grows into money. During the past ten years we have paid thousands of dollars for well-developed specimens required by our landscape department. Ten dollars, planted out in form of Boxwood this year, should be worth a hundred dollars ten years hence. 2 yrs., 4 to 6 in., doz., \$2.50; 100, \$17.50; 1,000, \$150.00; 3 yrs., 6 to 8 in., ex. heavy, doz., \$3.00; 100, \$20.00; 1,000, \$180.



OLD BOXWOOD—The glory of the American Estate

HARDY VINES AND CREEPERS

Vines will be sent by mail, if cash is sent for postage as per table. Quotations by the 100 and 1,000 of any variety given upon request. All are strong two or three year plants.

AMPELOPSIS

VEITCHI. Boston, or Japanese, Ivy.—The most popular and best of climbers for covering walls, etc., clinging firmly to brick, stone or other material, and forming a perfect coat of deep, glossy-green foliage, which turns to crimson and gold in autumn. The leaves are ivy-shaped and overlap closely.

VIRGINICA. Virginia Creeper or American Ivy.—Of rapid, vigorous growth, covering quickly trellises, arbors, etc., with a mass of bright green foliage, which turns to a brilliant crimson in autumn.

Strong, two years, ea., 40c.; doz., \$4.00.

BIGNONIA

RADICANS. Trumpet Flower.—A strong growing climber which is exceedingly ornamental at all times. It has abundant fern-like foliage and large trumpet-shaped flowers of vivid orange-scarlet, in clusters during July and August. Each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50.

CELASTRUS

SCANDENS. Bittersweet. — Rapid growing, with orange-yellow fruit. Its rank growth makes it useful on rough banks. Strong, 2 years, each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50.

CLEMATIS

PANICULATA. Japanese Virgin's Bower.—The finest of all hardy vines for airy grace and beauty. It quickly grows to a height of 15 to 20 feet, and spreads out in all directions. In August and September, when most other vines have ceased to bloom, it is completely covered with a sheet of fleecy white composed of numerous pure white, star-like flowers on long stems. Two-year roots, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

CLEMATIS. Large Flowered

HENRYI.—Large ivory-white flowers, freely produced nearly all summer.

JACKMANNI.—Large, rich, velvety violet-plum flowers in solid masses. The most popular variety.

MME. BARON-VILLARD.—Large rosy-lilac flowers. A strong grower. Blooms late.

MME. EDWARD ANDRE.—Rosy-carmine flowers in bewildering profusion.

Any of above, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

SPECIAL OFFER.—One of each of the four large-flowered Clematis for \$3.50.

EUONYMUS

VEGETA. Evergreen Bittersweet. — A strong-growing variety with rather large, oval

evergreen foliage and clusters of orange-red berries, which remain on the vines until late winter or early spring. Two years, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00.



THE LOVELY WISTARIA LASTS FOR GENERATIONS

HEDERA. Ivy

HIBERNICA. English or Irish Ivy.—This well-known and favorite vine is useful for covering walls, growing on the trunks of trees, in rock gardening and for carpeting. Owing to its handsome evergreen, glossy foliage, it is much used for covering graves, particularly in shaded situations where grass will not grow. Strong plants from pots, each, 35c.; dozen, \$3.50.

LONICERA

Honeysuckle

HALLEANA. Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle.—A popular and very valuable vine with abundant glossy green evergreen foliage. From May until November, it produces in profusion pure white fragrant flowers that change to buff. Two years, each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

PUERARIA

Kudzu Vine

THUNBERGIANA.

Japanese Kudzu Vine.—The most rapid-growing plant known to horticulture. It has large leaves and produces a dense shade. When established, it will make a growth of fifty feet in a season. Late in August it produces pretty, rose-purple pea-shaped flowers in small racemes. Each, 30c.; dozen, \$3.00; 100, \$20.00.

VINCA

MINOR. Periwinkle.—Known also as Trailing Myrtle. Of rapid growth and quickly produces a dense carpet of foliage. It retains its glossy, deep green leaves throughout the year, and presents in spring and early summer a blanket of bright blue flowers. Much used for covering graves, and of special value for carpeting under shrubs and in groves of trees where grass will not grow. Each, 20c.; dozen, \$2.00; 100, \$15.00.

WISTARIA. Glycine

SINENSIS. Chinese Wistaria.—Of rapid growth and attains a great height and large proportions, if given support. In May, before the leaves appear, its flowers of soft, dainty lavender blue are produced in pendulous racemes a foot or more long. It flowers with lavish profusion. First class, each, 50c.; dozen, \$5.00. Extra large, each, \$1.00; dozen, \$10.00.

SINENSIS ALBA. Chinese White Wistaria.—Prolongs the blooming season. A superb companion for the former. Strong roots, each, 75c.; dozen, \$7.50. Extra large, each, \$1.50; dozen, \$15.00.



QUITE APART FROM THEIR ORNAMENTAL BEAUTY, EVERGREEN PLANTINGS ADD MATERIALLY TO THE VALUE OF THE HOME GROUNDS. AS ONE OF OUR CUSTOMERS PUTS IT:
"THEY GROW INTO MONEY"

SELECT EVERGREEN TREES

Either as single specimens or in groups, evergreen trees give a warmth in winter and coolness in summer to the home grounds, that can be obtained in no other way. By a judicious selection and arrangement of the varied forms of growth and colors of foliage (light and dark green, yellows and blues), effects can readily be produced that are artistic, striking, and permanent.

Owing to limited space, we offer in this catalog but a few of the hardiest and most useful evergreen trees and, of these, we can give but brief descriptions. The prices quoted are for bushy, well furnished trees in sizes that can readily be shipped by express. All are too large for shipment by parcel post. Quotations for larger sizes, and for varieties other than those named, will be cheerfully given by letter upon receipt of request.

In digging, each tree is "lifted" with a ball of earth, and the roots, with the soil, encased in burlap.

BIOTA AND THUJA. Arbor Vitae

BIOTA AUREA NANA. Berckman's Golden Arbor Vitae.—A perfect gem. Conical form, very dense and compact. During spring and summer it presents the most cheerful bright-yellow green imaginable, changing to old gold in autumn. 6 to 9 in., 90c.; 9 to 12 in., \$1.25; 12 to 15 in., \$1.50 each.

BIOTA "ROLLINSON'S GOLDEN." Var. *Elegantissima*.—Of narrow, pyramidal outline. Foliage effect golden in summer, bronze in winter. Valuable for color contrast in mixed Evergreen plantings. 12 to 18 in., \$1.75; 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each.

BIOTA ROSEDALEANA. Rosedale Arbor Vitae.—Of dense, slightly upright growth, with soft, dainty leafage of grayish or glaucous green, which turns to a reddish purple tint in autumn. Of slow growth. 6 to 9 in., 75c.; 9 to 12 in., \$1.00; 12 to 15 in., \$1.25 each.

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS. American Arbor Vitae.—A popular native evergreen tree that is largely planted. Has abundant leafage and is of upright habit. Much used for screens, hedges and windbreaks. 18 to 24 in., \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.

THUJA O. COMPACTA. Compact Arbor Vitae.—A form very similar to the parent, but much more dwarf and very dense. 9 to 12 in., \$1.00; 12 to 15 in., \$1.50; 15 to 18 in., \$2.00 each.

THUJA O. ELLWANGERIANA. Tom Thumb Arbor Vitae.—Of dense growth and

spreading habit with soft, light green, heath-like foliage. 15 to 18 in., \$1.50; 18 to 24 in., \$2.00 each.

THUJA O. GLOBOSA. Globe Arbor Vitae.—A decidedly dwarf form which grows naturally in perfect globe shape. 9 to 12 in., \$1.00; 12 to 15 in., \$1.50 each.

THUJA O. LUTEA. Geo. Peabody Arbor Vitae.—Of pyramidal habit; foliage bright yellow throughout the year. The finest of the golden Arbor Vitae. 15 to 18 in., \$1.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.00 each.

THUJA O. PYRAMIDALIS. Pyramidal Arbor Vitae.—Of slender upright habit, with dense dark green leafage. 15 to 18 in., \$1.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00 each.

THUJA O. WARREANA. Siberian Arbor Vitae.—Of broadly conical, compact form, and rather slow growth. Foliage dense and of deepest green. Extremely hardy. 15 to 18 in., \$1.25; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75 each.

THUJA O. WARREANA LUTESCENS.—New; of the same dense habit as the parent variety, but with leaves of lemon yellow with a silvery cast. 15 to 18 in., \$1.25; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.50 each.

PSEUDO-TSUGA

DOUGLASII. Douglas' Fir.—One of the hardiest and most enduring Evergreens, of symmetrical growth and attractive shape. 3 to 4 ft., \$3.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.00 each.

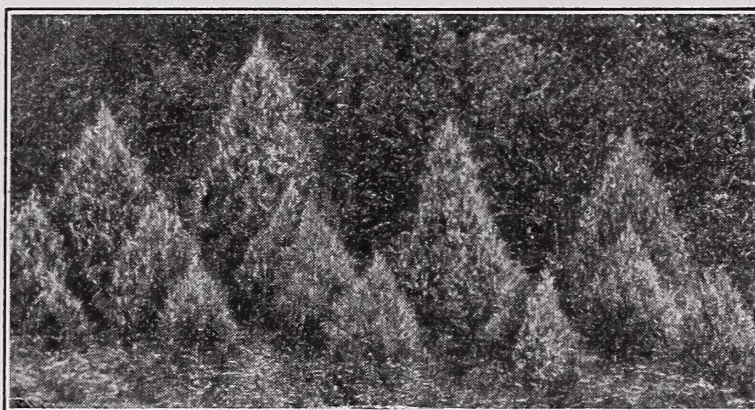
EVERGREENS—Continued

PICEA. Spruce

EXCELSA. Norway Spruce.—The most largely planted of all evergreen trees. Often used for hedge planting, for screens and for windbreaks. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.

PUNGENS. Colorado Spruce.—We offer seedlings which closely approach the Koster's variety in color. 15 to 18 in., \$3.00; 18 to 24 in., \$4.00; 2 to 2½ ft., \$5.00 each.

PUNGENS KOSTERIANA. Koster's Blue Spruce.—An improved form of the popular Colorado Blue Spruce. Supply very limited. 2 to 3 ft., \$10.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$15.00 each. Write for Special Quotations on Large Specimens.



LOVETT'S GOLD DUST CYPRESS—Ideal, with its Golden-yellow Plumage.

JUNIPERUS. Juniper

COMMUNIS AUREA (Douglas Golden Juniper).—Of low spreading, almost prostrate habit, with bright golden-yellow foliage. Very hardy. 12 to 18 in. spread, \$1.50 each.

JAPONICA AUREA. Japanese Golden Juniper.—Of grotesque habit, with rich, deep golden russet leafage. 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each.

PFITZERIANA.—Superb as specimen in the mixed border or rockery. Of ironclad hardiness, thriving readily everywhere. 12 to 18 in., \$1.50; 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each.

PROSTRATA. Prostrate Juniper.—A trailing or creeping variety; extremely hardy. 12 to 18 in., \$1.50; 18 to 24 in., \$2.00 each.

STRICTA. Lovett's Blue Juniper.—The most beautiful and valuable Juniper. Of broadly pyramidal habit, densely clothed with bright, metallic blue foliage. As hardy as an oak. 9 to 12 in., \$1.00; 12 to 15 in., \$1.50 each.

TAMARISCIFOLIA (Tamarisk-Leaved Juniper).—A low growing, densely branched trailing plant. Bright glaucous green. Excellent for use in rockeries. 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each.

VIRGINIANA GLAUCA. American Blue Juniper.—A variety of our well-known Red Cedar, with cheerful glaucous blue foliage. Very hardy and desirable. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$4.00 each.

PINUS. Pine

AUSTRIACA. Austrian Pine.—Of strong, spreading growth and rounded form; regularly arranged branches. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50 each.

MUGHO. Dwarf Pine.—Of dwarf bushy growth, with many branches thickly clothed with dark green leaves or needles. 15 to 18 in., \$2.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$3.00 each.

RESINOSA. Red or Norway Pine.—Not subject to the attacks of fungus diseases, as is the White Pine. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50 each.

SYLVESTRIS. Scotch Pine.—Of robust, sturdy habit and rapid growth, with long bluish needles. Succeeds everywhere. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50 each.

RETINOSPORA

FILIFERA. Weeping Retinospora.—A distinct and beautiful form, with masses of slender cord-like drooping foliage of a light green. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.75; 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50 each.

FILIFERA AUREA.—Of dwarf-spreading habit and with foliage of bright lemon yellow. The leaves are still more threadlike and refined than in the type. 12 to 18 in., \$2.00 each.

OBTUSA CRISPATA.—Compact form with golden-yellow

foliage. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50; 2 to 2½ ft., \$3.00 each.

OBTUSA NANA.—The most beautiful of all dwarf evergreens. Foliage a black-green. 9 to 12 in., \$3.50 each.

PICIFERA.—Of tall spreading habit, with light green foliage. A rapid grower. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each.

PICIFERA AUREA.—One of the brightest and most lasting in color of all the golden-leaved Retinosporas, and perhaps the hardiest. 18 to 24 in., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each.

PLUMOSA.—A beautiful, strong-growing evergreen tree, with abundant, soft, deep green foliage. A rapid grower. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each.

PLUMOSA LUTESCENS.—Of dwarf, compact habit. Soft, light green foliage, tipped bright lemon. 9 to 12 in., \$1.25; 12 to 15 in., \$1.75; 15 to 18 in., \$2.25 each.

PLUMOSA AUREA. Very popular.—Of dense habit, with soft, feathery light-green foliage, distinctly tipped with yellow. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each.

PLUMOSA AUREA LOVETTI. Gold Dust Cypress.—A conifer of ideal form, with bright golden leafage throughout the year. In habit of growth it is exceedingly full, compact and dense; and the foliage has the appearance of being heavily dusted with pure gold. 12 to 15 in., \$2.00; 15 to 18 in., \$2.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$3.00.

SQUARROSA. VEITCHII.—Perhaps the choicest of this class. Tall, with dense soft blue foliage. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$3.00 each.

TAXUS (Yew)

CUSPIDATA BREVIFOLIA.—By far, the best of all the Yews and the only one that is perfectly hardy. Of distinctly spreading habit. 9 to 12 in., \$1.75; 12 to 18 in., \$2.50 each.

TSUGA. Hemlock

CANADENSIS.—Popular and largely planted. Very hardy, very graceful and beautiful. Will thrive in full exposure or partial shade. Frequently used for hedges. 12 to 18 in., \$1.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each.

INFORMATION ABOUT PARCEL POST AND RATES OF POSTAGE

Maximum Weight: 70 lbs., in first, second and third zones; 50 lbs. in all other zones.

Size of Package cannot exceed a combined length and largest circumference of seven feet (84 inches).

Insurance Against Loss.—3c. pays up to \$5.00; 5c. up to \$25.00; 10c. up to \$50.00, and 25c. up to \$100.00.

Canadian Shipments up to 11 lbs., can go by parcel post. Inquire of your postmaster as to rates and add postage to order.

Please be sure to send enough money to pay postage, in addition to cost of plants ordered, when shipment is to be made by mail. The surplus (if any) will be promptly returned when shipment is made. **Postage on all shipments by mail must be prepaid.** We cannot undertake to open accounts for postage. **Express charges on Canadian shipments must also be prepaid.**

RATES of POSTAGE WITHIN U.S.

	1st pound or fraction.	Each add. pound or fraction.
1st and 2nd zone.....	5c.	1c.
3d zone	6c.	2c.
4th zone	7c.	4c.
5th zone	8c.	6c.
6th zone	9c.	8c.
7th zone	11c.	10c.
8th zone	12c.	12c.

WEIGHT WHEN PACKED

Asparagus, 1 yr., doz., 6 oz.; 100, 3½ lbs.

Asparagus, 2 yrs., doz., 1½ lbs.; 100, 12 lbs.
Blackberries, doz., 1½ lbs.; 100, 8 lbs.
Blackberries, transplanted, doz., 2½ lbs.; 100, 20 lbs.
Chives, doz., 12 ozs.
Currants, 1 yr., doz., 2 lbs.; 100, 15 lbs.
Currants, 2 yrs., doz., 2½ lbs.; 100, 20 lbs.
Dewberries, doz., 1 lb.; 100, 5 lbs.
Dewberries, trans., doz., 2 lbs.; 100, 12 lbs.
Gooseberries, 1 yr., doz., 2¼ lbs.; 100, 18 lbs.
Gooseberries, 2 yrs., doz., 2½ lbs.; 100, 20 lbs.
Grapes, 1 yr., doz., 2 lbs.; 100, 15 lbs.
Grapes, 2 yrs., doz., 3 lbs.; 100, 25 lbs.
Grapes, fruiting age, each, 3 lbs.; doz., 30 lbs.
Hardy Shrubs, doz., 10 lbs.
Hops, doz., 3 lbs.
Horseradish, doz., 14 ozs.; 100, 5 lbs.
Iris, doz., 4 lbs.; 100, 30 lbs.
Loganberries. Same as Raspberries.
Perennials, doz., 3½ lbs.
Peonies, doz., 6 lbs.; 100, 48 lbs.
Privet, small, doz., 2 lbs.; 100, 12 lbs.
Raspberries, doz., 1 lb.; 100, 6 lbs.
Raspberries, trans., doz., 2 lbs.; 100, 12 lbs.
Rhubarb, doz., 1½ lbs.; 100, 10 lbs.
Roses, from field, doz., 4 lbs.
Roses, from 5-in. pots, each 2 lbs.; doz., 20 lbs.
Strawberries, doz., 10 oz.; 100, 3½ lbs.
Strawberries, pot grown, doz., 3 lbs.; 100, 24 lbs.
Strawberry-Raspberry, doz., 12 ozs.
Vines and Creepers, doz., 6 lbs.
Wineberries. Same as Raspberries.

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Come
with us
into gardens
of fruit and
flowers, where
warbling throats
greet each new
spring with its fresh
delights. Let the pages within
introduce you to the individuals
among plant aristocrats who help so
much to make the season's work productive
of the greatest garden joys.

And let us all be grateful that soil, sun and
season are ours, to make this a more fruitful and
beautiful world.

LOVETT'S NURSERY LITTLE SILVER
NEW JERSEY